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# U.K. Labor Party Chooses Leftist Kinnock as Chief

By Peter Osnos

Washington Post Service LONDON — Britain's opposition Labor Party chose Neil Kin-

nock as its new leader Sunday, placing its hopes for political revival on his skills as a crowd-pleasing leftist orator and banking on his spirited vigor to offset the damage from years of internal disputes. Mr. Kinnock was overwhelming-

ly elected on the first ballot by the party's electoral college, representing trade unions, members of Parliament and constituent party groups. The vote capped a leadership campaign that began after the June general election, in which Labor suffered its worst defeat of modern times as the Conservative prime minister, Masgaret Thatcher, won in a landslide.

As deputy leader, the party chose Roy Hattersley, who had also sought the top spot. Labor faithful called Sunday's result their "dream ticket." because Mr. Kinnock represents the left and Mr. Hattersley, 53, comes from the center-right.

Whereas Mr. Kinnock had been far shead from the outset in the contest for leader, Mr. Hattersley only pulled away in the closing from Michael Meacher, the left's candidate for deputy, as the need for party unity came to domi- more so because he has limited exnate other considerations. He was perience at the forefront of British Mr. Kinnock's greatest strength

to 27 percent for Mr. Meacher.

Since its first loss to Mrs. Thatcher in 1979, Labor has been torn repeatedly by disputes over party procedures and policies, creating bitterness among all its fac-tions and leading to the defection of many moderates to the new Social Democratic Party.

"The return of the Conservatives was our fault," Labor's chairman, Sam McCluskie, said at the party conference at the seaside resort of Brighton, voicing what promised to be the main theme of the annual meeting. "We did a disservice to the people of this country by our internal arguments over the past few years. I call on this party . . . to end that sad chapter in our history and to unite around our new leadership and policies."

In his acceptance remarks, Mr. Kinnock also declared that "unity is the price of victory ... here and now and from henceforth."

Ardently pledging his commit-ment to Labor's ideological heritage, he called it "the most rational, reasonable, emancipated creed known to mankind."

But Mr. Kinnock, in replacing Michael Foot, faces a formidable task in rebuilding Labor - all the

bor's spokesman on educational affairs in the last Parliament, Mr. Kinnock, 41, has held minor party posts during 13 years as an MP and las never served in government. No party leader of recent years, the newspaper The Guardian declared last week in anticipating Mr. Kin-nock's victory, "has started out looking less like the next prime

With 209 members in the House of Commons — compared with 398 for the Conservatives - Labor is still the official parliamentary op-position, and Mr. Kinnock will be sitting directly across from Mrs. Thatcher in debates. But the moderate alliance of Liberals and Social Democrats nearly matched Labor's results in the popular vote totals in Inne and is mounting a continuing challenge to the party's position in opinion polls.

More than at any time in the past 60 years, the alliance, despite its own tensions over how close the two parties should be, represents an important third force in British political life. Thus far, its success has been largely at Labor's expense. As the magazine The Economist observed last week, Labor's traditional constituencies abandoned it in droves at the election.

In trying to recover those voters, When the prospect of a general he would step down.

will be his personal dynamism and election emerged last spring, Mr. a record - still to be tested - for Kinnock became a peripatetic telepragmatism on the most controver- vision performer, whose genial sial issues. He has an impeccable smile, quick-witted patter and Labor background. He is the son of pleasing gravel-voiced Welsh aca miner who worked briefly as or- cent soon made him a political faganizer for a teachers' union before vorite. This was especially vivid in arriving at Parliament at the age of comparison with the lackluster and 27, and his wife is also a party weary image of Mr. Foot, 70, who announced after the election that

said the federation's decision to

break with tradition and endorse a

candidate in the presidential pri-

maries would allow organized la-

bor to reassert the political influ-

The vote was taken after almost

three hours of speeches in which

the few union officials who backed

Mr. Glenn warned that the federa-

tion's endorsement could prove to

Greg Schneiders, a spokesman

for Mr. Glenn, said here that "we

know of no evidence in any public

opinion polls that two-thirds of

ank-and-file union members want

to discuss dryone in the primary

But Lane Kirkland, president the AFL-CIO, said the decision to

be bad politics.

ence it has allowed to atrophy.

Neil Kinnock responded with hilarity to a Brighton woman's comment Sunday before the

Labor Party leadership vote. "Oh, you look smaller than you do on the telly," she told him.

tion, where he had spent heavily.

the straw poll a major effort of his campaign, finished third with 11

percent of the vote, falling short of

his goal of upsetting Mr. Cranston.

6 percent. He spent little time and

Mr. Glenn ran fourth, with only

On policies, Mr. Kinnock was identified with the Labor Party left wing's stance in favor of unilateral nuclear disarmament and withdrawal from the European Community. Yet in the bitter factional struggles for the party's deputy

leadership in 1981, he refused to support the left-wing candidate and more recently has distanced himself from the call for leaving the

# Jumblat Seeks Chuf Autonomy; Lebanon Sees **Partition Plot**

BEIRUT - Walid Jumblat, the Druze leader, has announced the formation of an autonomous "civil administration" to run the Chuf mountain area, a move denounced by the Lebanese government Sun-day as a Syrian-backed plot to partition the country.

Farouk Jaber, a political adviser to President Amin Gemayel, said Syria was using Mr. Jumblat to partition Lebanon into cantons, or small territorial divisions.

"I believe there is an attempt to partition Lebanon on a canton basis," he told foreign reporters Sunday. "The action taken by Mr. Jumblat falls in the long-term strategy of the Syrian government to extend its begemony over parts of Lebanon.

He was commenting on a statement 24 hours earlier by Mr. Jumblat announcing the formation of an eight-man "civil administration committee" to run day-to-day affairs in the Chuf mountians "until the return of central government institutions." The state-run Beirut radio said it "pointed to a seces-sionist trend."

Mr. Jaber said the government had taken "specific measures" to counter plots to divide the country and said "the government is holdin a straw poll Saturday at the ing meetings and consultations" Maine Democratic state convenwith various politicians.

Mr. Gemayel had earlier held Senator Alan Cranston of Caliemergency meetings with Christian and Moslem leaders, including one fornia, who also campaigned and spent heavily, finished second with with leading aides at the presiden-29 percent, to Mr. Mondale's 51 tial palace before dawn. percent. Senator Ernest F. Hollings of South Carolina, who had made

Mr. Jumblat, speaking Sunday in the mountain town of Hammana, said the local administration for Chuf was not intended to partition the country but to prevent chaos.

He spoke at a meeting with about 600 soldiers who said they were deserting the Lebanese Army \*Female Candidacies Backed other Lebanese In last month's Six Democratic candidates lighting in the Chilf mountains, tical move to out pressure on the pledged Sinday to consider a wom- which ended with a cease-fire a government to expedite the overdent, United Press week ago, the main combatants International reported from Wash- were the Lebanese Army and Mr. ation. That view was strengthened

ganization for Women annual con-diers he wanted the army to split, vention when he said, "I would be and Mr. Jaber said such an arproud to run with a woman on rangement was impossible. Report- Druze, all women and children, at ers in Hammana quoted Mr. Jumb-Mr. Mondale, Mr. Cranston, Mr. lat as saying that the army should Glenn, Mr. Hollings and George S. remain united, but they said he had McGovern were the others who predicted it would break up if the

Beirut newspapers said Mr. Jumblat was expected to announce another decision, the creation of a Druze Defense Army, on Sunday and put his own radio station or the air Monday.

Mr. Jaber said the Lebanese government feared Mr. Jumblat's actions would pre-empt the national dialogue proposed in the Saudi-mediated cease-fire agreement. "The reconciliation talks were

supposed to start next week, but in The PLO fears an attack by

Syria that could destroy it as a fighting force. Page 2. view of what has happened yesterday and today we are going to wait 24 hours," he said Sunday. Later he

said he was confident the talks would go ahead. President Ronald Reagan's envoy to the Middle East, Robert C. McFarlane, said Sunday in Rome that he was not surprised by Mr.

Jumblat's announcement. He also

emphasized that national reconciliation talks should begin as soon as "It was not an unexpected move, and I think that even other forces could make similar ones before the beginning of the conference for na-

tional reconciliation begins," Mr. McFarlane said after a meeting with Italy's defense minister, Giovanni Spadolini. Mr. Jumblat, in making his andine, 15 miles (about 24 kilometers)

nouncement Saturday in Beitedsoutheast of Beirut, said the civil administration would include a general congress, a central committee and an eight-man "supreme administrative authority.

Former President Camille Chamoun said he believed Mr. Jumblat's action might lead to the fragmentation of Lebanon into cantons to protest being ordered to fight under a federal umbrella. But other analysts said it probably was a tacness to hold talks anywhere with a

> Meanwhile, the Christian Leba nese Front released about 100 Ghosta, 13 miles portheast of Beirut. The Druze, held captive since the outbreak of mountain fighting early last month, left a convent north of Beirut for a reunion with their families.

# AFL-CIO Leaders Vote Overwhelmingly to Endorse Mondale

By Phil Gailey

New York Times Service HOLLYWOOD, Florida - The general board of the AFL-CIO, the largest U.S. labor federation, has voted overwhelmingly to support Walter F. Mondale for the 1984 Democratic presidential nomina-

The vote Saturday, coupled with the endorsement of Mr. Mondale Friday by the directors of the National Education Association, provides his campaign not only with a psychological lift but also with considerable political resources to use. gainst his six poténtial rivals for

Mr. Mondale won 12.9 million, or 90.7 percent, of the 14.2 million ated unions that make up the AFL-CIO. Votes were weighted according to membership of each member union, and officials were permitted to split their votes.

Senator John Glenn of Ohio, considered to be Mr. Mondale's strongest rival for the nomination, made only a token effort to challenge labor's solidarity behind Mr. Mondale. He received 470,367 votes, or 3.3 percent.

The latest New York Times-CBS News Poll showed that union mem-



Senator John Glenn of Ohio, Mr. Mondale, and Senator Alan Cranston of California.

who gathered here, were about ing 5,989 members, voted not to up the endorsement date from De-evenly divided between Mr. Mon- endorse any candidate, as a way of cember.

objecting to the decision of the fed-

A number of unions, represent- eration's executive board to move

Five candidates for the Democratic presidential nomination stand at a state convention in Angusta, Maine. Former Vice President Walter F. Mondale won a straw vote among

According to a federation report, in the 1982 congressional elections the AFL-CIO turned out 150,000 delegates. From left are George McGovern, Senator Ernest F. Hollings of South Carolina. volunteer workers and helped register 3.7 million new voters.

the roots of the movement."

■ Maine Vote Favors Mondale Howell Raines of The New York

Mr. Mondale won convincingly

Times reported from Augusta,

#### endorse a Democrat came "from

money in the state.

ington. And one of them, Senator Jumblat's Progressive Socialist Par- by Mr. Jumblat's declared readi-Gary Hart, a Colorado Democrat, ty, composed mainly of Druze. got a rousing cheer from more than Mr. Jaber said he understood national reconciliation committee 1,000 delegates to the National Or- that Mr. Jumblat had told the sol- that includes Mr. Gemayel. either end of the ticket."

promised to seriously consider in- command continued to use it to cluding a woman on their ticket. deal with internal problems.

# Manila Business Leader Charged With Sedition

By William Chapman Washington Post Service

MANILA - Philippine police have arrested a prominent busi-nessman and charged him with inciting sedition for helping publish a magazine devoted to the memory of Benigno S. Aquino Jr., the slain opposition leader.

It was the first arrest on political charges of a business leader here since President Ferdinand E. Marcos threatened to arrest businessmen who took part in anti-government demonstrations.

Rogelio S. Pantaleon, vice president of a large company and managing director of a prominent business club, was held for five hours.

and released pending trial.

Meanwhile, military authorities claimed to have evidence that the man they say shot Mr. Aquino at the Marila airport on Aug. 21 was a Communist guerrilla command-

INSIDE

A media conference has real-

firmed freedom of the press as a

■ Bonn is eager for even small

improvements in its relations

with East Germany. Page 2.

**E** A Salvadoran rights worker

killed last March was tortured

to death, colleagues say. Page 5.

Argentina imposed foreign

exchange controls to counter its

■ Shehu Shagari was inaugu-

rated for his second term as

president of Nigeria. Page 5.

# Swedish businessmen will

take to the streets to protest a

plan to set up union-controlled

BUSINESS/FINANCE

Page 5.

debt problems.

basic human right.

Police had said previously that

the alleged assassin, Rolando Galman, was a hired professional killer who sometimes worked for organized criminals and "subversive el-

bers, as distinct from the leaders

කාසාය." A statement released Saturday by military investigators said the

information had come from Ro-

Filipino businessmen seem increasingly distillusioned with the Marcos government. Page 2.

sendo Cawigan, who had once been Mr. Aquino's bodyguard. The statement asserted that Mr. Cawigan said the execution was ordered by the chairman of the Communist Party of the Philippines.

Mr. Pantaleón, the arrested businessman, is a vice president of the Ayala Corp. and managing director of the Makati business club. It was in the Makati club that several other businessmen last week denounced the Manila press for giv- center. It identified Mr. Cawigan, Reagan's visit.

eral Makati banks and the Ayala
Foundation, which is affiliated
with Mr. Pantaleón's company, for
It said Mr. Cawigan had first allegedly playing a part in antigovernment demonstrations.

Mr. Pantaleón had helped to publish a commemorative magazine entitled "Tribute to Ninoy," containing accounts of the Aquino

Inciting sedition is a charge that carries a maximum penalty of death. Mr. Pantaleon was charged when he went to a police station to inquire about a student, Rolando A. Solidum, who had been picked up for selling the publication. The student also was charged with incit-

ing sedition. The new claim that Mr. Aquino's alleged assassin was a Communist commander came in an unsigned statement from a government press

ing a pro-government account of Mr. Aquino's former bodyguard, as the Aquino killing.

Mr. Marcos has singled out sevwho had contacts with the Commu-

> told authorities last May of the alleged Communist plot to kill Mr.

■ Marcos Cites Security

President Marcos said Sunday that it would be a setback if President Ronald Reagan canceled his trip to Manila next month, but that security should be the main consideration, The Associated Press reported from New York.

The Philippine leader made the comments in a satellite interview with ABC-TV. He said that while he would view a cancellation as a setback. The primary consideration is the safety of President Reagan." He added that there had been "no alteration of plans" about Mr.



Salvador H. Laurel, an opposition leader, speaking at a rally near Manila. He accused President Ferdinand E. Marcos of having ordered the killing of Benigno S. Aquino Jr.

# Hard Times on Midwestern Farms Yield a Harvest of Violence

By Andrew H. Malcolm

New York Times Service

chief loan officer, walked into a fatal ambush. Mr. Blythe, wounded, attempted to flee but was stalked and slain with a rifle, The shootings Thursday morning set off a five-state manhunt for a dispossessed farmer and his 18-year-old son, and early Saturday the two were formally accused of the killings.

The slavings appear to be by far the most violent outburst yet arising from the deteriorating financial condition and the threatened or actual eviction of many of the nation's farmers. Foreclosures and tight farm finances are extremely emotional issues across the Midwest, whose agricultural sector is still suffering

"Who can know what these hard times do to some people?" asked Duane DeBettignies, a local businessman. "Every man has his breaking point."

Shortly before dawn Saturday, Sheriff Abe Thompson of Lincoln County issued arrest warrants for was just the remnants of a larger farm but all that he them, and declining prices for their farm commodities

James Lee Jenkins, a 46-year-old local dairy farmer, and his 18-year-old son, Steven Todd.

cows. "He's a hard worker," said Mayor LeRoy Burch.

collateral.

pieced together from interviews with friends and neighbors of the victims, businessmen and law-enforcement authorities.

economic role but was increasingly troubled by a chinery. His wife left. growing number of delinquent loans. The other was the farmer who loved to care for animals but was incapable of handling the complex finances of a modem agricultural operation, a man whom the banker classified a bad credit risk.

And they show how the two men's lives apparently came to a fatal clash over 10 acres (four hectares) of overgrown prairie.

The former Jenkins farm is a small patch of pasture. outbuildings and a simple white house trimmed in green, sitting amid some woods turning bright fall colors. Mr. Jenkins has lived on many farms in this area since his childhood, reportedly becoming very

tal and anti-nuclear groups.

of mounting criticisms and demonstrations, some violent, among a wide range of farm, labor, environmen-The farmers are caught between rising costs for

After the foreclosure on Mr. Jenkins's farm, he disappeared for a while. Friends said they thought he But Mr. Jenkins ran into money problems again. did construction work in Texas. Sometimes his son There was not enough pasture for cheap feed; he had went with him, and sometimes he stayed with his to buy all his hay and grain, an increasingly expensive grandparents near here. proposition. His income was not growing, so more bills were paid late, if at all. Soon, the livestock

But three or four week's ago, Mr. Jenkins reappeared, driving a white pickup truck with Texas license plates. His son Steve, who fashioned himself a iunior commando, was with him, still sporting a military-style haircut and, as always, wearing a military

camouflage uniform. Mr. Jenkins seemed happy. He said he had bought a farm south of here and was going to buy some more flooring before leaving. "Oh, they knew each other real well," said Sheriff Thompson on Saturday. "Or cattle. But he had trouble getting credit. "Every time somebody would ask about his credit," said a friend who asked to remain anonymous, "everybody would refer them to the bank and they'd shut the door real

> The Buffalo Ridge State Bank, like most small-town banks, played a prominent local role. As president, Mr. Blythe was respected by many (he helped found the Lions Club), envied by others and feared by some. "Rudy was leaning hard on some farmers to pay up," said one farmer.

"Rudy had tried to be helpful to some of these (Continued on Page 2, Col. 5)

#### 6 in Pakistan Die in Clashes **Over Voting**

ISLAMABAD, Pakistan - At least six persons died in Pakistan's Sind province on Sunday as antigovernment protesters fought to sabotage a second round of local council elections, police and witnesses said.

Many polling stations were the targets of bomb attacks and, in central Sind, I1 policemen and election officials were kidnapped. Opposition sources said most of

the six districts voting Sunday had complied with a strike call by the Movement for the Restoration of Democracy, an alliance of banned political parties seeking a return to democracy in Pakistan. The elections have been dis-

missed as a farce by the group, which called a general strike when the military government of President Mohammed Zia ul-Haq barred opposition parties from contesting the election.

Voting was split into two polling days to allow the authorities to regroup troops and policemen. In Karachi, unknown assailants

shot a man who won a seat in local elections there Thursday, police Witnesses said two soldiers and

three protesters were killed in a clash near Naushahro Feroz. In nearby Moro, police said that troops had killed one man and

wounded two who tried to ambush an army truck. Opposition sources said three people died in the ambush, part of an opposition strategy to hinder traffic and enforce the general strike. The sources said they thought

the ambushed army patrol was searching for hostages abducted from a police van taking election officers to a polling station that civil servants had refused to man. Police said the kidnappers had demanded the release of jailed po-

litical leaders, postponement of elections in Sind and the resignation of General Zia in return for

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 6)

investment funds. Page 13. ■ The Eurobond market continued to be uncertain about interest rates. Page 13. A SPECIAL REPORT ■ The new Sources government has put priority on curing Portugal's alling economy. Page 7.

RUTHTON, Minnesota - It began with a latenight phone call to Rudy Blythe, president of a local bank. Someone wanted to meet him at an empty farmhouse he had been trying to sell for nearly four

Within hours Mr. Blythe and Deems Thulin, his

from the effects of the recession.

The events leading up to Saturday's warrants and the continuing manhunt for the father and son were

The interviews paint a picture of two men. One was the banker who loved his prominent local social and

attached to a farmer's independent way of life. About seven years ago be settled on a small farm three miles (five kilometers) north of here, on a county

And after many months of patience, Mr. Blythe and his Buffalo Ridge State Bank foreclosed. Bitter words were exchanged more than once. And some people say Mr. Jenkins tore out the sink, the tub and some

became malnourished. Liens were slapped on his ma-

"Just loves to milk cows."

rather, they knew each other real bad." With the rise in farm foreclosures, forced farm auctions and voluntary liquidations in recent months, banks and federal loan agencies have been the target

their supplies - fuel, seeds, fertilizer - along with road whose sharp corners followold property lines. It higher interest for the money they borrow to buy

inter-German affairs.

Europe" toge

cannot get away from this."

For many in the West, the Germans on the other

Politicians, writers and academics often speak of the

side of the dividing line are never far from their minds.

West Germans' special responsibility for maintaining human contact with "the other Germans" even though

dle" did not change the geopolitical existence of the "middle," wrote Mr. von Weizsäcker, a historian. "We

Former Chancellor Helmut Schmidt, another recent

visitor to East Berlin, wrote in Die Zeit a week earlier:

\*Our objective must be to make the burden of the

division bearable for the people [of East Germany] and make sure that the feeling of belonging together ... to the German nation will not be lost."

Free Press

Reaffirmed as

Human Right

TALLOIRES, France - Repre-

sentatives from print and electronic

At the end of a three-day "Voices

sions of the previous conference

and put special emphasis on steps

that private organizations are tak-

ing to help news media in nonin-

The meeting, sponsored by the World Press Freedom Committee.

a U.S-based communications mon-

itoring group, considered a propos-

al calling on their governments to

withdraw from the United Nations

Educational, Scientific and Cultur-

al Organization because it repre-

Participants also discussed a

more moderate suggestion that

would have criticized UNESCO as

illegitimate or irrelevant as a forum

for debating and establishing com-

Several representatives from

Third World countries as well as

European groups opposed the sug-

involvement of their news organi-

zations in political issues. Several

speakers also said it was important

The conference took place three

weeks before the opening in Paris of the UN organization's 159-na-

tion general conference, which is to

ratify a program that includes com-

munications and information ac-

ramparts, battling for the cause of

■ Study Finds More Controls

areas of the world in the past year,

according to a study presented to

The study, by the London-based International Press Institute, which

represents more than 2,000 news-

papers and news organizations,

says journalists and broadcasters

face reduced freedom and in-

creased government harassment in

Latin America, Asia, Africa and

Among the nations singled out for criticism were Nicaragua, Ar-

gentina, Turkey, South Africa, Zimbabwe, the Philippines, India

Earlier, Paul Lewis of The New

tivities for the next two years.

ing. He added:

world press freedom."

York Times reported:

the conference Saturday.

Eastern Europe.

and Chans.

munications policies.

sents a threat to press freedom.

dustrialized countries.

normal political relations are impossible.

By Henry Tanner

BERLIN - For the last two months, an unprecedented stream of West German politicians have been pouring into East Berlin looking for signals that Erich Honecker, the East German leader, would provide a tangible, positive response to Bonn's attempts to improve relations between the two Germanys.

Last week, the first three signals came. They were

First, the East Germans agreed to reopen negotiations, broken off 10 years ago, on a program of cultural and scientific exchanges. The new negotiations are expected to last years.

East Germany then announced that West German children under 15 will no longer have to buy a minimum amount of weak East German currency for every day they spend visiting relatives in the East. The minimum requirement for adults — 25 marks (about

\$10) a day — remains in force.

And East German border guards removed some of the self-firing shrapnel guns along potential escape routes on the border between the two countries. The rest of the security system remains in place.

The supposedly friendly new spirit was spoofed in a West German cartoon showing a Communist border guard peacefully watering geraniums on his watch-tower while another guard — sporting a smile and a slingshot and leading a dachshund on a leash inspected flower pots on the electrified fence below.

Irony aside, both the center-right Bonn government and its Social Democratic opposition are eager to take even a small improvement in inter-German relations

Filipino Businessmen

**Increasingly Unhappy** 

With Marcos Regime

By Colin Campbell

New York Times Service

MANILA - During a recent lull

between riots here, several hundred

prominent businessmen gathered

in Manila's financial district to

scold the government-restricted

press for its reporting since the as-

sassination of the opposition leader

All over the capital, business and

professional people, the very rich and the middle class, were com-

plaining about President Ferdi-

nand E. Marcos's rule. They worry

**NEWS ANALYSIS** 

that the political crisis may drive

the country's shaky economy into a

nose dive, and they hope for

changes that would restore their

rights and bring long-term stabil-

The change of mood has been

profound, according to a wide vari-

ety of businessmen and foreign

diplomats. Speaking of Mr. Mar-

cos, a well-connected entrepreneur

said, "Nobody believes him any-

more. That includes his own peo-

ple. This superman is finally fall-

One of the world's richest bank-

ers, Enrique Zobel, dismissed Mr.

Marcos's threats to prosecute busi-

ness executives who take part in

unruly demonstrations. And at a

recent rally in the financial district,

office windows and dropped bot-

tles on security forces below. Satur-

day, police arrested Rogelio S.

Panthaleón, an executive who also

heads the club where the press was

criticized. He was charged with in-

citing sedition in a memorial book-

let to Mr. Aquino that he helped

Meanwhile, the Philippine News Agency reported that 20,000 peo-

ple had staged a pro-Marcos dem-onstration in the president's home province of Ilocos Norte. Manila

has long been a bastion of anti-

Marcos sentiment: little has been

The economy has been markedly

sluggish since martial law was par-

tially lifted in 1981. And since the

Aquino killing, foreign commercial

credits have been delayed and in-

dustrial expansion projects post-poned. The peso has declined 20

percent and may soon be devalued.

So much capital is fleeing (per-haps \$200 million in the last

month) that Mr. Marcos has of-

fered rewards for information on

currency black marketeers. About

\$18-billion foreign debt is in short-

term loans, and sources said that

major American banks may soon

start talking about rescheduling

their portion of it. "Everybody's

operating in super-short-term,"

economic achievements, however.

Some sectors, notably rice and elec-

tronics, have been doing well. Mr. Marcos has been dogged in devel-

oping energy sources to replace

imported oil. And he has stuck by

the technocrats in his cabinet, who,

in a time of recession, have op-

NOUVELLE REVUE

Businessmen have been voicing people homeless.

**WORLDWIDE ENTERTAINMENT** 

posed any increase in spending.

The government can point to

said a Western economist.

percent of the government's

heard from the provinces.

Benigno S. Aquino Jr.

their grievances, although usually

anonymously. There is too much

red tape, they say; a few cronies of

Mr. Marcos control vast portions

of the economy and enjoy ready

access to government money.

Many businessmen believe that

Imelda R. Marcos - whom many

Filipinos consider likely to succeed

her 66-year-old husband --- is unin-

formed on economic matters. Mrs.

Marcos counters that many of

those criticizing the regime grew

rich during the eight years of mar-

Like others in Manila, many businessmen believe the murder of

Mr. Aquino was an inside job in-

volving people connected with the

government. However, little hard

evidence has emerged. The Mar-

coses and cabinet members have

Saturday, the government

quoted a former Aquino body-

guard as saying that communists had recruited the man who killed

his former employer. Mr. Aquino's

widow, Corazón, dismissed the ac-

count, calling the guard "a liar to begin with." Supreme Court Justice Enrique Fernando resigned last

week as chairman of the commis-

sion investigating the murder and was replaced by Arturo Tolentino, a senior Foreign Ministry official.

Mr. Marcos has recently threat-

ened to imprison businessmen for

rioting, for currency violations, for

import and export violations. He

has referred to them as "oligarchs"

and "the arrogant rich." Jaime

Ongpin, a business leader and

brother of the minister of trade

announced that he was "disturbed

by the belligerent attitude of the

president" at a time when Mr. Mar-

ion Henares Jr., a manufacturer

and former chairman of the gov-

ernment's National Economic

Council. "But the newspapers

won't even print constructive sug-

gestions." A senior executive of a

food processing firm said that Mr. Marcos's televised threat to send

executives to jail was "a hollow

threat coming from a man who sees

Years of one-man rule have di-

minished the power of old business

families, and many middle-class

businessmen have become cynical

about politics, where they have vir-

tually no voice. But no one is call-

Most businessmen said they

would prefer to see Mr. Marcos

serve out his term, which ends in

1987. They want concessions, not

further uncertainty. "Whether he

believes it or not, we are trying to

help him." said Cesar Buenaventu-

Floods Kill 59 in Bangladesh

The Associated Press

tionwide flooding caused by tor-rential rains has killed at least 59

persons, and 700,000 need emer-

gency government aid, the state-

run news agency Bangladesh Sang-

bad Sangstha reported Sunday.

Unofficial estimates put the death toll as high as 190, with 2.5 million

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**PRIX NETS** 

SERVICE COMPRIS

Champagne et Revu

DHAKA, Bangladesh - Na-

ra, president of Filipinas Shell.

ing the situation revolutionary.

his new society crumbling."

cos should be "conciliatory."

heatedly denied any part in it.

On a cardinal point, Mr. Honecker's interests cointo officials on both sides: Both are anxious to keep overall East-West conflict that is expected to intensify contacts could be improved. with the stationing of U.S. Pershing-2 missiles on West German soil late this year.

sors in spite of his support for deployment of the new U.S. nuclear weapons.

For some months after the March election, the situation on the border was tense. East German guards sharpened their checks, and when a West German traveler, who was accused of smuggling, died of a heart attack during questioning, Franz Josef Strauss, the any, harassment. minister-president of Bavaria, and much of the West German press called it murder.

But then Mr. Strauss, one of the fiercest anti-Communists on the West German scene, visited East Berlin. Shortly afterward, be announced that he had personally arranged a loan of 1 billion marks to East Germany - given by West German banks and guaranteed by the Bonn government.

Mr. Kohl visited Moscow, where he spoke of the "German fatherland," meaning both Germanys.

Sensing that a door had been opened, scores of West German politicians and officials have since gone to East Berlin. The visits received lavish coverage by the West German newspapers and television stations. Many of the visitors were received personally by Mr.

From their accounts, the East German leader has mans are said to argue that this would sharply increase cide with those of Chancellor Helmut Kohl, according been taking the line that basic political differences that are irreconcilable should be put on the back the Soviet presence in East Germany and reduce Mr. relations between the two Germanys separate from the burner while practical economic questions and human Honecker's already limited margin of maneuver in

Mr. Honecker was reported to have promised to abolish the minimum exchange requirement for adults For Mr. Kohl, moreover, it was important to prove as well as children — a promise he has not yet kept. The requirement had been introduced suddenly in affairs as well as or better than its center-left predeces-Westerners. It was effective, cutting the number by

> A West German official said last week that motorists traveling to and from West Berlin from West Germany, across East Germany, are finding the atmosphere at the border crossings improved, with little, if

As expected, Mr. Honecker has been tireless in pleading with his visitors against the deployment of the Pershing missiles.

He has been arguing according to a leading West German politician, that Yuri V. Andropov, the Soviet leader, is anxious to reduce military spending and increase capital investment to make the Soviet economy more efficient and modern.

Hence, in Mr. Honecker's view, it would be in the enlightened self-interest of the West to make this possible rather than to force Mr. Andropov into a ruinous arms race that could only lead to even greater supremacy of the military in the Soviet system.

East Germany, said one of the visitors from the West, takes seriously the Soviet threat to station nuclear missiles in East Germany if the Pershings are deployed in West Germany.

#### WORLD BRIEFS

Talks on Unity Collapse in Zimbabwe Apart from the military implications, the East Ger-

HARARE, Zimbabwe (Reuters) — Unity talks between Zimbabwe's ruling party and the opposition leader Joshua Nkomo have collapsed, a senior government minister was reported as saying Sunday. Speaking with sympathy of the East Germans, as distinct from their government, a West German diplo-

The national news agency Ziana quoted Maurice Nyagumbo, Zimba-bwe's minister of mines, as saying that Prime Minister Robert Mugabe's party, the Zimbabwe African National Union, had called off the talks mat said they were tranmatized by the knowledge that, after the Zimbahwe African People's Union made unacceptable dealthough their living standard is 40 percent higher than that of the Russians, the productivity of their own industry is 30 percent below that of the West mands, including the appointment of Mr. Nkomo as deputy prime

"The delegation had also insisted that we give them more posts in the cabinet, release ZAPU detainees, review the Zimbabwe National Army, and that Zimbabwean refugees in Botswana should return home without being molested," Mr. Nyagumbo said. He said the government would not

#### Shamir to Seek Vote of Confidence

JERUSALEM (AP) - Yitzhak Shamir, the designated successor of Richard von Weizsäcker, the Christian Democratic Prime Minister Menachem Begin of Israel, plans to seek a vote of confidence for a new government in Israel's parliament this week, despite mayor of West Berlin, wrote Friday in the weekly newspaper Die Zeit that West Germany, although unalterably a part of the West, made up "the middle of threatened revolt in his coalition that could cost him a majority. Mr. Shamir "will present the government to the Knesset this week," ether with East Germany. The fact that there was "a Western middle" and "an Eastern mid-

said Deputy Prime Minister David Levy after a meeting of the six religious and rightist parties in the coalition. The vote will take place either Wednesday or Thursday, Mr. Levy said. Six coalition mavericks say they may abstain in protest over Mr. Shamin's failure to reach agreement with the opposition Labor Party to

form a broad bipartisan government, leaving Mr. Shamir with a minority government of 58 in the 120-member parliament.

#### Soviet Union Withdraws Chess Protest

MOSCOW (AP) — The Soviet Chess Federation said Sunday it MOSCOW (AP) — The Soviet Chess receivation sand Samuy it regretted the dispute over where to hold two world championship semifinal matches and withdrew its protests as a gesture of good will on the eve of the International Chess Federation's congress in Manila.

The Soviet statement indicated that the Russians had dropped their:

main argument: that the international group's president, Florencio Campomanes, did not have the right to set sites for the matches between Garri Kasparov of Russia and a Soviet defector, Viktor Korchnoi, and another

Soviet player, Vasily Smyslov, and Zoltan Ribli, a Hangarian.

Mr. Campomanes declared Mr. Kasparov and Mr. Smyslov in forfeit after they failed to show up for their matches, and said Mr. Ribli and Mr. Korcimoi should compete for the right to challenge the Soviet Union's Anatoly Karpov for his world chess crown.

#### Israeli Ex-Minister Begins Penal Term

TEL AVIV (UPI) - Aharon Abuhatzeira, a key member of the governing Likud coalition, reported for clerical work at a police station Sunday to begin a 90-day penal sentence for stealing government funds

Mr. Abuhatzeira, the leader of the Tami party, which is made up argely of Sephardic Jews, is a former social welfare minister. He still holds his seat in the Knesset and is one of three Tami deputies. The party is part of the thin majority that Likud holds in the parliament.

Under an arrangement available to first-time offenders whose sentence does not exceed 90 days, Mr. Abuhatzeira will work six days a week at the Beit Dagan police station near Tel Aviv. He had been sentenced to prison for 90 days for larceny, frand and breach of public trust for taking the equivalent of \$1,400 in government funds while he was mayor of Ramle

#### 6 Are Reportedly Executed in Tibet

BEIJING (UPI) — Six people charged with criminal offenses were executed in Tibet Friday after being put on public display, a diplomatic source in the Tibetan capital of Lhasa said Sunday. The six, four Tibetans and two Han Chinese, had been convicted of murder, robbery and rape,

But in India, a spokesman for the Dalai Lama, Tibet's exiled spiritual and political leader, charged that the prisoners were political dissidents who had been executed in a "ghastly act of inhumanity." The spokesman said more killings were expected on Oct. 15, and called on the Chinese leadership to send a delegation to Tibet "to study the situation

The source in Lhasa said the six were among 26 prisoners driven through the streets in an open truck Friday as an apparent warning to others. He said the 26 were arrested in August as part of a national crime

#### France Suspects 2 Groups in Bombing

MARSEILLES (Reuters) - Detectives believe a bomb that killed one man and injured 26 persons at a Marseilles trade fair Friday was planted either by rightist French extremists or Lebanese guerrillas, police sources said Sunday.

Four groups have claimed responsibility for the bomb, which heavily damaged the Algerian, U.S., Soviet and Swiss stands at the 25-nation fair. The sources said police were treating seriously a claim by France's extremist anti-immigrant Charles Martel group, which has claimed a series of attacks on mainly Algerian targets in the last 10 years. Detectives were also pursuing a claim by the Lebanese Armed Revolutionary Faction that the attack was carried out "against American imperialism and French intervention in Lebanon."

#### For the Record

President Chaim Herzog of Israel is planning to meet with President Ronald Reagan and U.S. Jewish leaders during a visit to the United States in mid-November, Mr. Herzog's office said Sanday. (AP)

The Egyptian Parliament approved Sunday an extension of a state of emergency that was imposed after the assassination of President Anwar Sadat by Moslem extremists on Oct. 6, 1981. (AP)

The Chicago Teachers Union called Sunday for a strike after lastminute negotiations failed to break an impasse over salary increases, halting Monday's classes for 420,000 students in the nation's third-largest school district (AP)

### Remnants of PLO Army

By William Claiborne

TRIPOLI, Lebanon - The remint of Yasser Arafat's Palestine Liberation Organization fighting force, a shadow of the proud army it was in the heady days when it reigned supreme in Beirut, is bracing itself in a hilly redoubt outside this northern Lebanese port city for what its leaders fear will be an attempt by the Syrian Army to give

it a final push to extinction. In a bitter irony, PLO leaders openly liken their situation to first century Jewish zealots besieged at Masada by Roman legions, but they say that unlike the Masada Jews, who committed mass suicide to avoid capture, they will fight to the death if necessary.

While the prospect of a Syrian move against the Palestinian guerrillas is only speculative, the PLO leadership insists that the United States and Syria are conspiring to dismantle what is left of the Palestinian fighting force, thereby keep-ing Israel in check and paving the way for a reduced Syrian military nce in most of Lebanon apart

from the Bekaa valley. Mr. Arafat, the PLO chairman who little more than a year ago ran diplomacy from a position of pow-

er, is now issuing appeals through the press to Syria's president, Ha-lez al-Assad, not to precipitate a confrontation.

To a visitor who last talked with the PLO leadership when it effec-tively ran Beirut, there was an almost pathetic quality to the atmosphere in the Palestinians' Alamo-like enclave far from the homeland they sought to liberate.

The mood in the leadership

ranges from seemingly forced bra-

vado to outright resignation to an unhappy end. There is no place to go except

Palestine or the cemetery," said Ahmed Abdel Rahman, chief spokesman of the PLO. In contrast to the time when its leadership structure was spread out in an impressive array in West Beirut and its formidable military ap-paratus deployed in heavily armed bases throughout Lebanon, the PLO now has drawn the wagons around itself in a decaying 1948

refugee camp in Badawi, just out-side Tripoli, Lebanon's second largest city. Mr. Arafat and other PLO officials refused to talk about their numbers, but it is estimated that

the PLO has several thousand guerrillas scattered around the Badawi camp. Other PLO forces are scat-tered in Tunisia, South Yemen and other Arab countries, but there is no clear estimate of how many.

Beset by mutiny within his own ranks and abandoned by much of the Arab world, Mr. Arafat has turned his wrath away from Israel to a degree and has directed it at the United States as if flailing in instration.

"The American aim and the American target is to liquidate and disband the PLO infrastructure and its leadership," Mr. Arafat

Mr. Rahman was even more resigned to the prospect of a concert-ed effort to finish off what is left of the military structure of the PLO.

When asked whether the PLO had any friends left, he bitterly alfuded to the lineup of Arab nations, saying, "Look at a map of the Middle East. There are 23 zeros there. I'm saying that, and I'm the official spokesman of the PLO."



Marchers file past the U.S. Embassy in Moscow with a sign opposing new U.S. missiles.

#### Tens of Thousands Gather for Moscow Anti-War Rally

New York Times Service

MOSCOW - Muscovites by the tens of thousands converged in well-drilled columns Saturday on six rally sites for what was officially termed an anti-war demonstration.

Demonstrations are generally not permitted unless sanctioned by the authorities. The marchers carried signs and slogans spelled out by combining big letter cards, which hailed the initiatives of the Soviet government and condemned the foreign policy of the Reagan administration.

The rallies were officially described as having been initiated by "Moscow workers and Soviet public organizations." Tass put the number of participants at 500,000 and television put it at 800,000, but Western reporters thought the numbers smaller than either Soviet estimate.

The timing of the demonstrations, two days sore

after President Yuri V. Andropov had issued a strong indictment of President Ronald Reagan's policies, seemed to indicate the start a Soviet publicity campaign aimed at preventing the de-ployment of U.S. medium-range missiles in West-

ern Europe starting in December.

Television showed the marches through the day and reported similar rallies across the country. In one televised program, rock groups offered such songs as "Stop, Mr. Reagan, Stop, Stop, Stop" and folk singers sang "We Shall Overcome" against backdrops of nuclear explosions and U.S. fighter planes taking off from aircraft carriers.

Some diplomats had taken the precaution of removing their cars parked on the street, but the anti-American mood of the demonstrators passing the embassy on broad Tchaikovsky Street, was limited to slogans like "Shame, American aggres-

### CIA Is Said to Use Salvadoran Base to fight for press freedoms within the UNESCO platform. "What we need is a real dialogue with our government," said Hilarion Henares Jr., a manufacturer To Resupply Anti-Sandinist Rebels

By Lydia Chavez

New York Times Service MIAMI — The Central Intelligence Agency is using a Salvadoran Air Force base and some Salvadoran pilots to resupply U.S.-backed rebels in Nicaragua, according to U.S. officials in Central America.

The missions have been flown out of the Ropango air base, on the outskirts of San Salvador, since early spring, according to the offi-

To their knowledge, the officials said, the flights from El Salvador bring medicine, ammunition and communications equipment to the contras, as the rebels fighting the Nicaraguan government from bases in Honduras are called. No weapons are delivered, the officials added, and the planes

drop the supplies from the air, rather than land in Nicaragua.
It was the first confirmation that

the United States had widened its support for the guerrillas. In the past, it was known that the Nicaraguan rebels were receiving training and weapons in Honduras from the

There are an estimated 8,000 Nicaraguan guerrillas, some known as the Nicaraguan Democratic Front, operating from base camps in Honduras, and others known as the Democratic Revolutionary Alliance, operating from Costa Rica.

Those operating from Costa Rica, under the leadership of Edén Pastora Gómez, a former Sandinist revolutionary and government official, are not known to have received CIA assistance.

Many of the rebel leaders are members of the former Nicaraguan National Guard, which defended the government of Anastasio Somoza before it was overthrown by the Sandinist National Liberation Front in 1979.

The Reagan administration has said that its objective in supporting the rebels is to put pressure on the Sandinist government to hold early elections, and to halt the shipments of supplies to guerrillas operating against the government of El Salvador. The contras, however, have said their objective is to overtinow the Nicaraguan government.

U.S. military officials in El Salvador have said the guerrillas fighting the Salvadoran government are many residents have not slept well since then, wondering if the killer receiving ammunition, medicine unications supplies from or killers had other targets in mind.

the rebels in Nicaragua, the officials said.

It is unclear to what extent the Salvadoran government is aware of the missions being flown from El Salvador to resupply the anti-Sandinist group.

The provisional president of El Salvador, Alvaro Magaña, said Sat-urday that he had "not even heard rumors " about such an operation. The defense minister, General Eugenio Vides Casanova, could not be reached for comment. One of the U.S. officials said that the air

force had probably agreed to run such an operation because "they must figure that if the government of Nicaragua were to change their

#### U.S. Harvest Of Violence

(Continued from Page 1) farmers," said Gary Lindahl, the

cafe owner who served him coffee every day. "But maybe he let peo-ple borrow when they shouldn't have, you know? And now he was getting a little worried." On Thursday morning, Mr. Blythe drove out to the old Jenkins

place in response to the late-night phone call. Not long afterward, Sheriff Thompson received an urgent call from a passer-by who reported a man writhing in a ditch in front of the farm.
When the ambulance and police

arrived, they found Mr. Blythe in the ditch, dead. He had been shot in the backyard and then pursued down the driveway and shot again. Thirty-caliber carbine shell casings were found in the grass. Mr. Thu lin, the loan officer, was found shot to death in the backyard.

The passer-by, a part-time policeman named Paul Bartz, also reported seeing a white pickup truck race down the driveway and head south. The description was radioed to surrounding counties, and the manhant was on. Here in Ruthton, a friend of Mr. Jenkins's, Bernard Knuth, said

Nicaragita. Those supplies are essentially the same type that are now being sent from El Salvador to aid

A spokesman for the U.S. Em-

cials in Central America said, the supplies that are sent to the anti-Sandinists come from the United States but are reloaded onto C-130 cargo planes in Panama. This type of plane often comes into the Ilopango base to deliver supplies for the Salvadoran Army or to drop off advisers coming from Panama.

"If it is special cargo," the offi-cial said, "there is only one agency here that handles special cargo. If it comes in, it is moved out very quickly.

The CIA is "throwing a lot of money around" El Salvador, according to one of the U.S. officials. He said that there are about three CIA agents "hanging around" the air force base at Hopango and that as many as seven agents are inas many as seven agents are involved in the supply missions to 6 Pakistanis

It is unclear why the CIA has chosen to use the base at Ilopango and not the airport in Honduras, the officials said. One said it was possibly because the Honduran airport was too busy with other operaions, including the current U.S. military maneuvers in Honduras.

The supply missions to Nicara-gua from El Salvador are flown on When the operation began, only

U.S. civilian pilots were used. In the last several months, some Salvadoran pilots have also been used to fly the missions, according to one official.

bassy in San Salvador said official-

Harold W. Andersen, chairman of the World Press Freedom Comly that he could not confirm or mittee said he was satisfied with deny the existence of the supply the outcome of the weekend meet-Generally, one of the U.S. offi-"Among other things, we reminded the world we're still on the

The supplies coming in to Ilopango for the army are marked with a three-letter code, one of the officials said. The supplies for the rebels in Nicaragua are also marked with a three-letter code but have a blue sticker.

Nicaragua.

C-47s owned by the Salvadoran Air Force and purchased with U.S.mi-litary aid, according to one U.S. official. In addition, they are using one twin-engine private plane that has been converted so that it has an open bay door, he said.

The officials denied reports that Mr. Pastora's group had used the Ilopango base to launch air attacks

against the airport in Managua ear-

# Die in Clashes

(Continued from Page 1) their hostages — nine election offi-cers, a policeman and a paramilitary ranger.

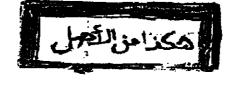
Opposition sources said nine bombs went off in Larkana. The explosives were all detonated near polling places and one damaged an army truck, the sources said.
Three more blasts rocked Khair-

pur, on the other side of the Indus River, they added, and bombs exploded in Jacobabad and near Government and opposition sources said many polling places were deserted or blocked by pro-

testers and ballot boxes were stolen or burned in several towns. In Bahan Sacedabad, a town of 20,000 people, only 20 votes were cast, mostly by plainclothes police-

men, opposition sources said. In another move to discourage voting, a crowd set fire to a school

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Selection say they may abstain in proparacle representation in the opposition land
attack government, including Mr. Sanital
in the 120-member parliament.

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Minister Begins Penal suppression reported for cleaned work as he 90-day penal series for stealing process

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### **AMERICAN TOPICS**

#### Carolina Titans

The expected electoral battle in North Carolina between Senator Jesse Helms, a Republican, and Governor James B. Hunt Jr., a Democrat, for Mr. Helms's Senate seat is apt to be one of the costliest and ideologically bruising in Senate cam-

paign history. Backers of Mr. Heims, 61, who is a leading spokesman for conservative causes, raised and spent \$1.7 million in the first half of 1983. Mr. Hunt's supporters raised \$1.3 million and spent \$724,000 in the same period, and both sides talk of raising millions more dollars for what is being described as "a battle of the titans."

Mr. Hunt, 46, who is in his second term as governor, is considered the state's most popular



Jesse Helms

Democrat. He is described as an ideological moderate or progressive, and so far has focused on state rather than national

Charges of name-calling and demagognery already are flying from both sides, although neither man has announced his candidacy. A recent public opinion poll showed Mr. Helms trailing by 19 percentage points, a gap he is trying to bridge by spending \$27,000 to \$50,000 a week on advertising.

#### Phone Fees

Residential telephone users would be exempted from a new long-distance "access fee" scheduled to start Jan. I under legislation approved by a House subcommittee. But business customers will be subject to the charges established by the Federal Communications Commission. The House Energy and Commerce Committee's subcommittee on telecommun cations also voted to establish a Universal Service Fund aimed at assuring that the poor and rural dwellers not lose their

#### Americana

The U.S. Forest Service is spending thousands of dollars a year to protect a rare plant, the Robbins cinquefoil, that has been found only on Mount Washington, New Hampshire.

When the tiny plant sends up its white blossoms in June, a Forest Service guard patrols the mountainside nearby to warn hikers away. A low rock wall surrounds the one-acre (4,000square-meter) patch in which the cinquefoil grows, and any hiker who ventures too close faces a fine of up to \$500. Pressure sensitive plates built into a trail help guards to monitor the movements of the more than 7.000 hikers a year who visit the

rusged 6,288-foot (1,920-meter) The cinquefoil can bandle the hitter cold winters on Mount Washington, but it cannot sur-vive human intrusions. Even trained botanists are apt to overlook the plant, and even

By Thomas O'Toole

Washington Past Service

rocket exploded on a remote launching pad in Asia last week as it prepared to lift off with three

cosmonants aboard, according to

The sources said the three es-

caped death when their spacecraft was ejected from the top of the

booster rocket as it blew up under-

neath them. The spacecraft returned to Earth by parachute. The cosmonauts were to have

replaced a crew that is in its fourth month of orbit in the Salyut-7 space station, the sources said.

They said the A-2 booster rocket

suffered a "catastrophic failure"

Tuesday when 270 short tons (245

metric tons) of herosene and liquid

oxygen ignited and exploded al-

The sources believed that the ac-

cident at Tyuratam, in Soviet Asia,

marked the first time that a booster

They explained that the Russians

must not only mount a lengthy in-

quiry to find out what caused the

accident, but must also rebuild the

launching pad and the support

spacecraft atop the rocket.

gence sources said.

most instantly.

U.S. intelligence sources.

WASHINGTON - A Soviet

nearby footsteps can dislodge soil and damage the cinquefoil. The plant has been on the federal list of endangered species since 1980.

#### One-Liners

Junk food, normally thought of as food high in calories but low in nutritional value, has been redefined by the Institute of Food Technologists. The or-ganization of food scientists described it as any food a person consumes after meeting mini-mum daily nutritive and energy requirements. . . Australia's victory in the America's Cup means future financial difficulties for the longtime host town, Newport, Rhode Island, Sailing competitors and spectators spent millions of dollars this year in the historic summer resort town. The next America's Cup challenge, in 1986, will be near Perth, Australia.

#### Exclusionary Clubs

New York City officials can-not conduct municipal business or spend city money at private bership policies, under a new executive order signed by May-or Edward I. Koch. The policy applies to chibs that bar full membership rights or the use of dining and recreation facilities to any person because of "race, creed, color, national origin, sex, age, marital status, sexual orientation, affectional preference or disability.

City officials did not name any offending clubs and would not estimate how many are covered. The mayor said he would dismiss appointers who inten-tionally do business in discriminatory clubs. Should a city aide unintentionally violate the executive order and file an expense account, the city will not pay, Mayor Koch said.

#### Hearing Aids

Now that President Ronald Reagan wears a hearing aid, more Americans with hearing problems are speaking up. In-quiries about hearing aids are up by 400 percent to 500 percent, the American Speech-Language-Hearing Association reported after polling hearing clinics in 11 cities. "People feel that maybe if the president is doing it, it's O.K. for them to do it too. It sort of removes the stigma," said an association spokesman, An estimated 2.2 million Americans wear hearing aids, and 12.8 million have heating impairments of varying severity but do not wear the

#### Tax Dodgers

American taxpayers are con-cealing nearly \$300 billion a vear from the tax man, thereby dodging at least \$90.5 billion in federal income taxes, the Internal Revenue Service reports.

Much more taxable income is concealed by "honest" Americans than by criminals engaged in drug dealing, gambling and prostitution, according to the IRS study, which was based on 1981 returns. While the illicit activities brought in \$34 billion in unreported profits, more conventional wage-earners kept nearly \$95 billion to themselves

men fail to report about onefifth of their earnings, and investors conceal about 40 percent of their capital gains, 16 percent of dividends and 14 percent of the interest they re-ceive. "Informal suppliers," who provide goods and services "off the books" — or without records - earn about \$17 billion that they do not report to Uncle Sam.

# Out There in the U.S. West, Watt's Gaffes Hold Little Sway

By Iver Peterson

New York Times Service DENVER - James G. Watt, the secretary of the interior, gets little defense here for his verbal blunders, but on the strength of both his power as the West's landlord and his performance in office, he retains support in the region from Democrats and Republi-

Despite the criticism, there have been no calls for his resignation among major political figures in the West. Indeed, some even suggest that the severe slump in the region's mining and mineral exploration industries has strengthened Mr. Watt's Western base,

"When things are as bad as they are and more and more people are losing their jobs in the mines, people think maybe we need a champion for development like Watt in Washington more than ever," said an aide to Colorado's Democratic governor, Richard D. Lamm.

Mr. Watt's critics attack him over specific policies

the outrage over Mr. Watt's public utterances in comes with a territory whose people are used to

Governor Ted Schwinden of Montana, a Democrat who has praised Mr. Watt on some issues, said he believed the furor over the secretary's remark on Sept. 21 that an advisory panel was ideally balanced be-cause it included "a black" and "a woman, two Jews and a cripple" might do in Mr. Watt out West by undoing him in Washington.

"For Mr. Watt to be able to deal effectively with Western governors, he has to keep some credibility as secretary in Washington," Mr. Schwinden said in an interview. "You have to have the strong support of the president and, number two, you have to have, if not the support, at least the cooperation of the Congress, think in Mr. Watt's case both of those are

Mr. Watt's outspokenness and occasional missteps, while deplored by most officials as politically lamentahe has pursued, such as coal leasing and the sale of ble, are sometimes defended by ordinary Westerners public lands. But these criticisms give little weight to as a form of the perversly charming bluntness that

thinking in terms of "out here," and "back there." "He just talks the way people express themselve out here," said Wayne Currier, a native of Mr. Watt's home state of Wyoming who now drives a truck in Denver. "Out here, people can say what they want without someone jumping on their backs for it like they do back Fast

Among the governors of the high plains and Rocky Mountain states, most of whom are Democrats, Mr. Watt's statements are often deplored but his power to affect the use of the land, his can-do approach and his often astute political trading are generally well

In interviews, Governor Bruce Babbitt of Arizona, a Democrat, and other state executives sometimes criticized Mr. Watt for what they described as "give-aways" of public lands. But they spoke well of his performance, especially when compared to that of Cecil D. Andrus, the interior secretary in the Carter

"I've always viewed Jim Watt as a bit of a split personality," Mr. Babbitt said. "There's the feisty, of him otherwise."

troubles down on his head. The other side is the administrative Watt, because he's a good administrator, and when you reach agreement with him about getting something done, he gets it done. He's quick

There are areas of disillusion with Mr. Watt, however, notably among Montana and North Dakota ranchers who oppose his attempts to develop federally owned coal deposits near their land and to sell federally owned grazing range that ranchers have been leas-

ng for generations. Don Mosrow, a rancher in Hailey, Idaho, says he has seen a shift of opinion against Mr. Watt over the land-sale policy.

"It has actually sort of united both the conservative and the liberal factions here," Mr. Morrow said. "All the extremely conservative ranchers for whom 'environmentalist' is a dirty word are uniting with them against this policy, so in this area I'd say he's out of favor even with people who would probably approve

#### Percy Asks Reappraisal Of Nonproliferation Act

By William E. Farrell New York Times Service

WASHINGTON - A Supreme Court decision earlier this year voiding the legislative veto may have "profoundly changed the ef-fectiveness of the Nuclear Nonproliferation Act," Senator Charles H.

Percy says.
Mr. Percy, an Illinois Republican and chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee, said Friday that an evaluation should be made to determine whether new legislation was necessary to ensure conional involvement in presidential decisions to sell nuclear materials and technology to foreign countries

Since the passage of the Nuclear Nonproliferation Act of 1978, Congress had the power of veto over administration decisions involving nuclear export licensing. The bill was intended to halt the spread of nuclear technology with possible military applications, particularly to those nations that did not sign the treaty to ban the spread of nuclear weapons and that do not open their nuclear installations to international inspection.

Mr. Percy presided over a joint hearing of the Foreign Relations Committee and a subcommittee on the spread of nuclear weapons at which two members of the Reagan administration testified.

"I am concerned that we as a nation --- and, in particular, we in the Congress — may be losing our grip on nonproliferation," Mr. Percy said. He was commenting on recent Reagan administration deci-

sions to sell nuclear materials to South Africa, Argentina and India, none of which is a signatory to the

international treaty. Last month Westinghouse Corp. was given permission by the Reagan administration to sell replacement parts to the South African government for its Koeburg nuclear plant, which was originally built by France with Westinghouse technology.

In July 1982, it was agreed that India would receive nuclear technology through a third party, France, thereby avoiding any violation of U.S. law. On a visit to India in July, Secretary of State George P. Shultz said the United States would supply India's nuclear needs if no other sources could be found.

Last year the Reagan administration approved the sale of a compoter system to Argentina for use in a plant that will produce heavy water, essential to the nuclear fuel cycle. In August the administration approved the transfer of 143 tons of heavy water, originally produced in the United States, from West Germany to Argentina.

Kenneth L. Adelman, director of ment Agency, said it was not the administration's intention to di-Supreme Court decision.

On Friday the House passed legislation that would require a 60day waiting period on such administration decisions as the transfer of heavy water to Argentina, during which they could be debated in



Charles H. Percy

Congress. The bill now goes to the

■ Argentine Reactor Accident Earlier, Milton Benjamin of The Washington Post reported from Washington:

An atomic research reactor in Buenos Aires operating on highly enriched uranium fuel was hit by a sudden, uncontrolled energy surge Sept. 23, and the reactor operator reportedly died from radiation exposure, it was learned Friday. The small reactor suffered a

prompt criticality" accident, in which in a millisecond began the the Arms Control and Disarma- type of fission reaction that happens at the start of a nuclear explosion. But the reaction only generatminish the congressional role in ed the explosive force of about five nuclear arms deals because of the pounds (2.3 kilograms) of TNT.

While Argentina has not publicly announced the accident, the International Atomic Energy Agency said Friday that it had been informed that no radiation was released from the facility.

However, sources said the reactor operator suffered a massive radiation dose and that he died two days after the accident

#### **Democrats, Fearing a Double Cross** By Reagan, Block Immigration Bill cratic leadership position to believe they are discriminated Attorney General William French against badly in this bill." Smith at a meeting in the Capitol on Thursday, according to congressional sources and Justice Depart-

By Martin Tolchin New York Times Service

WASHINGTON - Democratic leaders in the House of Representatives have blocked a sweeping revision of immigration law, which the administration has supported, out of fear that President Ronald Reagan will score a political coup by

The bill which would impose fines and criminal penalties on employers who hired illegal aliens, has aroused intense concern among Hispanic groups, labor unions, business organizations and farmers dependent on foreign workers.

The House speaker, Representative Thomas P. O'Neill Jr. of Massachusetts, conveyed the Demo-cus says, the Hispanics of America

New York Times Service

in preparing his courtroom defense

against drug-trafficking charges.

The U.S. Court of Appeals for

the Ninth Circuit, ruling in favor of

a government appeal, said Friday

Angeles had erred in ordering

Freedom of Information Act in

It said the lower-court decision,

granting access to the documents.

ncies to comply with the federal

setback for Mr. De Lorean.

LOS ANGELES -- A federal

Lorean access to government files ments.

ment officials.

Mr. O'Neill told the attorney general that the Democrats had "irrefutable evidence" that the president planned to veto the measure, the sources said. This evi-dence, which he would not describe in detail, was apparently based on information provided by the Congressional Hispanic Caucus.

A House Democratic leader who declined to be identified said the bill had been blocked because "according to what the Hispanic can-

more government information than

normally allowed under the federal

Mr. De Lorean's lawyers said

Mr. De Lorean, a former Gener-

al Motors executive who gained a

reputation as an industry maverick,

has been indicted for conspiracy.

a scheme to import up to \$60 mil-

lion in cocaine from Colombia.

Government lawvers say he en-

tered the scheme in anattempt to

rescue his company, De Lorean

they would petition for a rehearing

Order Opening U.S. Files to De Lorean

Is Overruled by Federal Appeals Court

appeals court has decided unani- rules of evidence, would penalize

mously to overturn a lower-court the prosecution by forcing it to

ruling that had granted John Z. De spend time reviewing the docu-

that the U.S. District Court in Los He is charged with involvement in

which had allowed access to far Motor Cars Ltd. from bankruptcy.

The ruling was viewed as a severe by the appellate bench.

against badly in this bill."

They have heard that the president plans to veto the bill, and become a hero to Hispanic-Americans," he added. The president has made a strong bid for support from Hispanic-Americans, historically part of the Democrats' constituen-

Attorney General Smith vigor-ously denied that a veto was planned and pressed for House action on the measure, which the Senate approved in May.
C. Anson Franklin, a White

House spokesman, also denied that the president intended to veto the

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#### **New Job Training Act** In U.S. Brings Changes

By Seth S. King

WASHINGTON - The new Job Training Partnership Act, which replaces the more ambitious machinery for paying for the program is in place in all 50 states and seven territories, as well as in most large cities.

dent Ronald Reagan praised Saturwhen reporting their pay.

The IRS said small business. day as a "historic and bold program," is designed to train thousands of disadvantaged youths in marketable skills and retrain councils controlled by private industry, the department said

Soviet Rocket Said to Explode; Crew Survives

board Salyut, Vladimir Lyakhov spacecraft that has bee and Alexender Alexandrov, are in more than 115 days.

job finds a job." New York Times Service

ences in the programs.

vide money to state or munic

their jobs in the recession. More the apparent shift of jobs from than \$3.5 billion is to be distributed heavy manufacturing to the service

The new structure, which Presi-

barely half that of the old program and will be spread much thinner. The new program does not pro-

governments for public works jobs. Most of the money in the new program, \$2.2 billion, is designated office machine operation, food services, automobile mechanics, con-Mr. Reagan, in his weekly radio struction trades and computer sci-address, said, "We must not rest ences.

#### until every American who wants a The goals of the new act, the only

The budget of the new job act is

hundreds of experienced adult for the vocational and on-the-job workers who have permanently lost training of poor youths. Reflecting to state training offices and then on industries, this training will conto newly formed local advisory centrate on health care, clerical and

#### major piece of long-term labor leg-islation to be embraced by the Rea-INTERTANKO Comprehensive Employment and gan administration, are similar to those of the Comprehensive Em-Training Act, has gone into effect, those of the Comprehensive Em-and the Labor Department says the congratulates there are several significant differ-IMO

environment.

On October 1983 the International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships, 1973, MARPOL, entered into force. This is a breakthrough for improved protection of the marine environment achieved by the persistent efforts of the International Maritime Organisation, IMO.

INTERTANKO, the International Association of Independent Tanker Owners, congratulates IMO on this achievement.

A number of oil importing countries will now require compliance with the safety rules for ships calling at their ports. The effect of MARPOL will increase with wider ratification, in particular by the oil exporting countries.

INTERTANKO appeals to major oil exporting countries, such as Saudi Arabia, Iran, and Mexico, to ratify MARPOL to enhance a cleaner marine



INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF INDEPENDENT TANKER OWNERS (INTERTANKO)

P.O. Box 1452 — Vika, Radhusgaten 25, Oslo 1, Norway Telephone: (47 2) 41 60 80 Telex: 19751 ITANK N

#### Soyuz flight to man the Salyut until ing ports for more than three and Mr. Alexandrov can return to the cause of the accident at Tyuramonths. Its batteries are running Earth, or they could take a chance tam had been determined.

U.S. Using Emigrés in Soviet Study

their fourth month in orbit and had

By Murrey Marder Washington Post Service WASHINGTON - An exceptional five-year, \$7.5-million research project on the Soviet Union. conducted by academics with federal financing, has been disclosed publicly, two years after it was launched with great confidentiality

had exploded with people in a to preserve its objectivity. The study, outlined by officials The Russians have not com-Thursday, taps what many specialmented publicly about the reported ists regard as one of the deepest accident, which could be as serious wells of information on the Soviet to the Soviet manned space pro-Union available in the West, the gram as any ever suffered, intellimore than 250,000 Soviet citizens who have emigrated since 1970.

About 130,000 of them reached ined for the first time to seek an- were created by the surge of Soviet swers to these broad questions:

structures, which were probably destroyed. The work will cost at least \$250 million and may run as work? • How do Soviet citizens work et clash over the Soviet intervenhigh as \$500 million, the sources the system?

been due to come home.

The Soyuz spacecraft that took them into orbit has been sitting in two launching pads still intact at the sources said. They could launch though two crews had been training for the Soyuz flight on Tuesday, neither would be sent on a new one of the space station's two dock- Tyuratam, so that Mr. Lyakhov

Moreover, they said, the Russians must now find a new way of and the Russians have said publicly switching crews in the orbiting Salthat they do not trust the in either case, the sources said,

yut-7. The two cosmonants now on spaceworthiness of any Soyuz the Salyut would be unattended

The Russians have two choices, the sources said. They could launch

spacecraft that has been in orbit for until another crew could be readied

for flight.

• What is the Soviet system's fu-mre?

A U.S. attempt in 1972 to survey émigrés going to Israel, State De-partment officials said, foundered about 85 percent of these Soviet Jewish, although many were only nominally Jewish or non-Jews in mixed marriages or children of such marriages. Ten percent were Armenian and the remainder of

other ethnic origin. From this pool of emigres, 2,800 have been selected for interviews, to minimize bias caused by aboveaverage education and income. skilled employment and ethnic background.

In the early 1950s, Harvard University sponsored a successful prowers to these broad questions:

• How does the Soviet system 1960s, peaked in 1979 and was severely curtailed after the U.S.-Sovi-

tion in Afghanistan.

over Israel's concern that it might emigres were statistically classed as slow the arrival of refugees. That prompted the present study, first championed by the Carter administration's Soviet specialist, Marshall D. Shulman, and by official Washington's prime proponent of feder-

ally supported research on the So-

viet Union, Andrew W. Marshall of

the Pentagon.

Western observers said that al-

Paul K. Cook, special assistant for Soviet and East-West affairs in the State Department's Bureau of Intelligence and Research, said that, while U.S. scholars have the United States. They are the ject that drew on Soviet Armenian drawn on the Soviet émigré comprime source of data being examemigrés. Broader opportunities munity for specialized research projects, the project now under way is "to my knowledge the largest single social science project the U.S. government has ever fi-nanced." The first published results are expected in about a year.

#### Tending the Triangle

Even if it is an election-year stunt, it is good that President Reagan wants to visit China next April, finally to bless an important relationship that President Nixon reopened 12 years ago. But the stunt will be further cheapened if Mr. Reagan keeps begging the Chinese to turn it into an anti-Soviet rally. Dining in Beijing while barking at Moscow may seem clever to Washington, but it is the wrong

approach to both communist powers. China stands apart from the Soviets and often stands up to them, demonstrating a significant triumph of nationalism over communism. That independence roused Americans from their nightmare fantasy about an international communist conspiracy. When Ronald Reagan checks into a Beijing guest house, he will at last be checking out of the Taiwan-first lobby that used to strangle American diplomacy. When he toasts the present communist rulers, he will be saluting a new pragmatism in both China and the United States.

Those are reasons enough to welcome the exchange of visits announced last Wednesday. But Mr. Reagan's approach to his trip risks diluting much of its diplomatic value.

Timing the visit as a major campaign media event is bound to make the Chinese exaggerate their importance in American political life. They must be doing that already, now that they have had to rebuff the importunings of Defense Secretary Caspar Weinberger to buy American weapons and join a "strategic" collaboration against the Soviet Union. Does no one in Washington nowadays understand the

fiercely independent "Third World" role the Chinese have chosen? Does someone think that selling them weapons would relax their resentment of arms sales to Taiwan?

There is something even more insensitive and dangerous: Mr. Reagan's failure to follow Richard Nixon's example of simultaneously staying in touch with the Soviet leaders. By ignoring Mr. Nixon's advice to hold routine mmits with the Soviets and the Chinese, Mr. Reagan has lost opportunities with both and misplayed the pivotal U.S. position in this triangle. A profound fear of China has long infected Soviet policy; even in times of crisis, it has kept Moscow desirous of warmer American ties. A vital interest, therefore, is to keep that channel open and never to confront Moscow with a hostile Chinese-American alliance.

Mr. Reagan's journey to China means that Americans have learned to distinguish between nationalism and communism. It means that America wants to pursue strong mutual interests despite sharp disagreements like those over Taiwan. And it means that meetings with communist leaders need not, as Mr. Reagan has asserted, await major new agreements.

A handshake and the communication it provokes at many levels of government are valuable in themselves. This can seem the wrong time for a like approach to Yuri Andropov, but, as with China, interest should restrain emotion. On the path to Beijing, Mr. Reagan should offer to visit Moscow and urge regular, undramatic meetings with both regimes.

-THE NEW YORK TIMES.

#### The Reagan Question

Will be run? That is a question people are asking all across America. And as the time goes by and no definitive answer is heard, another question is increasingly asked: When will he make his decision? You can get a lot of answers to that one.

The Republican national chairman, Frank Fahrenkopf, was assuring anyone listening back in March that Mr. Reagan's announcement of his plans could wait until July 4. But even that left him a little uneasy; when asked what would be a good time for the announcement, he said, "Tomorrow would be nice."

As late as May, Senator Paul Laxalt said that if he doesn't announce by July 4, "you can assume Reagan will run." But the president pointedly refused to return from his July 4 vacation in California via New Hampshire. July 4 came and went with no announcement.

So did August. That was when, according to one widely broadcast theory, Mr. Reagan would make his decision while vacationing at his ranch. There, the theory went, he would have time for relaxation and reflection and, perhaps most important, for consultation with Mrs. Reagan. But a meeting of political advisers scheduled for Aug. 21 in California was canceled. And since his return to Washington, Mr. Reagan has insisted publicly and, according to all accounts, privately that he still

has not made his decision. A White House aide told a Washington Post reporter last May that "it will be very apparent in September." Now it has become October,

and Republicans are still edgy. The talk is that the decision will be announced some time this month — or maybe in November.

An exploratory committee may be set up this month; it would have to file with the Federal Election Commission, and within five days the president is required to file a letter authorizing the committee to raise and spend money in his behalf. But that will not necessar-

ily be a declaration of candidacy.

White House aide Edwin Meese said last February that the president "really cannot go much beyond October," but the talk now is that he won't declare his intentions until after his trip to Asia in November.

The unnerving truth is that there is really nothing forcing him to do so then. The primary schedule — the filing deadline for the Illinois primary is Dec. 30 - makes it difficult for him to postpone an announcement beyond the end of the year; so it is unlikely that Mr. Reagan will wait as long as President Eisenhower, who announced for a second term on Feb. 29, 1956. But in the meantime, Republicans - Reagan staffers who want him to run, as well as those who want to back one or another candidate if he doesn't --- are getting nervous.

It is in their interest that Mr. Reagan announce his intentions now, but it is in his, whichever way he decides, to wait as long as he can. How long will that be? Let Senator Laxalt have the last word: "It would be helpful if he would amounce before the convention."

— THE WASHINGTON POST.

#### Other Opinion

#### Put Away the Megaphones

Barring a miracle, or an uncontainable explosion of popular protest, the first of the new NATO intermediate-range nuclear weapons — scheduled to total 464 cruise missiles and 108 Pershing-2s — will be deployed in Western Europe before the end of this year.

Last week President Reagan offered fresh compromise proposals for consideration at the Geneva arms control talks, President Andropov spurned them as "prattle," Vice President Bush hinted at an expansion of the agenda to include the British and French deterrents, and, with varying degrees of finality, Foreign Secretary Sir Geoffrey Howe, Prime Minister Mrs. Thatcher and France's President Mitterrand rejected any such idea.

For the moment, the intermediate nuclear force negotiations are effectively dead.

This result, though plainly disquieting, is not the end of the world. The arms race will now, at any rate temporarily, accelerate. If Mr. Andropov has really ruled out all possibility of talking to a Reagan administration, the period of danger we are facing could easily last not one but five years. But perhaps the INF breakdown may yet turn out to have been an essential prelude to a more positive accord.

presumption that the much larger SALT-2 agreement, concluded by Brezhnev and Carter, would be ratified, and that intermediate

for real nuclear disarmament, the mutual badmouthing that has been going on in Moscow and Washington, with Mrs. Thatcher adding her own shrill contribution, must diminish Rhetoric kills no one. But whatever its origin it can certainly breed hostility and mistrust, and

A Two-Man Democratic Race?

to that extent prejudice the future. Both sides

date, you're wrong: It's almost too late, Barring a sudden pratfall by Walter Mondale or man race between Mondale and Glenn.

- David Nyhan in the Boston Globe.

#### weapons would then be discussed within the context of an even wider SALT-3, which would embrace all the awkward "grey" areas and neglected corners of the nuclear arena. Ultimately the choice is between negotiation and incineration. The challenge of 1984 and beyond, for the statesmen on both sides of the apocalypse, is to start re-cultivating the flower of safety. If that prospect is to offer any hope

should put away their megaphones. - The Sunday Times (London).

For those who think it's too early to start choosing the Democratic presidential candi-

John Glenn, no one else has much of a chance. Alan Cranston, the California liberal who hails from the biggest state and has a collar on the most galvanizing issue of the season, the nuclear freeze, has to show something early if he is to stem the prevailing opinion that '84 is a two-

#### FROM OUR OCT. 3 PAGES, 75 AND 50 YEARS AGO

1908: Japanese Promote Trade TOKYO - Promptitude in taking advantage of open port opportunities is a phase of Japan's commercial aggressiveness in China. Japan has consuls or consular agents in a number of places at which other nations are not represented, due to keener appreciation of trade possibilities by the Japanese Government. All the ports which China opened by treaties with Japan are open to the world, but while Japan has consular officials in 20 Manchurian ports the United States has them in three. Japan's policy is that trade follows consuls; America's apparently is that consuls should follow trade.
The Japanese avail themselves of the opportu-

nities of direct dealing, while most American

interests are in the hands of middlemen.

1933: Strikers Challenge Ford WASHINGTON - The National Recovery Administration, on the verge of ending the strike of 75,000 soft-coal miners in Pennsylvania, ran into fresh difficulties when Henry Ford closed his Edgewater, New Jersey, plant rather than deal with workers who have begun the second week of their strike there. Ford's action, which is likely to bring him into sharp conflict with the NRA over his refusal to recognize the right of collective bargaining as set forth in the auto code, follows the closing

of the Chester, Pennsylvania, plant last week, when 4,000 men walked out. The automobile litical parties to "get together for the good of the country." On the other hand, we readily deindustry in Detroit was threatened further with stoppage as the number of tool and die workers on strike reached 10,000. vith a "real choice."

INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE JOHN HAY WHITNEY, Chairman 1958-1982

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# Outside Players and the Iran-Iraq War

PARIS — The three-year-old war between Iran and Iraq is reaching a point of new explosiveness. It could involve the U.S. Navy and Marines far more dangerously than in Lebanon, at a time when both are tightly stretched. It would cause grave new tensions with the Soviets.

The immediate critical issue is whether France will send Iraq five Super-Etendard planes with Exocet missiles of the type that sank a British warship in the Falklands war. Iraq already has some Exocets, but they are made to be launched from ships and are not as effective for the purpose. It wants the planes and air-launched mis-siles so it can threaten to shut down Iran's oil exports if the war is not quickly settled.

Iran has threatened to block the Straits of Hormuz and shut off all oil from the Gulf if Iraq cuts off its petrodollars. The United States has said it is "determined" to safeguard passage through the straits, the bottleneck for the world's supply of Gulf oil. Washington is worried that the series of threats, meant as reciprocal deter-rents, will go off like a string of firecrackers if France delivers on its promise. Paris is hesitating. Iraqi crews have completed

renege on the deal for fear it will destroy their commercial credibility in the Arab world, and because Iraq owes them about \$4 billion that they hope to recover in oil if the war ever ends. The story is another tale of disastrous miscalculation. Mistakes can be traced far back, but the war itself is a convenient point of reference. Iraq's Saddam Hussein started it in an attempt to overthrow the Khomeini regime, which was trying to provoke a fundamentalist revolution in By Flora Lewis

with the United States or France is not known. The effort boomeranged. It helped the Iranian mullahs consolidate their power in a surge of patriotism. Syria's president, with whom the United States has a nearly open confrontation in Lebanon, saw a chance to get rid of his old enemy in Baghdad. He sided with Iran, and cut the pipeline that used to carry Iraq's oil to the Mediterranean. That, plus Iranian guns covering Irag's narrow access to the Gulf, just about dried up lraq's oil earnings. The country has been existing and lighting on subsidies from the Gulf emirates and Saudi Arabia, who fear Ayatollah

Khomeini's influence on their own subjects. They have put up \$25 billion so far, but now they are closing the fancet and warning Iraq that they won't go on indefinitely. The fall in oil prices has eroded their generosity, or willingness and ability to pay such high protection money, as one may choose to put it.

The Iraqis told France they could not hold

much longer and needed a decisive weapon to training in Brittany. The French don't want to force Iran to end the war with negotiations. The French foolishly bought what looked like an easy way out, to provide the wherewithal for a bluff.

Now they suddenly realize that the ayatollah cannot be bluffed easily and that they have no sure way to prevent Iraq from using the arms. They are thinking of shipping the planes in pieces, fulfilling their contract but delaying traq's capacity to use them. It would only stall the crisis and make everybody mad at France— Iraq and the United States as well as Iran. Thus Iraq. Whether there were secret understandings do devious means to carry out good intentions -

and do good business at the same time -- lead

nations into terrible boxes.

Israel, along with all the Gulf states, is watching apprehensively. While Jerusalem would not like Ayatollah Khomeini to win, it sees an Iraqi victory as the greater long-term danger. It is urging the United States to put pressure on

France to break the contract. This is where all kinds of unforeseen linkages come in France and the United States have some agreements and some quarrels at the moment. Washington's attempt to break the European gas pipeline deal with Moscow still rankles in Paris. The abrasive turn in Soviet-American relations makes this a particularly risky time for a U.S. use of force in the Gulf.

Hard-liners in America can shut their eyes to everything but U.S.-Soviet rivalry, but the rest of the world goes on piling up real booby traps

even if they refuse to notice.

The United States has leaned heavily on the Saudis to help them recover from blind-man'sbuff diplomacy after the Israeli invasion of Lebanon. There are narrow limits to Sandi influence. Now Sandis must fear military escalation on their doorstep, interruption of their oil shipments, a risky shift in the regional power balance. The last thing they want is direct U.S. or

Soviet involvement in the Iran-Iraq war. The fact is that nobody but the participants wants either side to win. But everybody is getting dragged in by other ties. It is in both Soviet and U.S. interest not to let this powder keg blow up. That is one more reason why it is bad to rely on simple sentiment, whether blissful wish or hatred, for the fate of this world.

The New York Times.

#### Democracy: Consensus and Pressures for Reform

By William L. Morrison

STRASBOURG — As demands change, an institution must either adapt or disintegrate. The question today is not whether institutions of democracy by tradition? the democtatic state are too powerful, but whether in the modern economy

that there is an umbilical relationship between human rights and economic

ment to which we as politicians have contributed. In the 1930s such disenchantment fostered the rise of the populist and the demagogue, and de-For generations the focus of West-ern political thought has been directed to limiting the power of the state, on the assumption that it was the main threat to individual liberty. An elaborate structure of checks and balances was put in place to ensure ac-

require of it the same accountability attaching to government power. In recent times, increasing demands have been made on governments to compensate for the inadequacies of the private sector. Even the loudest champions of private enterprise accept the safety-net function of modern government. Yet efforts by government to intervene more positively in the economy bring cries about governmental interference.

they have become impotent.

Governments are failing to govern

effectively. There is a disenchant-

struction of the democratic process.

countability. The nongovernment

sector was deliberately left free of

impediments; no need was seen to

History shows that representative institutions, an independent judiciary and a democratic ethos are part of a process — a continuing process rather than a static achievement. The process moves by stages, dependent upon the pressures exerted.

In contemplating the measures that more advanced democratic countries can take to assist the process in other countries, we must consider the resistance we are likely to encounter from those in privileged positions in those other societies: and the inability of the less privileged groups to exert the pressure needed to achieve a more equitable distribution of political and economic power.

It is incumbent on all of us as democrats to reflect deeply on mea-sures we take when confronted with anti-democratic forces. The practice of democracy involves not a confrontation of tyranny with tyranny, but dealing in a democratic way with undemocratic views and activities.

An essential feature of the ethos of democracy is that independent activity that at times involves opposition to the status quo is not opposed to de-mozzacy but is essential to it.

In many countries of Asia and the Pacific, some features of parliamentary democracy are alien to the culture. In the Westminister system, for instance, the confrontation between the government and opposition, illustrated physically in the House of Commons by the main political parties occupying benches opposite each other, does not conform to the traditional notion of resolving conflicting views within the tribal group by consensus. Discussions can go on for days before a consensus is reached.

I raise this issue to indicate significant differences in values, and also because of an ambivalence in our

thinking about consensus politics.

On the one hand there is disenchantment about what is seen to be the dramatizing of differences between political parties merely to appeal to swing voters. There is much agreement with Max Weber's cynical observation about American political parties: "They are purely an organi-zation of job hunters drafting their changing platform according to the chances of vote-grabbing." There is a frequently expressed desire for po-

nounce one-party states as undemo-cratic in not providing the electorate

It can be argued that consensus is inimical to the concept of pluralist democracy, which involves competition among rival interest groups. A pluralist society denies the existence of a "common good" or "national interest" and holds that appeals to the supposed general interest merely mask the promotion of certain interests at the expense of others.

In this sense, institutions in a pluralist society can be evaluated in terms of their capabilities of resolving conflict. We have to distinguish the superstructure of democracy from the essential foundations. Are political parties, as we know them, a sufficient component of de-

mocracy? What institutions are es-

sential to democratic procedures, as ty. The real issue is whether we can distinct from those associated with have human dignity without a modi-democracy by tradition? have human dignity without a modi-cum of material well-being.

In a speech in Bombay in July, We should not fail to recognize Justice P.N. Bhagwati of the Supreme

Court of India observed that "there can be no meaningful exercise of well-being. I would contest the view many human rights in a country that the essential link of democracy is where economic resources are scarce much less with material well-being and the bulk of the population lives than with fundamental human digni-



"fundamental rights do not exist for a large section of the population" in a veloping country such as India. The only way to ensure that they permeate to the lowest rung of the social ladder "would be to remake the material conditions and structure of the social and economic order."

Justice Bhagwati noted that advocates of human rights "have been too preoccupied with the rights immediately meaningful to the upper and middle classes. They have devoted their entire energies to the superstructure of civil and political rights for the benefit of the urban and rural elite, ignoring the rights of the poor."

Can we, in seeking to proselytize democratic ideals, ignore the material base of other societies? Should Westem efforts be directed to ensuring economic survival above all? And what means are available to us to promote democratic ideals?

The writer is a Labor member of Australia's Federal Parliament. This article was adapted by the International Herald Tribune from a report prepared for the first Strasbourg Conference on Parliamentary Democracy, which opens tomorrow under the auspices of the Council of Europe.

### A Swedish Idea That Looks Dangerous

By Alan S. Blinder

PRINCETON, New Jersey — In the 1950s and '60s, Sweden served showed that the welfare state could

after all be done right. The achievements of the Swedish economy were indeed impressive. By the early 1970s Sweden had become one of the richest nations on Earth. And it had accomplished this while developing an extensive web of social welfare programs which in turn helped make Swedish income distribution one of the most equal in the world. Furthermore, apparently successful applications of monetary and fiscal policy had tamed the business cycle and made Sweden a land of perpetually low unemployment.

All this was accomplished within a framework that was capitalist rather than socialist; public ownership of industry was and remains rare in Sweden. The only apparent price the Swedes paid for all these gains was a somewhat higher rate of inflation. It averaged 4.4 percent between 1950 and 1970, compared to 2.4 percent in the United States.

Things started to turn sour in the '70s. Aggressive unions pushed wages well beyond the ability of industry to pay. Profitability, investment and instrial production suffered. Unemployment was prevented from rising sharply only by a variety of subsidies, retraining programs, public employment and early retirements.

At the same time, the public sector. which was already large by 1970, expanded rapidly. Today government spending exceeds 70 percent of GNP (versus about 35 percent in the United States). To finance all this spending, tax increases were necessary.

A typical Swedish worker now pays income and payroli taxes at

marginal rates that approach 80 per-cent, and a national sales tax of about 20 percent on most purchases. The budget deficit is huge anyway. There is now general agreement among Swedes that their economy is in a state of crisis and that something

has to be done. But what? Among the most controversial issues in Šwedish politics today is a proposal whose outcome could well etermine whether Sweden continues its tradition of decentralized capital-

ism or turns toward collectivism.

During the 1982 Swedish elections the victorious Social Democrats promised to institute "wage-earner funds." These would receive revenues from two new taxes and use them to purchase stock in Swedish industry. The funds would be controlled by a few governing boards which would in turn most likely be controlled by the leaders of the powerful trade unions. (About 90 percent of Swedish work-

By this device the government would hope to moderate wage de-mands, and Swedish workers would hope to achieve greater control over their own economic destinies. According to the current proposal,

revenues into the wage-earner funds

would amount to about 2 to 4 billion

kronor per year — about \$250 to

\$500 million. That is not chicken feed in a small economy like Sweden's. The funds would own 10 to 20 percent of all the stock in Sweden within 10 years, enough to have an effective controlling interest in most Swedish corporations.

If enacted, this proposal would eventually establish collective ownership of industry in Sweden not the way Lenin did it in Russia (by violent revolution), nor the way the Labor Party did it in Britain (by nationalization), but rather in the most capitalist of all possible ways — by buying shares on the stock exchange.

Two policy proposals, each made by serious and well-intentioned peo-ple, together would bring something very similar to the United States.

The first pertains to Social Securi-Currently the system promises pension benefits but, unlike private pension plans, does not accumulate reserves to make the payments. Instead it levels taxes on workers to pay the benefits of retirees.

This "pay-as-you-go" system, it is alleged but not proved, discourages saving because workers feel less need to save for retirement, while the government does not save on their be-half. This leads some critics of Social Security to suggest that the government "fund" the system by accumulating enough assets to make the promised benefit payments.

But think about the numbers involved. Annual payments into the U.S. Social Security trust fund are approaching \$250 billion, about one-eighth of the value of all the shares

nst fund would sensire a control ling interest in most American corporations quicker than you could say "Ingmar Bergman."

Can politics be kept out of the management of a public fund this large? The question answers itself. And any remote possibility for non-political management would be even smaller if the second proposal - industrial policy — were to be implemented. Industrial policy means different things to different people, but one common element is surely public - to wit, political - influence over the allocation of capital.

In some versions, industrial policy means steering society's resources to new and, it is hoped, burgeoning industries -- "picking winners." In others, industrial policy means shoring up aging and sometimes failing industries - "backing losers." In either case, fortunes will be made or lost, and millions of jobs created or destroyed, according to decisions made by whoever runs the industrial policy.

Try to imagine an Industrial Policy Board, sitting in Washington, charged with the responsibility of making the American economy perform better and knowing that the managers of the Social Security Trust Fund sit just a few blocks away, owning the entire New York Stock Exchange. The political pressures on the fund managers would be extraordinary. Only a saint could be expected to remain objective and apolitical.

The writer, a professor of economics at Princeton University, contributed this comment to The Washington Post.

wait and maneuver for a change of If so, this may be the worst idea the Soviets have had since they shot There are more than 400 days until the U.S. presidential election of 1984, leagues

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and time is not on the side of compromise or common sense. Every few days, while Mr. Reagan, Mr. Andropov and others exchange insults, the technicians on both sides add one or two more nuclear missiles to their arsenals.

The Powers

Are Wrong

To Dally

By James Reston

United Nations—There is tons to believe Yuri Andropov has

abandoned hope of reaching a com-

Ronald Reagan and will therefore

administration in Washington.

down the South Korean plane.

promise on nuclear arms control with

In a private conversation with a few reporters the other day, President François Mitterrand of France deplored the "politics of passion." And he reminded the UN General Assembly that each of the two superpowers "has a nuclear system of 2,000 to 3,000 launchers, carrying 8,000 to 9,000 micker warheads," with which to "reach and destroy each other seven or eight times over." That, he

thought, was more than enough.

As to the theory that things will get better if Washington and Moscow only wait for new and more sensible leaders to come to power, this is an illusion unsupported by history.

Maybe there was something to it in the period between Stalin and Nikita Khrushchev, but, since then, not much. Washington waited for a long time, watching the decline of Leonid Brezhnev's health and hoping that maybe a new generation, better educated and informed about the West, just might believe that the two major nuclear powers had more to gain by cooperation than by confrontation.

If anything, things have become worse, and the troubling silence of Mr. Andropov during most of the Korean plane controversy has raised doubt about whether he is commanding the military or vice versa.

As to the idle chatter in the UN delegates' lounge about the Soviets trying to influence the coming U.S. presidential election, nothing could be sillier. When the Soviets have tried to fiddle with public opinion in democratic elections, knowing so little about it, they have failed — most recently in the West German elections. Obviously, the more they tried to defeat Mr. Reagan by opposing him and waiting for somebody else, the more they would provoke him to run and assure his re-election.

Fortunately, there are one or two signs of caution on both sides. In his UN speech Mr. Reagan made a few amendments to his original nuclear proposals, saying: "The door to an agreement is open. It is time for the Soviet Union to walk through it."

Mr. Andropov, in reply, resented Mr. Reagan's "malicious attacks" on the Soviet Union but did not slam the on the New York Stock Exchange. If door. "We do not base our policy on used to purchase common stock, the emotions," he said, and concluded at the arms race co brought under control.

But time is an important factor. There are only a few weeks for negotiations at Geneva before the United States will be deploying cruise and Pershing-2 missiles in West Germany, Britain and Italy.

Also, coming into the last quarter of the year, before the presidential election campaign begins in earnest early in 1984, there is just a brief chance now for serious negotiations. The atmosphere is not good, but it will be harder to reach accommodation after both sides put more missiles closer to one another, and after the presidential campaign starts.

The White House seemed to recognize the danger of loitering into a renewal of the Cold War. It did not ignore Mr. Andropov's rejection of Mr. Reagan's "open door" proposal, but declared: "While we disagree profoundly on the way human socicty should be organized ... we know that we must live on the same planet and that peace is imperative to mankind if it is to survive.

So we shall see in the short time left before the missiles are moved closer to one another whether the Soviets are going to negotiate or instead wait for the next election.

Everything that can be said by Moscow and Washington against one another has been said again and again. What we need is a little silence, and a chance for serious nuclear negotiations at Geneva before the technicians produce more weapons and the presidential candidates take over.

The New York Times.

#### LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

After Benigno Aquino Regarding "Marchers Ask Marcos Resignation" (IHT, Sept. 17):

It is significant that the demonstrators who tied up the Makati financial district in Manila with their demands for an impartial investigation into the ruthless murder of opposition leader Benigno Aquino came from that most browbeaten sector in the

Phillippines: businessmen. Over the years, the vulnerability of Filipino businessmen to the political squeeze has produced a tradition of collaboration with whoever was in power: Spanish or American colonizers, Japanese invaders, Filipino oligarchs — and now local generals. But the Marcos regime perfected the political squeeze into a science.

Letters intended for publication should be addressed to the editor and contain the writer's sign name and address. Brief letters receive priority, and letters may be abridged. We cannot acknowledge all letters, but we value the views of the readers who submit them,

Not only did it exact political subservience and financial tribute; the regime and its cronies also cut themselves into the action — as can be seen now in the demands for boycotts of banks, hotels, newspapers, public utilities, cigarette and alcohol prod-ucts and other business allegedly controlled by Marcos & Co.

The vaca lechera (milking cow) has apparently had enough.

Foreign business in the Philippines dominated by U.S. companies. And the first organization to leap forward and endorse martial law in 1972 was the American Chamber of Commerce. This may not indicate the finest sensitivity to civil liberties, or to the etiquette of guest status. Yet the United States should prepare not to be caught off base, as happened with the shah in Iran.

Mr. Aquino had come back with an offer to belp Mr. Marcos grope his way back to democratic ways. The offer was spurned in a bloody assassi-nation while Mr. Aquinos was in the custody of the Marcos government.
"He who sows the wind," as the old saying goes, "will reap the whirl-wind." As a longtime Manila resi-

dent, I am sorry to say the Makati demonstration indicates that the wind is starting to gather force. R. CHANDRASEKHARAN.

Benigno Aquino died a martyr at least, in the eyes of many foreign sympathizers and millions of Filipino supporters. But for what cause?
To take up arms in an uprising would achieve nothing, given the small number willing to die for the cause. Many cry out for revolution in

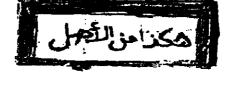
hatred of Mr. Marcos, but few would sacrifice their children's safety. Mr. Aquino was just another political figure, the victim of another dirty game for power. If he had survived until election time, maybe he could have won. But ordinary Filipinos used to say that the one in power steals less because he has already done his looting, whereas a new one would have to scurry to catch up.

That is why so few people vote in elections in the Philippines. ROSARIO DE CASTRO.

Singapore.

More letters, Page 5.

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# Are Whargentina Sets Trade Curbs, Halts Issue of Import Permits

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches
BUENOS AIRES — Argentina's military government has imposed

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By Jaines emergency trois and suspended the issue of new import licenses as a result of the country's external debt.

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The Ministry of the Economy amounced Friday that the central amounced Friday that the central sector debt while he investigated to refinance \$9 billion in public-sector debt while he investigated to refinance \$10 billion in public-sector debt while he investigated to refinance \$10 billion in public-sector debt while he investigated to refinance \$10 billion in public-sector debt while he investigated to refinance \$10 billion in public-sector debt while he investigated to refinance \$10 billion in public-sector debt while he investigated to refinance \$10 billion in public-sector debt while he investigated to refinance \$10 billion in public-sector debt while he investigated to refinance \$10 billion in public-sector debt while he investigated to refinance \$10 billion in public-sector debt while he investigated to refinance \$10 billion in public-sector debt while he investigated to refinance \$10 billion in public-sector debt while he investigated to refinance \$10 billion in public-sector debt while he investigated to refinance \$10 billion in public-sector debt while he investigated to refinance \$10 billion in public-sector debt while he investigated to refinance \$10 billion in public-sector debt while he investigated to refinance \$10 billion in public-sector debt while he investigated to refinance \$10 billion in public-sector debt while he investigated to refinance \$10 billion in public-sector debt while he investigated to be legality of a proposed agreement with Argentina's creditors.

Foreign creditors banks responded by delaying payment of \$500 million in fresh eredit, causing the country's foreign exchange reserves to dwindle more quickly than had ordered that existing literature is not refinance \$10 billion in fresh eredit, causing the country's foreign exchange in ordered to be delaying payment of \$500 million in fresh eredit, causing the country's foreign exchange in ordered to be legality of a proposed agreement with Argentina's creditors.

Foreign exchange allowances for travele

position in view of the external from the Ministry of the Economy overseas assets owned by the comdebt crisis, it added.

overseas assets owned by the companies involved in the debt reli-

Negotiations to reschedule Argentina's \$39-billion external debt were severely compromised last week, after a federal judge ordered the government to postpone steps

Press International on Friday that he may order the arrests of top officials if an investigation he is conducting shows that they had agreed to terms that threaten Argentine sovereignty.

so there could be some detentions, Judge Pinto Kramer said. The terms include a provision

eled Friday to the offices of the nancing, even if only one of them judge, Federico Pinto Kramer, in defaulted on loan payments. They Rio Gallegos, 1,850 miles (3,000 also call for U.S. courts to gain judge, Federico Pinto Kramer, in kilometers) south of Buenos Aires, priority over Argentine courts in to deliver the appeal, local news cases of nonpayment.

The judge said he was studying the legality of government copies of But Judge Pinto Kramer said in a the documents pertaining to the renegotiation of \$720 million owed telephone interview with United by Aerolineas Argentinas, the state airline. The agreements with the 60 public-sector agencies are said to be patterned closely after that rescheduling accord, which officials signed on Sept. 16.

"What I have in my hands is a Because of Judge Pinto Kramer's criminal case, not a civil case, and suspension of the agreements, Argentina's foreign creditor banks have delayed releasing the first \$500 million of a new \$1.5-billion

17. Payment was originally due to have taken place last week. The minister of the economy,

Jorge Wehbe, told UPl in a telephone interview from Washington, where he was participating in the annual meeting of the International Monetary Fund, that Judge Pinto Kramer's ruling had "paralyzed" his efforts to renegotiate an addi-tional estimated \$3 billion in government-held debt that falls due by the end of the year.

Meanwhile, reacting to the new foreign exchange controls, local economists said the measures almost certainly presaged a partial or total suspension of interest payments on foreign debt when the banks reopened on Monday.

Argentina cleared a heavy backlog of interest payments on its pub-lic-sector foreign debt in August,

and banking sources said it was broadly up to date with interest payments at present.

The economists also said that, although the government had an-nounced a blanket ban on new import licenses, some new permits would probably still be approved to prevent the economy from stag-

They added that the emergency measures are likely to remain in force until after elections scheduled for Oct. 30.

In mid-October, Argentina is due to draw a new \$300-million installment on a standby credit from the IMF.

But at the same time the country will have to repay \$600 million of a \$1.1-billion bridging loan raised by

NUCLEAR PROTEST — Demonstrators in the Japanese port of Sasebo met the Carl Vinson, a U.S. nuclearpowered aircraft carrier, on Sunday with boats bearing anti-nuclear slogans. Protests also were held on shore.

# Andropov and the lect Argentina's foreign exchange public-sector agencies. An analysis, the technical argentina's foreign exchange public-sector agencies. An analysis in the technical argentina's foreign exchange public-sector agencies. An analysis is the technical argentina's foreign exchange public-sector agencies. An analysis is the technical argentina's foreign exchange public-sector agencies. An analysis is the technical argentina's foreign exchange public-sector agencies. An analysis is the technical argentina's foreign exchange public-sector agencies. An analysis is the technical argentina's foreign exchange public-sector agencies. An analysis is the technical argentina's foreign exchange public-sector agencies. An analysis is the technical argentina's foreign exchange public-sector agencies. An analysis is the technical argentina's foreign exchange public-sector agencies. An analysis is the technical argentina's foreign exchange public-sector agencies. An analysis is the technical argentina's foreign exchange public-sector agencies. An analysis is the technical argentina's foreign exchange public-sector agencies. An analysis is the technical argentina's foreign exchange public-sector agencies. An analysis is the technical argentina's foreign exchange public-sector agencies. An analysis is the technical argentina's foreign exchange public-sector agencies. An analysis is the technical argentina's foreign exchange public-sector agencies. An analysis is the technical argentina's foreign exchange public-sector agencies. An analysis is the technical argentina's foreign exchange public-sector agencies. An analysis is the technical argentina's foreign exchange public-sector agencies. An analysis is the technical argentina's foreign exchange public-sector agencies. An analysis is the technical argentina's foreign exchange public-sector agencies. An analysis is the technical argentina's foreign exchange public-sector agencies. An analysis is the technical argentina's foreign exchange public argentina's foreign ex In a private communication reporters the other day. Franciscos Minterrand of the points of fine remainded the LN Greet communication of the management of t

last March 14, a group of 21 men, women and children ran into a Sal-GENEVA - Just before dawn muclear sea last March is a salvant and children ran into a Salvant is women and children ran into a Salvant is worten and children ran into a Salvant is worten worten and children ran into a Salvant is worten worten and desired with miles (24 kilometers) northeast of can time on San Salvador. All except one were killed in the gunfire that followed.

Mrs. Garcia Villas was wellhand before the salvadorment of the

Machiner in the known abroad, particularly in turning the design work a work of the hard work.

The a new generating the month inside one of the areas contained and informed and trolled by the guerrillas, investigations in the charges that the army had used might believe that the trolled by the guerrana, involved and the ing charges that the army had used powers had sent; chemical weapons against civilians

than brouse and also observing the conduct of if trying they bet the guerrillas.

If they had the routing is the guerrillas.

If they had the routing is the guerrillas.

If they had the routing is they had they way in which her quest came to its A : 21- pione malmant brutal cod.

According to Salvadoran government communiqués, Mrs. Garthe tile change cia Villas was a guerrilla and she cia vunas was a goment rounds of The state of the second त्रकारकात्र्यं संस्थातः **वर्ष** 

For state When the Sweet But according to several mem-ter fields with perfection bers of the international human ne file's with public over etille elevera lawar 1501 - Leg kar in. rights network, she was wounded, taken off in an army helicopter to a death. military school and tortured to ಟ್ 2೯ - ೧೬ ಗಂಪಟ್ಟಿ ಚಿಕ್ಕಿತ್ತಾಕ್ತಿ

Links second version of Records lished here in detail recently by Adrian Zoller, the Geneva representative of the independent Catholic peace organization Pax Christi. Mrs. Garcia Villas was one of

Pax Christi's two representatives in Central America, but Mr. Zoller government said his research, including a trip to

Military Thinking

technical failures, human error and

military incompetence and arro-

It is difficult to keep clear of

emotion after the downing of the South Korean airliner. Yet I pre-

sume that anybody who tries to do

so will admit that the Russians

were not out to kill 269 people. This

horrifying blunder was the result of

gance in an atmosphere of lear.

What the incident clearly shows

is the danger of military thinking.

This is particularly true within the

Soviet system, of course, but it is

also true elsewhere. But obviously

the solution to the East-West con-

LOUIS BODMER.

Zollikon, Switzerland.

flict cannot be military.

Flying Over Poland

Regarding "World War II Mix-sion Honored" (IHT, Sept. 21):

the code name for a whole series

of operations flown by USAAF

bombers and fighters using Soviet

bases, perhaps the most famous of

which was at Poltava. The "Fran-

tic" operations were flown by units

based in Italy and were dedicated

in the main to deep penetration missions in the Balkans. These in-

cluded targets in eastern Romania

beyond the well-known Ploiesti ob-

The succor flown to the Polish

Home Army in Warsaw was also provided by B-24 Liberators flown

at night by Polish crews operating

from the Foggia bases in Italy. Lib-

erator squadrous of 205 Group

RAF were also committed to these

nightlong flights from these bases;

the air crews came from Australia, Canada, New Zealand and South

Africa as well as from Britain.

Casualties were heavy.

The story of the epic Allied raids to aid the Polish allies is one of

outstanding devotion and gallant-

ry; as is that of the "Frantic" mis-

sions. The full story ought to be

told, and I hope that as the 40th

anniversary of the 1944 Warsaw

uprising approaches, a worthy his-

The writer is a former British mili-

Regarding, "Tolstoy Families Are

Does Count Nikolai Tolstoy

really believe he would be enjoying

his current publicity if it were not

for the fact that people have anoth-

er Tolstoy in mind - the one he

cavalierly refers to as a musician

from the junior branch of the fam-

ily? There are hundreds of descen-

J.P. MacDONALD.

Cambridge, England.

torian will take up the task.

tary attaché in Warsaw.

Tolstoy vs. Tolstoy

All Alike" (IHT, Sept. 9):

ectives, for example.

"Operation Frantic" was



Marianella Garcia Villas

prompted by the fact that he had known her personally.

"She is in danger of becoming a myth," he said in an interview. Mrs. Garcia Villas's work was a grim and often dangerous effort to get to the bottom of the many killings and "disappearances" that characterize the civil war in El

Salvador. She would travel around her country to photograph the bodies of those who had been slain, interview witnesses and inquire at morgues, including the one where her own body would later be dis-

played. Between 1979 and 1982 her commission drew up files on 43,337 alleged assassinations, almost all of which were blamed on rightist death squads said to be operating in the shadow of the Salvadoran

This information was largely re-Central America, had also been sponsible for the government being

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

tell but who would never be pub-

lished because their names are not

Tolstoy. Would people rush to buy

a family history of a Tatishef, an

Ossorgin, a Demidoff, a Shereme-tev? Yet those names are equally

But let us put the record straight.

Nikolai Tolstoy was born in 1935, a

good 15 years after the czarist re-

gime toppled and the Russian no-bility was abolished. So how could

How could he be a grandnephew

when Tolstov's grandchildren were

born in the early 1900s, and his

great grandchildren in the 1920s?

Moreover, the title of "count"

was bestowed on the junior branch,

and not on the senior branch which

he purports to head. Peter Tolstoy,

Leo's ancestor, was honored with

the title by Catherine for services

related to her father's reign.
(One of these had to do with the

demise of the heir to the throne

Alexis, whom Peter Tolstoy per

suaded to return after he had fled

to Europe. Records which still exist

at Yasnya Polyana indicate that

although Peter Tolstoy headed the committee which tried the unfortu-

Chalmers Roberts, in his review

Fall" by John Prados, recalls "Op-

cration Vulture" and official Wash-

ington's eagerness to plunge the United States into French Indo-

china after dropping three atomic

bombs. Who got us into that mess

Three decades of lawmakers, edi-

torial writers and book publishers

would seem to be in a conspiracy of

silence, determined to keep that

coffin battened. Only because oth-

er adventurism, notably in Central

America, seems possible, is the lid

Mr. Roberts and The Washing-

ton Post merit kudos for scooping

the competition in recounting de-

tails of that hurried State Depart-

ment meeting when John Foster Dulles (he said it was at Ike's bid-

ding) sought the support of key

congressional leaders to grant the

president emergency powers to

drop those atomic bombs and save

Roberts is unimportant; he told it

well and later reports validated it.

Moreover, no one has denied it.

have gone astray is in his conclu-

sion that Anthony Eden prevented

Britain's support, the prime condi-

tion imposed by the congressmen

After hearing their condition,

plus a fiery denunciation from Sen-

ator Richard Russell, Mr. Dulles

Mr. Dulles consulted.

dants of noble Russian families sped over to the White House, got

Who leaked the story to Mr.

Where Mr. Roberts seems to

France's neck at Dienbienphu.

in the first place?

even partly lifted.

Operation Vulture: Who Prevented It?

(IHT, July 1) of "The Sky Would your old warine friend" and flew

illustrious in Russian history.

he be born a count?

sion in 1981 and 1982, and also for it being repeat-edly criticized by a special UN

Mrs. Garcia Villas joined the Christian Democratic Party in 1969, and between 1974 and 1976 served as a deputy in the Salvadoran assembly. In 1979, she left the Christian Democrats to work on the human rights commission that she had formed the previous year

with seven colleagues. When her parents were threatened in the summer of 1980, she moved to Mexico City to set up an

In 1981 and 1982, Mrs. Garcia Villas travelled to Spain, where she was decorated by the queen and hailed by human rights activists. Her organization was nominated for the Nobel Peace Prize.

But back in Central America, according to Mr. Zoller, Mrs. Garcia Villas's colleagues in San Salvador looked on her glamourous life with increasing resentment as they got on with the dirty, difficult work of investigating death and torture.

Upon her return to Mexico, Mrs. Garcia Villas grew increasingly concerned with the decline in quality and regularity of information coming from El Salvador, and also with reports that the commission had been infiltrated by leftist guer-

The picture that emerged at the start of 1983, Mr. Zoller said, was that of a woman under pressure, her credibility as a human rights investigator questioned and her ties with her colleagues greatly

Shrugging off warnings from friends, Mrs. Garcia Villas determined to regain the initiative with a dramatic new inquiry based on

edict that condemned him.)

Extravagant soirces with dan

the present state of the world.

valid now as it was then.

deplore Nikolai Tolstoy's kind of

profit-seeking, titillating literature.

TATIANA TOLSTOY,

SERGE LOPOUKHINE,

DR. SERGE TOLSTOY,

ALEXANDRE TOLSTOY,

ALEXANDRA S. TOLSTOY.

Ike to write a personal plea "from

off to England to see Churchill. Sir

Winston was shocked. No. Britain

Sir Winston telephoned Eisen-

hower and told him to stop Opera-

tion Vulture at all costs. He

instructed his ambassador in

Washington to attend no meetings

with Mr. Dulles about collective

action in Southeast Asia, and he

made certain Anthony Eden got the message. "Dulles lies to us,"

Churchill told Lord Moran, his

confident, surgeon and biographer.

hower was hardly loftier. "He's

the White House. He was contemp-

for trying to hold on in Indochina.

There is no evidence that he sus-

pected the involvement of Saigon-

But Mr. Roberts and Mr. Prados

agree with others privy to those

events that it was General Matthew

Ridgway, more than anyone else,

who kept us out of the Indochinese

If war is too serious a matter to

be entrusted to generals, peace is

surely far too fragile in the clumsy

clutch of politicians. Someday

America will face up to the sad

reality of Vietnam, and will be

ALBIN DEARING.

stronger for having done so.

disaster - at least for a while.

Marseilles opium traffickers.

Sir Winston's opinion of Eisen-

would not go along!

VERA TOLSTOY,

She arrived in San Salvador in early February. Initially, her colleagues at the commission reworking group on persons who had fused even to let her enter the premises. They then had a series of intense meetings trying to thrash out their differences, but without

Mrs. Garcia Villas left the capital around mid-February for the second stage of her journey. From this point on, the story

becomes disjointed. The one certain marker is provided by a Swedish journalist, Monica Zak. 43, who met and interviewed Mrs. Garcia Villas on Feb. 28 while working on a book in the guerrilla-held territory around Guazapa volcano.

#### Shagari Vows 'Efficiency' For 2d Term

By Clifford D. May New York Times Service

LAGOS - Shehu Shagari, who became Nigeria's first elected president when 13 years of military rule ended in 1979, has been inaugurated for a second term.

In his inauguration address Saturday, Mr. Shagari said the past four years had brought Nigeria peace and stability. The task for the new administration, he said, "will no more involve erection of a system but rather to ensure an efficient working of that system."

He said Nigeria's election was "a demonstration that Africans are capable of establishing their governments through the ballot box under the democratic process of a

multiparty system." The main concern of his new administration, he said, would be "prudent management of the na-

tion's economy." who have interesting anecdotes to nate Alexis, he never signed the The inauguration was combined with celebrations of the 23d anniversary of Nigeria's independence ing girls that go on until the wee

from British rule, and many of the hours, and other eccentricities of rituals and festivities were distinctthe noble class, seem mindless in ly reminiscent of the colonial past. Mr. Shagari was escorted into the If a Tolstoy ought to be remem-bered today, it should not be be-cause he held a title but because stadium at Lagos's Tafawa Balewa Square by mounted policemen in red jackets and white belmets. The Leo Toistoy had the vision then oath of office was administered by more than a bundred years ago a bewigged and robed chief justice. and the courage to react against

Mr. Shagari, who was dressed in inhumanity. That is what is rethe traditional flowing cotton garb markable, Apart from his writing of northern Nigeria, received a 21talent, there was a very strong so-cial message in his writings, includgun salute and "three hearty cheers" from representatives of all ing his published correspondence branches of the military. Tanks, - notably his long exchange with cannon, armored vehicles and oth-Gandhi- and this message is as er imported military equipment were displayed in the stadium. Leo Tolstoy, whose name is be-Fighter jets roared through the skies in close formation. ing bandied about so lightly nowadays, would have been the first to

The crowd of about 7,000 did not quite fill the stadium. The leaders of several oppostion parties had urged their followers to boycott the inauguration, charging that Mr. Shagari had won re-election through voting fraud. No violence

The Supreme Court on Thursday unanimously dismissed as "not serious" a challenge to Mr. Shagari's

In the election, which began in early August, Mr. Shagari defeated his closest rival by more than four million votes, and his National Party of Nigeria took a decisive lead in both the Senate and the House of Representatives. The margin of victory has given rise to debate over whether the country might be heading toward a one-party system. "The president would not favor

that," said Vice President Alex Ekwheme, who was also sworn in for a second term Saturday. "He doen't have a dictatorial style, But I think the other parties will need to merge or reorganize to form a more viable opposition."

really a brigadier," he answered The president is preparing to sewhen asked if Ike were qualified for lect cabinet ministers and special advisers, and on Friday, as requesttuous of Laniel's Paris government ed by Mr. Shagari, all senior political appointees submitted their resand suspicious of France's reasons "Only about 25 percent of those

people will be back in the new administration," Mr. Ekwueme said. In a separate National Day radio broadcast, Mr. Shagari acknowledged Nigeria's economic situation "is still far from normal." He said cy, short-term help. that because of worldwide reces-

sion, oil exports - Nigeria's only they have recently embarked on an significant source of foreign ex- ambitious program of trying to change — dropped from \$22.4 bil- provide permanent housing in citylion in 1980 to an estimated \$9.6 owned buildings, a long-term solubillion in 1983. He said that in response, Nigeria ness for thousands of poor people

"shall only undertake such new seems beyond reach. projects as are exceptionally productive and will lead to diversifica- for is not to have their efforts overtion of the economy."

Before her meeting with Ms. spected and photographed by three Zak, Mrs. Garcia Villas had spent police detectives. two weeks traveling around villages collecting photographs and inter-

"She was talking, talking, talking," recalled Ms. Zak in a recent telephone interview from Stockholm. "She only had one shirt and one pair of trousers, but she was so enthusiastic "

Ms. Zak said that Mrs. Garcia Villas told her she had uncovered no signs of rights violations by the guerrillas, but that she had found and photographed clear evidence of the use of napalm by the army.

The two women arranged to meet the following day, but an in-tense aerial bombardment began. Ms. Zak was quickly hustled out of the area with guerrilla leaders, and she never again saw Mrs. Garcia

According to the first reports reaching Geneva, Mrs. Garcia Villas was trying to escape the attack with a group of peasants when they were ambushed. Mr. Zoller said that one person survived, a witness who has been named by others as Ana Lucia Rodriguez.

The witness was later interviewed by lawyers from the office of El Salvador's Roman Catholic archbishop, Arturo Rivera y Da-

They concluded that Mrs. Garcia Villas had been wounded in the initial burst of gunfire, but that she had kept running until she was caught by soldiers.

The witness said that she had seen Mrs. Garcia Villas taken away in a helicopter. The army has said that a helicop-

ter arrived on the scene early on Salvadoran government, once it re-Garcia Villas's body to the military

Later that day, her body was tory to smear her reputation.

"She tried to get at the truth transferred to the military hospital

A second report was made

Wednesday by a government offi-cial who examined the body. These first two reports agreed that Mrs. Garcia Villas's body

showed "signs of violence" other than the bullet wounds. The second of these reports stated that the bullet wounds had been "the natural and direct cause of her death." On Wednesday, the body was moved to the city morgne. Arch-

bishop Rivera y Damas sent over two of his staff to view the body. They also wrote a report. These officials were later quoted as having decided that Mrs. Garcia Villas had been tortured, a conclusion that was also suggested by

their report, which pointedly avoided specifying a cause of Mr. Zoller noted that in addition to the bullet wounds, photographs in the morgue appeared to show that both her legs had been broken

in the same place below the knees

and the left shoulder wrenched

from its socket. Mr. Zoller also pointed to numerous contradictions in government communiques that were issued by the Salvadoran Army following Mrs. Garcia Villas

Initial government reports said that the dead woman was a foreign journalist. It was not until the third communiqué, on Tuesday afternoon, that she was identified as Marianella Garcia Villas. It said that she had been a guerrilla operating under the name "Commandante I nos "

Human rights activists say the Monday morning and took Mrs. alized it had killed one of its most persistent critics, took advantage of her presence in guerrilla-beld terri-

#### **U.S. Should Shun Force** In a Gulf Crisis, Zia Says

By Fred Hiatt Washington Post Service

ISLAMABAD, Pakistan - The United States is mistaken to rely on military force to maintain access to Arab oil, according to President Mohammed Zia ul-Haq.

Defense Secretary Caspar W.

Weinberger, who was in Pakistan for a two-day visit, has supported a buildup of the U.S. Rapid Deployment Force so that the United States could airlift troops to the Gulf if a crisis threatened Western oil supplies. General Zia, speaking Saturday with American journalists traveling with Mr. Weinberger, said that such an intervention would be "very dicey" and suggested that it could cause the United States more trouble than the Soviet

Union has faced in Afghanistan. [Mr. Weinberger arrived in vanni Spadolini and Foreign Min-ruption of European and Japanese ister Giulio Andreotti Monday.]

On Saturday, Mr. Weinberger journeyed to the Khyber Pass to Gandhi Decries Buildun address about 1,000 Afghan refugees and "freedom fighters" in a

refugee camp. urgently requested anti-aircraft ence of the thousands of Soviet

only that the United States "will do all that we can."

Mr. Weinberger came to Pakistan after a five-day visit to China to lend moral support to the Afghan fighters and their Pakistani supporters and to "nurture and strengthen" the U.S. military relationship with Pakistan, a major recipient of U.S. military aid.

[Mr. Weinberger said the United States would provide "advanced weaponry" to Pakistan but did not specify what kind or say whether new arms sales were involved. The Associated Press reported.]

General Zia is a strong supporter of the United States' anti-Soviet policies around the world, but he has also established close ties with Islamic governments in the Gulf

region and elsewhere. He said it would be a mistake for Rome Sunday, Reuters said. He the United States to intervene, even will meet Defense Minister Gio- if the Iranian-Iraqi war led to dis-

Prime Minister Indira Gandhi

Oil supplies.

said Sunday that India feels more threatened by Pakistan's U.S.-aid-A representative of the refugees ed military forces than by the presguns from the United States, which troops in nearby Afghanistan, The has not overtly helped arm the re- Associated Press reported from

#### China Learns the Moves in Superpowers' Game Beijing Asks Soviet Security Concessions and Rebuffs U.S. Military Alliance

By Bernard Gwertzman

New York Times Service WASHINGTON -- The United States, China and the Soviet Union last week seemed to be playing another round in an international strategy game, with each side trying to avoid being isolated by the others. The stakes were high -if any two joined forces, they might endanger the country left out.

Playing the game vigorously in Beijing, Defense Secretary Caspar W. Weinberger met with Chinese leaders and announced that Prime Minister Zhao Ziyang would visit Washington in January and that President Ronald Reagan would travel to Beijing in April, Mr. Reagan's advisers saw the planned trip as

a chance to play up his role as a world leader. The China visit may also provide a convenient reason for rearranging his Asian itinerary, delaying a visit next month to the Philippines, where demonstrations against President Ferdinand E. Marcos threaten security and are replete with political hazards. After the United States reclassified China as a

"friendly power" and thus eligible for more ology exports, and the United States agreed to import \$800 million worth of Chinese textiles, Beijing seemed ready to reciprocate, at least on the protocol level.

In China, Mr. Weinberger talked up the Soviet threat and the value of closer strategic ties between Washington and Beijing. He dangled a list of possible "defensive" weapons that China could buy, notably anti-aircraft weapons and anti-tank guns.

But the Chinese seemed uninterested in pursuing an open military alliance, which could also be difficult for Mr. Reagan, after his repeated pledges of support for Taiwan. As a reminder that they were not tying themselves to Washington, the Chinese announced that talks on nor- break out of its isolation in the triangle and try game.

the need for arms control accords. But he also continued his verbal assault on Moscow for doing China put pressure on Washington to shooting down a South Korean airliner on Sept. 1, and he accused the Russians of violating ntevious accords Yuri V. Andropov, the Soviet leader, obvious-

ly concerned about the propaganda effects of the plane incident, condemned the Reagan administration on all fronts. Washington's ability to reap benefits from the

triangular game is no longer what it was in the early 1970s, when the Soviet Union and China were in a state of mumal military alert.

#### **NEWS ANALYSIS**

vention in Afghanistan. President Jimmy Carter cut back relations with Moscow and put off seeking Senate ratification of a strategic arms limitation treaty.

Mr. Carter also sought a strategic relationship with China against the Russians. But although Beijing had once sought better relations, Wash-

The Chinese seemed to decide to stand aloof. although they, even more than the United States, had reason to be concerned about Soviet

military actions. China's doubts about cooperating with the

malizing relations with the Russians would to turn the tables on Washington. The Russians began to court the new Chinese leadership, resume on Thursday.

Mr. Reagan dealt himself in with a "high while Beijing, seeking to depict itself as a leader road" speech at the United Nations, stressing of the nonaligned nations, seemed more than willing to test the waters with Moscow. In so

> Beijing, which has extracted economic and technological assistance in return for normalization with Washington, now is insisting on security concessions from Moscow, China wants the Soviet Union to reduce its heavy troop concentration along the Chinese border, pull its forces out of Afghanistan and end its backing for the Vietnamese occupation of Cambodia.

If the United States was the major beneficiary were in a state of mutual mintary area.

The ability to play the Chinese against the Russians ended in 1980, after the Soviet intermediate and emerged as the leading player now. Foreign Minister Wu Xueqian, in New York for the from the triangular relationships of the 1970s. opening session of the UN General Assembly, made that clear in a speech to the National Committee on U.S.-Chinese Relations. "China," Mr. Wu said, "always adheres to an

independent foreign policy, never attaches itself to any big power or group of powers and never yields to pressure from any big power. China has always adhered to principles, neither play-ing the Soviet card to put pressure on the United ington found China unreceptive when the Carstates, nor playing the American card to put
a administration got around to talking of a
pressure on the Soviet Union." Despite Mr. Wu's protestations, however,

American officials were watching to see if Mr. Andropov, having virtually frozen relations with Washington, would now decide to meet Chinese demands at least halfway.

He could do so, for instance, by agreeing to United States were fortified when Mr. Reagan, a reduce Soviet forces in Afghanistan or to a troop longtime supporter of Taiwan, became presi-pullback from the Chinese border area. With Mr. Reagan due to visit China in six months By last year, the Kremlin sensed it could there is time for Moscow to act to stay in the

### Ranks of Homeless Grow in New York

New York Times Service "Actually, we're still trying to get NEW YORK — The ranks of on top of the problems," said Rob-

homeless people in New York City ert Jorgen, a deputy commissioner are swelling so rapidly that city and at the city's Human Resources Adstate officials estimate they will have to provide temporary homes and food this winter for as many as 18,000 people, about double the number who sought assistance less than two years ago.

And despite costs that could reach \$135 million this fiscal year. - up from \$18 million in 1978 the officials say that most of the money will provide only emergen-The officials say that although

tion to the problem of homeless-

They say the best they can hope

City officials in general assume

the costs and numbers of homeless will continue to rise sharply in future years. The city's response has prompt-

ed a good deal of criticism, primarily from social agencies that have consistently contended that the administration of Mayor Edward L Koch is not doing enough. They have accused the mayor of dragging his feet, of trying to discourage people from using the shelters by providing a minimum of services, comfort and security.

Mayor Koch has heatedly denied those charges, saying that the city has always done what is legally and morally correct. He has pointed to the soaring costs as evidence that ness," Mr. Main wrote in a publica-

those who have no place to live and to the policy of offering shelter, without question, to anyone who requests it.

But more recently, the mayor has received some criticism from the other end of the spectrum. Questions have been raised about the wisdom of the city's policy and about the social consequences to the taxpayer and to the people living in the hotels and shelters that the city finances.

For example, Thomas J. Main, a program officer at the private Smith Richardson Foundation, has concluded that the policy, which was ordered by the courts and agreed to by the administration, may be an obstacle to rehabilitatthe the homeless.

"The worst possible shelter policy is one that allows clients to adapt to the 'lifestyle' of homelessthe city is committed to helping tion called The Public Interest.

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# Page 6 **International Bond Prices - Week of Sept. 29** Provided by White Weld Securities, London, Tel: 623-1277; a Division of Financière Crédit Se STRAIGHT BONDS All Currencies Except DM

All of these securities having been sold, this announcement appears as a matter of record only.

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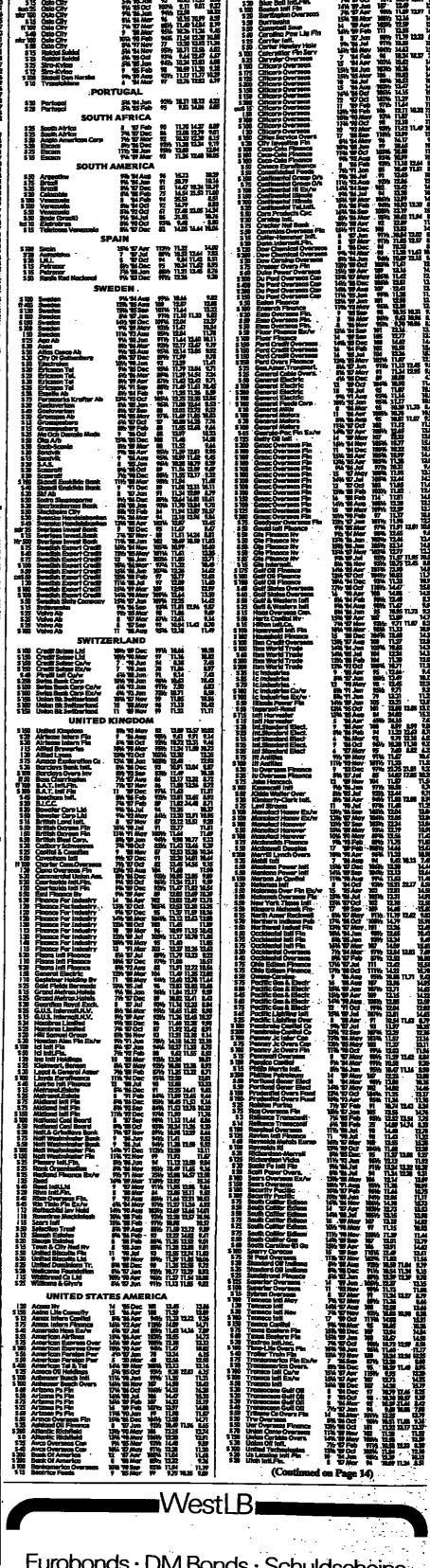
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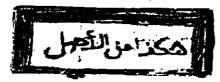
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#### **Soares Gets High Marks** For Austerity Measures, **Party Loses Strength**

By Ken Pottinger

LISBON — Twice since democracy was restored in 1974 Portugal's best-known politician, Mário Soares, has been called upon to rule in the midst of an economic disaster.

Loved and hated in equal measure as a result, this right-of-center socialist has never been able to govern in terms of his party philosophy. The latest opinion polls, which reflect gloom and despondency over Portugal's economy and Mr. Soares's austerity measures, show a large drop in support for the 5-month-old government.

But Mr. Soares's personal standing remains high among the electorate for showing authority and conviction in his handling of the crists. The pollsters say the Socialists' support, traditionally among both sexes of the middle and older age groups in the main urban industrialized.

series of the middle and older age groups in the main urban industrialized areas, has dropped about 10 points while the coalition's overall backing is about 28 percent lower than at the April ballot.

This is hardly surprising given the unpleasant legislative packages put forward throughout the summer. In rare public appearances ministers have stressed that benefits from the measures will only be felt around.

So far the Portuguese have not reacted totally negatively. But there is bitter opposition from the Communists and trade unions who have threatened a major offensive this month.

Portugal's Communists are firmly convinced, as Secretary-General Alvaro Cunhal made clear in an interview at the time of the revolution, that Western-style democracy will not work in this corner of southern

The Communists consistently poll between 18 percent and 20 percent of the national vote. They gain strength from organized labor and the high degree of mobilization they can achieve for industrial action in vital

Mr. Soares and Mr. Cunhal have been personal and political enemies since Mr. Soares rallied the country against the Communists eight years ago, halting efforts to turn Portugal, a member of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization, into a Soviet satellite.

Although the Communists have long called for a union of the left as in France, their loyalty to Moscow, unique in Western Europe, has made

union totally unacceptable to the Socialists. As a counterforce to the party in power, the Communists are strong enough to be a serious irritant but they lack the necessary support to go

So it is that labor and the government's opponents prepare to test the strength and the resolve of Portugal's 15th post-revolutionary administration. Theoretically the coalition, the most solid government to take

office since 1974, has all the conditions to survive its full four-year term. When conditions get tougher it can, as Brazil and other countries have done, blame the IMF. It can point out that the dramatic deterioration of the economy was caused by the cowardice of previous conservative

administrations and it can appeal to a sense of national patriotism.

Earlier institutional difficulties between the head of state, General António Ramalho Eanes of the army and the prime minister appear to have been ironed out. The power-sharing functions of the Portuguese constitution appear to be working smoothly, and the government's chances of survivial would be assured except for some unruly Socialists

and Social Democrats. Recently the prime minister and his Social Democratic deputy, Carlos Mota Pinto, began a major effort to enforce party discipline, with some results among the Socialists, but less effect among the Social Democrats. The factional fighting there might reflect detrimentally on the coalition. Mr. Mota Pinto's leadership of the party is not immediately in

question but there are signs that he could be challenged later. Mr. Soares admits it is no fun for a socialist to be in charge under the whip of the International Monetary Fund, especially when the crisis results from the mismanagement of others.

It is commonly accepted in Lisbon that the dramatic deterioration of the economy in the last two years leaves no alternative but harsh austerity

and IMF guidance at least in the short term. The best that Mr. Soares can hope for is the same miraculous turnaround in the debt figures managed by the Socialists before they went out of office in 1979. Austerity has been an overused word in Lisbon since

of other in 1919, Assiering has been an overtised worth in 125 out since 1974, but this time, the politicians are assuring their constituents, its meaning will become evident to all.

In a hid to underline the genuine severity of the situation some government officials have been calling the current crisis the worst of this century. Nevertheless, the center-right Socialist-Social Democratic coalition, elected on April 25 with a 174-seat parliamentary majority, has all the printed and patherity preserves to irrelement barehyper and the weight and authority necessary to implement harsh measures and

control their social consequences.

It remains to be seen whether Mr. Soares and his 16-member cabinet have the political stamma to see the crisis through. By all accounts, the austerity measures will start to be felt early in the

(Continued on Following Page)

Coimbro



Prime Minister Soares as he made his victory speech.

handy excuse," a senior Portuguese and political importance of their

France, by contrast, is believed bership.

It is widely believed in Lis-

Given the underdeveloped state

country in relationship to EC mem-

They acknowledge that uncer-

present austerity program and that political instability is possible if

Mr. Soares fails to restore confi-

dence in the economy, both at

doubts and questioning about our

credibility," a senior government

Membership also would help Portugal raise funds in European

official said.

### **High Priority** On the Economy By Axel Krause

Government Sets

LISBON — "Fortunately, this is not Lebanon; the only major problem is our economy, and right now there is no other path than austerity," said Mário Soares, Portugal's Socialist prime minister.

Faced with soaring inflation, heavy budget and trade deficits, threats of worker unrest and warnings from influential business and trade union circles that his policy contains major flaws, Mr. Soares, in his first interview since taking power last June, conceded that "the door we are trying to pass through is narrow."

He repeatedly emphasized, particularly in responding to the reports of threats and warnings about the weaknesses in his policy, that "I have no alternative: no one here has."

alternative: no one here has."

The goal of his center-left coalition government, he said, is to gradually modernize Portugal's relatively underdeveloped economy, marked by average, annual per-capita income of about \$2,500. That is well below Greece and neighboring Spain, but ahead of Turkey. "For the time being,

the Portuguese economy is still closer to North Africa than to industrial Europe," a senior Western diplomatic official said.

A key ingredient in the government's plan is long-delayed membership in the European Community, which, Mr. Soares said, will be moved ahead by the signing of the accession treaty with the EC, probably by next summer. He and other top officials in the government also talk of "Europeanizing" the economy, which will include support for expanding and reforming Portugal's stagnating and heavily nationalized agriculture

and industry and encouraging private investments.

Reflecting the extreme caution of his closest financial advisers, however er, and the determined, constraining pressures on expansion from the Internatinonal Monetary Fund in Washington, the 58-year-old leader said: "We are beginning, just beginning to get a sense of ourselves; unlike those in power before us, we have have taken on all the risks along with

the challenges."

Portugal's immediate problem is complying with the tough terms of the IMF's 18-month standby agreement to lend Portugal \$480 million, which IMF board soon and which is expected is to be formally approved by the IMF board soon and which is expected tainties surround the government's

to be reviewed by the IMF early next year.

The funds, along with \$250 million in IMF special drawing rights —
plus \$300 million in syndicated loans Portugal expects to raise in the European markets next month - will be earmarked for repaying loans and easing Portugal's chronic balance of payments deficit. The IMF has insisted that the deficit be cut to \$1.25 billion next year from \$3.2 billion

"Common Market membership in 1982, a level that, in the view of most observers, was moving the would help remove some of the country toward a disastrous payments crisis. Most observers also agreed that the immediate monetary pressures have been eased.

"Things are improving already," said Manuel Jacinto Nunes, governor of the Bank of Portugal. He noted that exports have been rising this year and that imports have been falling and he predicted that the corrent-account deficit would fall to about \$2 billion this year. The improvement,

capital markets, according to Vitor he added, would materialize despite the present leveling off in remit-Constâncio, vice governor of the tances by several million recession-hit Portuguese workers living abroad (Confisued on Following Page)

### Frustration Mounts on EC Candidacy

LISBON — When speaking the United States and possibly Jato further postpone action on is understandable that government Spain's candidacy. "It would be a officials emphasize the strategic about Portugal's entry into the Common Market, government offi-cials, from Prime Minister Mario er state [of the United States], but official said. Soares on down, reflect a sense of frustration and annoyance at the oped with Washington if it is to be fearful that early action on delays in the negotiations.

ATLANTIC OCEAN

LISBON(D)

Setúbal

Some officials, including the prime minister, warn that Portugal will seek "other" solutions in its foreign economic relations if the negotiations with Brussels fail.

"We started pressing our de-mands in 1976 — before Spain and we have completed negotiating 12 dossiers out of 15 and we are very impatient," said Antonio Mar-ta, the government's chief negotiator for more than two years. Mr. Marta is chairman of Portugal's interministerial committee coordinating entry into the EC.

rules — could be resolved within a already very strong in trade and year, he said in an interview. He other areas," a senior U.S. diplo-

Indeed, Portuguese officials said that they are counting on signing the accession treaty by the middle of 1984. That would put Portugal ahead of Spain if, as is expected, the negotiations with Madrid drag

into next year and possibly beyond. Mr. Soares, referring to recent

If not, the Portuguese leader, According to some officials in who has been the driving force for Lisbon, the West German govern-

sign," Mr. Soares said. "I am com-pletely serious about this." ation of Spain. It is widely

Mr. Soares could raise the issue bonthat the remaining three issues when he meets President Ronald could be advanced, but not re-Reagan and other U.S. officials solved at the December summit of home and abroad. during a visit to Washington that is EC leaders in Athens. This means being scheduled tentatively for the that the crucial decision on Portuend of November or early Decem- gal's membership will be handled ber. Modernization of Portugal's after France takes over the presiarmed forces and military bases dency of the EC's council next also will be discussed. Portuguese year officials said.

"There really isn't much choice agriculture, fisheries and migration given the fact that our relations are added, "We are very impatient, but mat said, adding that Washington has always been a strong supporter of Portuguese membership in the

Few observers and government

integration into the community, ex-ment fears that if Portugal signs presses determination to seek alter-before Spain, then those who are natives. He regularly mentions developing closer, "other" ties with and industry imports would press

new relationships could be develshown that the EC is unable to Portugal could accelerate consider-

Diplomats in Lisbon say that of Portuguese industry and the fact Mr. Soares will be forced to contin- that it is not a net exporter of farm ue pressuring European leaders to products (Portugal imports well act on EC membership.

products (Portugal imports well over half its food requirements), it

10-nation organization.

officials in Lisbon have any illusions about the difficulties. Portuguese membership is politically tied to Spain's candidacy and that in turn is complicated by opposi-tion from French and Italian farm conversations with Spain's Prime interests and by the broader, explo-Minister Felipe González, said : sive issues of reforming the EC's Common Agricultural Policy and does not want to penalize Portugal.

I think we will sign by next year."

the financing of the EC in the years ahead.

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Household Textiles

# Why Second Republic Is Not Like First

By Douglas L. Wheeler

A nation almost 900 years old, Portugal has Europe's oldest unsittered borders, and its people cherish an inherent sense of the past. But history, as a subject of discussion, is not limited to academic debates over whether or not the Salazar-Caetano dictatorship (1926-1974) was fascist, but is now a subject of intense interest

People long to discern in the patterns of history a cine to the future of this novice regime, which is suffering from a surfeit of elections, a bloated, inert bureaucracy, and an economy with staggering problems. Some observers suggest, simplistically, that in Portugal "history repeats itself," and that the Second Republic is simply a repetition of the First Republic (1910-1926). Western Europe's most unstable parlia-

If comparisons are made, they should be precise. The First Republic was the prologue to Western Europe's longest-surviving dictator-ship, the New State (1926-1974), but knowledge of its history was distorted by dictatorial propaganda, censorship and myth, carefully designed to "prove" that the Portuguese people were unstitled to democratic government and required dictatorship.

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The instability and public violence under the First Republic are indisputable. Governmental instability was severe: There were 45 governments in less than 16 years. Parliamentary instability was also severe. There were seven parliaments, four of which were dismissed by military coups and several by the mechanism that has been used by the current president of Portugal. dissolving parliaments and holding new elections with the hope (usually, in vam) of producing a vote that will allow stable majority govern-

acteristic: 3,000 and possibly as many as 4,000 der to hold majorities of seats, in Portugese LISBON - The past seems always present in to 5,000 persons perished in civil strife and Portugal. This appears to be true for politics and government as well as for the visitor who views Portugal's many historic buildings and monuters, the symbols of a great but tragic past. cost of living index rose 2,600 percent. During 1919 and 1920 there was a 400-percent currency devaluation and a high foreign debt. Participa-tion in World War I exacerbated tensions.

Portugal's Second Republic, although troubled with a feeble economy, a surfeit of politics, resigning leaders and a lack of administrative continuity, has been less unstable than its oftendiscussed predecessor in several respects. While that is related to the country's current political the First Republic had one new government system, one of Europe's youngest democracies, every four months, the current system, with 15 the Second Republic, founded in 1974. governments in 9 years, has averaged one new government every nine months or so. But this average is deceptive. Two governments (under Prime Minister Mário Soares (1976-1978) and Francisco Pinto Balsemão (1981-1983) remained in office more than two years each, and one, under the late Prime Minister Francisco Sá Cameiro, endured a year.

Again, parliamentary instability has been characteristic. Including the 1975-1976 constituent assembly, Portugal has had four assemblies of the republic. Except for the constituent assembly that completed its term, all have been dissolved by presidential order before the com-pletion of full four-year terms, but none was smissed by military coup.

low level of public violence and little terrorism.

important characteristic of this fledgling sys-tem. Since 1974 Portugal has had three presi-and economic support for the system's survival, dents, all generals: António Splnola, Francisco and increasing professionalization of the armed da Costa Gomes and António Ramalho Eanes. forces. And, despite disillusionment with poliand completed his term. In December 1980 he public of 1983 is a more educated and more was elected to a second consecutive term. By the sophisticated public than that of 1910-1926. constitution of 1976, revised in 1982, the president cannot serve a third consecutive term.

The results of the April 25, 1983, parliamentaing military coups and two were ejected by military coups.

In a strong majority in the assembly. Although the voting system favors coalitions, and all publications.

Public violence and civil disorder were charthough coalitions have been constructed in orpolitics coalitions do not seem to last.

While Prime Minister Mário Soares (Socialist) has constructed a coalition with the Social Democrats in order to hold a majority of seats for a new government, prospects for this coalition's long survival appear to be slim.

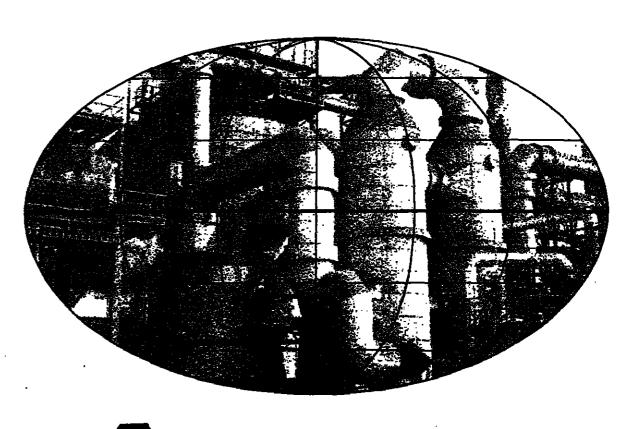
The current Second Republic, despite its similarities to its ill-fated predecessor, has a number of advantages that suggest that the survival of democracy in Portugal has a reasonable chance. While there is a similar tendency for politicians to resign from office or party in the Second Republic, and we may note Prime Minister Balsemão's sudden and enigmatic resignation in December 1982, and while governments are unstable, there are important differences between these political experiences.

The First Republic did not have a true, functioning multiparty system, but Portugal's young democracy today does have one. Heavy voter turnouts and broad appeals of party programs suggest that traditional factionalism and personalism are offset by a functioning party sys-

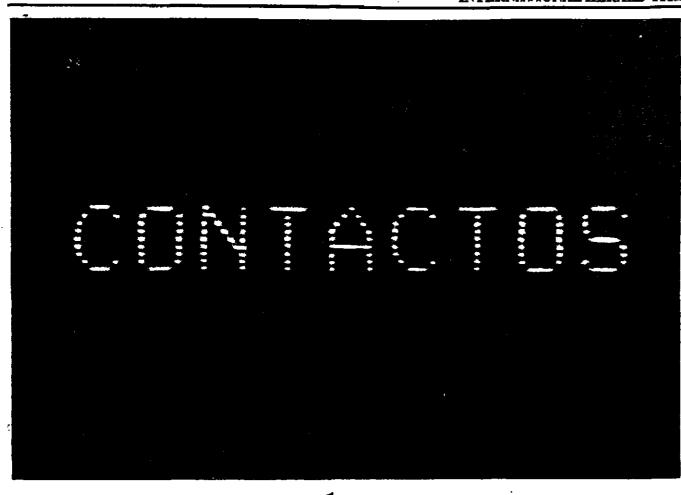
While the Second Republic will have to make up its mind whether Portugal is to have a parliamentary or a presidential system, instead of a somewhat aimless hybrid, it is also true that Portugese democracy has made some important strides and that the national and international environment tend to favor the muddling The Second Republic has been marked by a through of a democratic system.

Positive factors are presidential stability, vot-While the First Republic was a parliamentary or patience and persistence, hard-won civic freesystem, the Second Republic is a semi-presiden- doms of speech, assembly and press -- freedoms tial system. Presidential stability has been an that were much more limited under the First General Eanes was elected to a first term in 1976 ties and politicians since 1974, the Portugese

The author, professor of modern history at the excessive. Eight presidents held office, but only ry elections confirm a consistent pattern: It has University of New Hampshire, is a specialist in one completed his term. One president was assassinated two resigned "voluntarily" follow-







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#### **PORTUGAL**



# Soares Sets High Priority on Economy

(Continued From Preceding Page)

(\$2.6 billion in 1982) and only moderate gains in tourism that brought in roughly \$900 million last year. A Portuguese banker working for a leading U.S. bank said: "With their loans, gold reserves [687 tons, worth roughly \$9 billion] and the austerity package beginning to emerge, I am more optimistic than a few months ago ...I certainly rule out rescheduling their more than \$14 billion in foreign debts this year." would indeed face not only worsening unemployment, but bankruptcies. "We are just approaching the dangerous corner," he said. How much austerity can Portugual take? Will the powerful unions and the Communist Party that trigger a "hot" Portuguese autumn? When will the country be ready for substantial growth

Decidedly unpleasant surprises could emerge on the economic and social front as the impact of the government's austerity program begins to hit industry, small business, labor and farm groups in this nation of 9.5 million people,

according to many observers.

"There just isn't that much fat in Portugal; that is the problem with pushing European-style austerity here," said the executive of a long-established European multinational company

The government began implementing its ansterity program shortly after taking power with some moderate steps — devaluing the escudo by 12 percent against the currencies of its main trading partners; freezing investment in the country's heavy, deficit-ridden public sector; terity. Yet, they have avoided the harsh prediction of Portugal's Communist Party leader, subsidies and deliberately hiking utility tariffs. Alvaro Cunhal, that the government's program Also announced were substantial cuts in overall will fail completely. Mr. Cunhal, widely regardgovernment spending for 1984 with a view to ed as one of the most hard-line Communist alving last year's \$1.4-billion budget deficit.

More drastic steps, already being debated. have been submitted to parliament, but they are expected to be approved, since Mr. Soares's coalition government controls the legislature. They include a tax package that would substantially increase taxes on incomes, real estate and luxury items. The budget and tax measures were protest strikes were being planned for transport, drafted by Earnam Lopes, the government's shipping and publishing. "We have a calendar finance minister and former ambassador to the for the strikes; our members are not happy with the strikes were being planned for transport, shipping and publishing. "We have a calendar for the strikes; our members are not happy with Common Market. He grimly tells visitors that "it is not a matter of toughness, but of rationali-

Meanwhile, real wages will be pushed downward as the government continues insisting that new wage increases lag behind inflation. In the first eight months of 1983, inflation soared to a law being presented to parliament that will rate of nearly 26 percent and has shown no signs of slowing. Next year's annual inflation rate, according to conservative government projec-tions, will average about 24 percent, representing the highest rate among Western industrial-ized nations, with the exception of Iceland and possibly Turkey.

Drastic pruning of government spending, while generating savings, is expected to boost unemployment by at least 100,000 persons. That compares with 470,000 at present, representing roughly 11 percent of the nation's labor force.

not yet been felt, Vitor Constâncio, vice gover- early next year.

nor of the Bank of Portugal and former finance

How much austerity can Portugal take? Will the powerful unions and the Communist Party react once the measures begin to bite and will this trigger a "hot" Portuguese autumn? When will the country be ready for substantial growth and investments? Responding to these questions interesting the country. and investments? Responding to these questions in interviews last month, government, union and business leaders, diplomats and observers often struck an ominous note, warning that if the Soares government fails to restore economic stability and confidence, the country could face political destabilization.

"I am familiar with the scenarios of Portugal returning to an extreme right-wing or lefist military regime," Mr. Soares said in his Lisbon office. "But I believe the people of Portugal know what we are doing in a democratic manner - and will go along."

Business and union leaders, however, do not share the prime minister's upbeat views, alleaders in the West, has repeatedly denounced the IMF agreement, predicting it would create a million new unemployed workers: He has also urged that workers actively oppose the austerity

Union leaders were unable to predict how the situation will evolve in the next few weeks, but what is coming, said Kalidas Barretto, a leader of the Communist-dominated CGTP union, representing 1.5 million workers in agriculture, state-owned enterprises and small private com-

allow companies to lay off workers, paying up to 60 percent of their salaries for two years. "How control over the Portuguese media and that he this works remains to be seen, but we oppose it, would resist. "We are going through a difficult since it really amounts to camouflaged memployment," Mr. Barretto said. He emphasized that in his view "the government policy will not seemed to have picked us as an example, but we' lead to a recovery, but will lead to greater

Conceding that the ansterity measures have fall and winter, but that these could intensify some sense of economic health to our enter-

Reflecting a more moderate view, Torres minister in Mr. Soares's previous government that collapsed in 1978, predicted that Portugal would need face not only worsening unemployment, but bankruptcies. "We are just approaching the depression account accept the ansterity program, but only if other, equally important ingredients were also included: consultation with the unions regard.

> dustry has warned that the government's new tax measures will cripple the nation's already weakened companies. Of Portugal's 15,000 industrial enterprises, 12,000 have a labor force of fewer than 50 employees, according to the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. The OECD has repeatedly urged that Portugal modernize and diversify its industrial production to compete internationally, particularly in light of its determination to join the EC.

> Indeed, some business leaders worry that austerity is a matter of sheer survival. "Unfortunately, it may happen that signficant, produc-tive areas of the country cannot resist the 18 to 24 months of austere and restrictive policies," said Jorge Rocha de Matos, president of the Industrial Association. When the government decides to expand the economy, he warned, "if may happen that there will be nothing left to be modernized or recovered."

A controversy is simmering over what is re-! garded as a first test of Mr. Source's ability to impose austerity and, more specifically, layoffs in nationalized industries. The target is Empresa Publica Noticias-Capital, a state-owned publishing company, which has regularly generated heavy losses and employs about 1,600 people. In mid-September, the Soares cabinet announcedplanned reductions in personnel and other, costcutting moves. They were immediately challenged by the editors of EPNC's leading daily

newspaper, Diario de Noticias.

The newspaper's director and chief editor, 33-year-old Mario Mesquita, who also is a former member of Mr. Soares's Socialist Party, said that reorganization and economy moves had been under study; that the prime minister had been motivated by determination to exercise period in Portugal, but this was not the best way to move on ansterity," Mr. Mesquita said. "He were shocked by the sudden announcement ... my feeling is we can get better results" through He and other union leaders agreed that the consultation.

stuation could become "explosive" in coming months as unemployment spreads. They said workers probably will concentrate on limited what is wrong here and how we are trying to make the losses and restore. prises."

# Frustration Mounts on EC Candidacy

nancing needs will continue growing. EC membership also would been disappointed by the flow of help attract private foreign investments officials estid. ments, officials said.

(Continued From Preceding Page) U.S. companies as General Motors ergy and exports, José Veiga Siment, officials say, Renault has the Bank of Portugal, an important and General Electric and Germana, and he was exploring invest-dominant share —38 percent —of

### Soares Gets High Marks

(Continued From Preceding Page)

autumn. There is every cause to be concerned with an economy that can company, will have invested a total only stagnate in the short term, bringing an unprecedented wave of 1.2 billion francs in several manonly stagnate in the short term, bringing an unprecedented wave of bankruptcies, social instability and other difficulties.

"There won't be starvation in Portugal despite austerity," the prime minister assured the country 100 days after taking office. Nevertheless

soup kitchers for the old and unemployed were reopened in at least one large city, pointing to problems ahead.

Said a Western diplomat, "The Portuguese have a seemingly infinite capacity to absorb catastrophes. It would be nice if just for once their leaders gave them a chance to savor the fruits of all the misery they have

nents, officials said. \$200 million —during the past two which he and other officials said.

Despite the presence of such years. The minister of industry, en-would buttress "Europeanization"

What Mr. Simao termed "a good example, but not necessarily the model" for integrating Portugal into Europe is the Renault investment in Portugal. Renault, .France's state-owned automobile ufacturing and assembly plants in Portugal by the end of the year. This will represent the largest sinaccording to government officials ability among the people here — Renault is building a 240-million plus on our part, an enormous ef-

Largely as a result of the invest-

dominant share - 38 percent - of factor because the country's fi- ny's Grundig Siemens and BASF, ments in digital telephone Portugal's auto market of 75,000 vehicles a year. Fiat is second with 12 percent, followed by Citroen with 9 percent and Ford and GM, each with around 7 percent.

Renault exports 10,500 Renault cars a year and has trained both Portuguese workers and managers.

"We have done well here since our approach made sense to the Portuguese government from, par-ticularly a balance of payments point of view," said Louis Brun. administrator of the company's

Mr. Brun attributed the productivity levels, approaching EC stan-dards, to "a remarkable level of plus on our part, an enormous effort in training and supervision."

- AXEL KRAUSK

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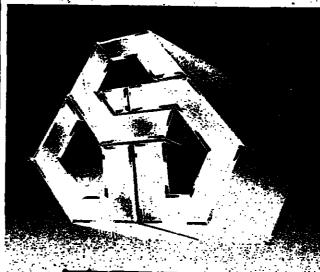
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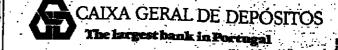
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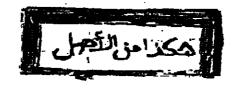
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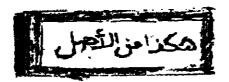
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#### **PORTUGAL**

### Fam Products: View From Brussels

By Craig Anderson

BRUSELS -As members of the 10-nation EconomiCommunity try to solve the organization's secus financial problems this year, they also will striving to agree on the related issue of howto admit Portugal and Spain to the Comma Market

Althogh the negotiations with Portugal are severa months further advanced than those with pain, a political decision made by EC ts has decreed that both countries will jin at the same time. So Portugal will have wit for its neighbor to catch up.

Bt a more serious problem could delay the accssion of both countries. At July's EC summirin Stuttgart, Common Market leaders reaffirmed their desire to let Spain and Portugal jon. But they said this could not happen until a

creating new strains on the EC's finances.

The lengthy pre-accession negotiations be-tween the EC and the two Iberian countries are entering a crucial phase. All members agree that expanding the community by admitting Spain and Portugal is a wise political move. The strategic importance of bringing the countries into a permanent relationship with the rest of Western Europe is underied.

"consolidate the democratic stability which now footwear sector, Portugese industry is fragment-exists in these countries," said Lorenzo Natali, ed and often owes more to artisan techniques the EC commissioner responsible for enlarging

the organization. "It has been said that Europe is like a bicycle: If it does not keep moving then it will fall over," said Mr. Natali. "Itishould not be forgotten that it is laid down in the community's founding treaty that membeship is open to all European countries which stare the same ideals of free-

dom and progress.
He added, This is now the case with both Therian countrie who came forward as candidates for membership as soon as they had shaken off the oppossion of their dictatorship

The fact the Spain and Portugal offer ex-panding markes for consumer durables, such as cars, televisious and washing machines should not be overloated, observers say, particularly as the other EC tates will have duty-free access to these market when the membership process is

The EC sreasons in bringing in Portugal are identical if those that have led it to support Spanish numbership. The problems that will result from enlargement could hardly be differ-

Spanin membership will, for example, change be face of EC agriculture. Its production of ruit, vegetables and wine will add to the sorth of France, Italy and Greece.

enough to compete on equal, or even more favorble terms, with EC industries and the

Membership for Spain and Portugal will oposite direction. Apart from the textiles and Brussels.

than to the mass production systems of much of

the rest of Europe.

From the EC's point of view, any fears about the industrial effects of membership occur on the Portugese side, with the possibility that the country may be swamped by imports flooding across its newly opened borders, nor is agriculture viewed as a major problem, even by those existing member states most worried by the

prospect of Spanish membership.
"There are two agricultural products perhaps - wine and processed tomatoes - which may cause us some problems but in general there should be no major difficulties," says Henrico Pietromarche, Italian minister-counselor to the

"But the economic agricultural structure of Portugal is very weak. The problem will be how a very poor country like Portugal can integrate into a community where there are some very rich member states.'

EC in Brussels.

Far from worrying about the effects Portugese accession may have on the Common Market's bank balance, some experts, including those in Lisbon suggest that Portugal might end up paying more money into the community budget than it receives in EC assistance. Mr. Pietromarche said, "The share of Portu-

existing EC surpluses and put Spanish farmers gal to the budget of the community should be in in direc competition with their counterparts in balance. But because it depends so much on imports of agricultural products. Portugal could Sevral Spanish industrial sectors are strong find itself in a position similar to that of the United Kingdom."

EC officials have already spotted this danger inclusion of the Spanish fishing industry will and have allowed Portugal a four-year period of wirtally double the size of the EC's fishing fleet ownight. he result of Portugese membership will be EC's own resources will be collected by the les dramatic and in many cases will move in the Portuguese government but not forwarded to

# Iberian Neighbors Reassessing Relationship

LISBON - Portugal and Spain, historically pected to rise after integration into the Europe- During that time, Spanish goods entering Portuuneasy neighbors, are reassessing their relation an Community.

ship as both countries undertake major realigr Bilateral trade is one of the issues to be ments with Europe. Spain's decision to join the North Atlanc

Treaty Organization, of which Portugal is a founding member, and the impending entrof both countries into the European Communty, necessitate a change in attitudes.

Despite some cultural, linguistic and relious similarities, trade and mutual co-operationave

been limited. Although a small minority in Portug has fostered the idea of an Iberian federatior most communitywide fishing treaty, neither Portugal

remained virtually unchanged since 12'. Portugal for 800 years has defined itself in ans of not being Spanish and it celebrates as autional Madrid. holiday the end of 60 years of Spanisboompa-

ing a minor subsidiary of Spain Inc.
Portugal's nine million consume offer an

discussed in October at a summit between the tices and has retaliated with administrative deprime ministers of Spain, Felipe González, and lays for import licenses. Portugal, Mário Soares.

Also on the agenda is a dispute over fishing, which has led to a number of incidents between Portuguese coastal guards and Spanish trawlers since a 1961 fishing agreement between the two countries lapsed in January. While the European Community negotiates a

Portuguese cherish the frontiers, whic have nor Spain is likely to agree to a bilateral accord. The result has been trawler blockades, sardine wars and angry exchanges between Lisbon and But trade between the two countries is the

major source of tension. Disturbed by the huge tion in the 17th century.

Portugal now fears Spain's econore might.

major source of tension. Disturbed by the huge deficit in Madrid's favor, Lisbon has restricted As a Portuguese official warned rently: "If the entry of Spanish goods for the last nine we're not careful, there is a danger of sbecommonths. The result has been a dramatic increase in smuggling.

The problem centers on the liberalization of

inviting and close market for Spa, and al- tariffs under special clauses written into trade ready. Spanish investment in Portial between agreements between the two countries. Theoret-1981 and 1982 increased from he a billion ically, they are favorable to Portogal, but in pesetas to 3.5 billion. That is five reent of all practice, Portuguese exports to Spain dropped Spanish investment abroad. Theigure is ex- by one billion escudos between 1980 and 1981.

gal increased by 53 percent.

Lisbon accuses Madrid of unfair trade prac-

The tension reinforces Portuguese fears of being economically swamped by Spain after the peninsula enters the Common Market. A tendency of multinationals operating in Lisbon to transfer regional headquarters to Madrid has not beloed.

Other issues between the two countries include controversy over Spanish membership in NATO and possible nuclear waste pollution of rivers flowing from Spain into Portugal.

Although Lisbon ratified Spain's application

to join NATO, it did so with reservations. The Portuguese military would not accept a joint NATO command for the peninsula that implied subordination of Portuguese officers to Spanish officers, and the alliance is studying the prob-

Portugal also wants to ensure that NATO aid for re-equipping its armed forces does not suffer a cutback because of Spain.

Finally, there is widespread opposition in Portugal to the nuclear wastes Spain presently pumps from energy plants into at least two

rivers passing through Portugal.

— KEN POTTINGER

#### PORTUGAL: FIGHTING UNSUSTAINABLE TRENDS

The Portuguese economy was severely hurt by the world recession, although with some delay. After strong growth in 1980 (5.5%, the highest rate among OECD countries) GDP virtually stagnated in 1981, exports decreased and the current external deficit rose sharply.

The international economic situation affected Portugal in a number of ways. Slow or negative growth in Europe meant reduced exports of goods and services, while unemployment and shrinking real wages implied less remittances from the Portuguese emigrants. The external factors together with a level of domestic demand higher than in other OECD countries led to a sharp deterioration of the Portuguese external accounts during 1981.

During 1982, a tighter monetary policy and a stronger devaluation of the escudo combined to progressively cool off domestic demand, while exports recovered. However, those developments were not enough to prevent a further deterioration of the current account. The increase of interest payments on the external debt and the decline of the emigrant's remittances more than offset the trade balance improvement.

According to the latest statistical data unemployment kept rising during the first quarter of 1983—but still stands at a rate lower than in several other OECD European countries—and investment declined, partly because of a cut in public sector projects. However, this is encouraging news as far as the external account is concerned. The current deficit has shown a substantial reduction mainly due to another rise in exports. This should be the combined result of the expenditure reducing and switching policies and of the entry into operation of new exporting factories of chemicals and automobile

Portugal has now a government with a comfortable parliamentary majority. This favorable institutional environment allowed the government to envisage a three stage economic strategy. The first stage is a short-run (18 months) program aimed at reducing the external and public-sector deficits. The other two stages are medium-run programs. The shorter one (2 to 3 years) is intended for the financial sector, while the other (4 years) is a development and modernization plan.

As far as short run policies are concerned, several steps have already been taken.

As for the monetary measures, they are aimed, chiefly, at cutting down credit expansion, encouraging domestic saving and preventing capital flight. These measures have involved mainly the implementation of tighter credit ceilings and the raise of interest rates. The last revision of these rates occurred in March. The Bank of Portugal rediscount rate moved from 19% to 23%, lending rates increased 4 percentage points and time deposit rates raised 4 to 4.5 percentage points according to their maturities. Currently, one year deposits bear a 28% interest rate, while the inflation rate is slightly above 20%. Simultaneously, investments regarded as basic for economic development have benefitted from some financial

Exchange rate policy-based on a crawling-peg system, reinforced by discrete devaluations when external circumstances so impose—aims at eliminating the differential rate of inflation between Portugal and partner countries, thus keeping the external competitiveness of the Portuguese economy and to avoid speculative movements, which have been strengthened by dollar appreciation. In this vein, last March, the crawling-peg rate moved from 0.75% to 1% by month and in June, the escudo was devalued by 12% in effective terms.

Budgetary policy has relied, mainly, on measures favoring a reduction in nonessential expenditure and subsidies rat her than an increase in tax receipts, since tax rates are already very high. Nevertheless, the 1983 State Budget includes several measures which aim simultaneously at improving the equity and efficiency of the tax system. Thus, some indirect taxes were increased, taxes on less essential expenditure of firms were introduced and efforts to fight tax evasion have been reinforced. Besides, studies are underway aiming at the implementation of a value added tax (VAT), in anticipation of the future Portuguese integration in the EEC.

Subsidies to public enterprises are among the expenditures that the new Government intends to reduce. Some of these enterprises produce and commercialize goods and services with administered prices. As a result, several of these prices have been increased. Nevertheless, inflation, although high, is under control.

As far as medium-run programs are concerned, a strong investment effort is needed in order to change economic and social structures and reduce the gap between Portugal and EEC countries. This effort requires large financial means and technological and managerial expertise. Hence, foreign direct investment can play an important role: creating new jobs, as a source of new technologies and giving access to new international markets.

The conditions offered in Portugal to foreign investors are very attractive. They can count on high profitability favored by fiscal incentives and low labor costs— and quite diversified apportunities. Recently, some sectors—banking, insurance, manufacturing of cement and fertilizers-were opened to private capital, domestic or foreign.

> Banco de Portugal Research and Statistics Department.

### Revolution and Culture: A Search for Roots?

and artists consider the 48 yea of rightist dictatorship, overthrou in 1974, as the bleak times of comporary national culture - thong gloomy night of fascism, i the

words of one writer. The military overthrow the regime opened the door to a littleal explosion and a renewal i Portugal's centuries-old poer and dramatic traditions. In a interview, Natalia Correia, onesi Portugal's leading poets ar playwrights, gave some persod views of the process of renewal

Mrs. Correia, a form parlia-mentary deputy, said thathe revo-lution released three steworthy currents.

It brought about wit she describes as "cultural contraliza-tion," a rash of region initiatives that resulted in theates roductions

LISBON — Portuguese wrats the national heritage, especially Correia said. She said that contrary Looking back on the last nine among young people. To the widely held view, Portugal is years, Mrs. Correia summed up not a macho society. Rather, she cultural advances in this way. The

ma, records, sculpture, bookshops

tions - nearly 200 have been facto domination by Portuguese previously prohibited by the cenformed - to promote theater, cink- matriarchs.

tion, according to Mrs. Correia, said, the revolution gave legal ex-was a rush to form cultural associa-pression to what she called a de duced an initial explosion of ideas

Women's literature has been confirmed creatively as a kind of cultural matriarchy.'

and publishing houses. She said the phenomenon was unique in Enrope. "The movement to form associations straight after the revolution was a reflection of the spontaneity of the event and one of the big drawing cards for the hundreds of foreign youth who flicked to Portugal in 1974 and 1975 to

taste the revolution," she said. Thirdly, the writer said, the revoand writing and art orkshops in lution brought a great leap farward hundreds of towns ind villages in the emancipation of vomen. around the country she said she Parallel with fundamental egal rebelieved this activity a local lev- forms that gave equality of ights to el was a vital comment of the and altered the status of somen in new awareness abut preserving kind of cultural matriarcty," Mrs. arts.

She said that Portuguese litera- tics. But writers and artists have

ture, especially of the 16th and 17th

centuries, was particularly rich in feminine lyricism.

She said artists were encounter-

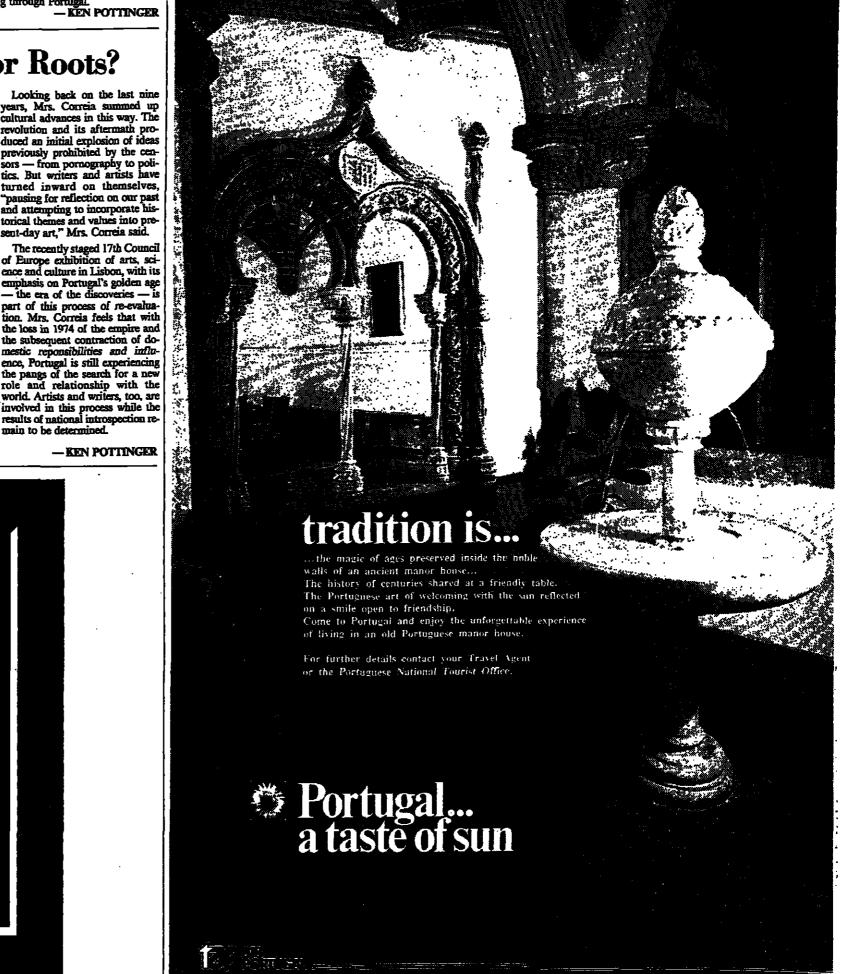
country's rediscowy of creative Portugal, women's literature has antional opera house, could herald ability. She also so there was a become "confirmed creatively as a new trend in some fields of the

sors - from pornography to politurned inward on themselves, pausing for reflection on our past and attempting to incorporate historical themes and values into pre-

The recently staged 17th Council of Europe exhibition of arts, science and culture in Lisbon, with its emphasis on Portugal's golden age ing difficulties in acquiring state — the era of the discoveries — is part of this process of re-evalua-Publishing is another area where tion. Mrs. Correia feels that with prohibitive costs make inroads into the loss in 1974 of the empire and the quality and availability of the subsequent contraction of doworks to the general public. Mrs. mestic reponsibilities and influ-Correia said that in the short term ence, Portugal is still experiencing there is no easy solution to this the pangs of the search for a new problem. Nevertheless, a recent derole and relationship with the velopment that has seen a leading world. Artists and writers, too, are bank sponsor a series of operatic involved in this process while the recitals by a noted singer at the results of national introspection remain to be determined.

**— KEN POTTINGER** 





PETROQUÍMICA E GÁS DE PORTUGAL, E.P.

#### PGP ENCHARGED TO ELABORATE STUDIES FOR LNG INTRODUCTION IN PORTUGAL

Under the terms of its statutes PETROQUÍMICA E GÁS DE PORTUGAL, EP, (PGP), a state-owned company, is entitled to untertake industrial and commercial activities involving the utilization and processing of hydrocarboras, namely naphtha and aromatics and natural gas. Developing such activities PGP uses naphtha as a feedstack for the production of a synthesis gas stream from which hydrogen is split into an ammonia synthesis and a town gas stream to be distributed within the Lisbon city nas natural.

an ammonia synthesis and a town gas stream to be distributed within the Lisbon city gas network.

For this purpose two TEXACO partial axidation units and an ICI steam reforming unit are on stream in the company's plant located at Cabo Ruivo in Lisbon. The plant's capacity is of 225,000 tan/yr. for ammonia and 200 X 10° Nm²/yr. for town gas besides other productions such as Hydrogen, Oxygen, Nitrogen and Carbon Diaxide.

As far as the aromatics are concerned, PGP has under erection the first Bacturuses plant for the aractuction of phthalic antrodride (PA) and

As far as the aromatics are concerned, PGP has under erection the first Portuguese plant for the production of phthalic anhydride (PA) and phthalic esters whose functioning is envisaged for the second half of this year. This new plant will supply the required feedstock for home PVC transformers and synthetic resins manufacturers and the phthalic esters' total capacity will be of 20,000 ton/yr.

The plant is being built under a Von Heyden license and DAVY McKEE is responsible for the basic design, erection and start-up supervising. Portuguese companies played an important role in detailed design and erection and supplied an important part of the static and dynamic equipment.

equipment.

However, PGP's main aim at the moment is to build and run a pipeline gas network in Portugal which will increase the country's economic development.

the studies carried out showed that the introduction of natural gas into Portugal is economically feasible and the creation of a structure for its distribution in the country besides the town gas distribution in Lisbon, the only existing gas supply system at the moment. These studies were carried out in collaboration with foreign specialized companies allowing the establishment of the investment's capacity for an LNG import terminal (including storage and regasification facilities) and a distribution network to the main consumption centers. An evaluation up to the year 2005 of the home market for natural gas including the industrial, tertiary and domestic sectors was made and confirmed by the conclusions of the National Energetic Plan (PEN) issued by the Government at the beginning of this year. The PEN contemplates natural gas as a primary energy source and considers that it will allow the country to go towards an effective diversification of both the sources and energy forms, taking into account that crude has a more than 80% share.

A site location study is being carried out with the collaboration of foreign consulting companies considering a thorough risk analysis which will include a quantitative evaluation of expected risks connected with two possible sites for the import terminal. The terminal's preliminary projects (conceptual and basic) the transmission and distribution networks are also under study and will be completed by the second half of this year.

The studies contemplating an eventual complementary link with the Spanish and European natural gas networks are also being carried out. Meanwhile, PGP is expecting a final decision on the LNG project by the Partuguese Government by the end of 1983.

#### PETROQUÍMICA E GÁS DE PORTUGAL, E.P. Head office: Av. António Augusto de Aguiar, 194-7º, 1088 LISBOA.



#### **PORTUGAL**



Workers sort and clean fish at a canning factory.

# Industrial Sector Is Underdeveloped, Needs Restructuring

Special to the IHT

LISBON - Portuguese industry, as yet underdeveloped and uncompetitive, faces a decisive period as it prepares to join the Common

"Portugal didn't experience the can't afford to lose out on the present scientific and technological revolution," said José Veiga Simão, the minister of industry and ener-

Portuguese industry has always lagged behind Europe's and is mostly dependent on imported raw materials and machinery. Low wages and labor-intensive tradi- EEC competition," Mr. Simão tional sectors in textiles, footwear said. and ceramics characterize the deor near large coastal cities. Many However, nationalizations in 1975 regions in the interior have few or put the state in control of key secment in these areas difficult and fertilizers, transport, communicamattractive for investors.

There are 250 large firms and medium enterprises employ Pedro Ferraz da Costa, president of

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and economic informations, market contacts

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the trade route to Portugal

Other problems in industry are low productivity, a lack of middle management and an acute shortage first industrial revolution and it of financing, which affects both private and public sectors. A direct challenge to development are measures imposed by the International Monetary Fund that will require drastic cuts in industrial investment. "We must use the next 19 widespread. To bring down the vate and public sectors, when im-

Industrial activity is largely in velopment that is concentrated in the hands of the private sector. pressive effect on all industry and, offering more diversified financing no factories, and the lack of a effectors such as banks, insurance com-

tions, fuel supplies and electricity. The private sector has comthose with more than 400 workers plaints. Taxes and costs to private industry soar every day to cover thirds of Portugal's 15,000 small loss-making state companies," said

fewer than 50 workers. These firms represent 69 percent of the manufacturing industry and provide 63 incentives. We are penalized, not allowed to increase our prices and through so many hot and cold cial lending. have trouble getting bank credit, showers since the revolution while while state companies raise prices structural problems remain unat random to balance their ac solved. We could come out of this counts and borrow abroad."

Private industry is anxious to payments but with the industry in support the coalition government led by Mário Soares, but fears of The government has started to bankruptcy, especially in small- meet some of private industry's deand medium-size companies, are mands. The law concerning the pripublic-sector deficit, estimated at plemented, will allow private \$200 million, public investment banks, insurance companies and will be reduced from 30 percent of fertilizer and cement industries to total national investment to 15 per- compete with nationalized entercent over the next two years.

"This will have a dramatic de-should help private companies by

depression with a better balance of the same backward state."

prises. Private banks, in particular,

respond to the governme call for development remains tope seen. Companies are facing a jump in sales, and cash flow polems abound. The construction hustry, which employs nearly 20 peent of the labor force, is working 60 percent of capacity. But expanse tight credit creates problem for builders and home purchars.

minister of industry is studying series of reforms for Portugues dustry. They include an industr development law that will give

centives to mergers and joint ventures in traditional industries, a technological development plan for \* manufacturing industries and a plan to reorganize the public sec-

Perhaps the biggest challenge will be Portugal's large state projects, such as Sines, the oil refinery and petrochemical industrial complex that was conceived before the 1973 oil crisis. Critics call Sines a "monetary graveyard," and the government will either have to close it or scale it down. Other decisions are whether to go ahead. with a costly national steel plant and what to do about the state! shipyard, Setenave, and its empty order book, and lastly, whether to install nuclear energy plants.

no factories, and the lack of a effectors such as banks, insurance comtive road network makes development in these areas difficult and fertilizers, transport, communical.

Textile Sector Feels Bite of Recession, Austerity.

By Jill Jolliffe

OPORTO - Portugal's textile industry, which accounts for onethird of foreign earnings, is feeling sail Werner report, whose recom- while export quotas are frustrating the crunch of recession and the mendations soon will be manufacturers in another. The austerity measures imposed by the

ing the prospect of layoffs follow- ment. which is in dire need of restructur-

Several years ago, the govern- 2,000 firms operating in the sector,

ment commissioned a group of in- more than half of which employ 19th-century techniques. The Werternational experts to undertake a fewer than 50 workers. study of the troubled textile industry. The result was the controver- acting as a brake in one direction, incorporated into the first piece of Textile Institute is responsible for legislation to deal solely with this granting import and export li-

ogy and - in the case of the many ing and modernizing, as with the uneconomic small factories — for mergers into larger, more profitable units. There are more than

Some of the 250,000 workers dissector. The report has been criticenses, and in recent times, potenrectly employed in textiles are fac- cized by both unions and manage- tial exporters have been turned back because quotas were filled. ing new laws approved by parliament earlier this year. This has as much to do with the longhas as much to do with the longthe new law will set guidelines. The institute is hoping, with help for the overhead and modernization from proposed legislation, to inorder the excellent quality of trade by improving the quality of versifying its markets. niqu The infrastructures of market-man

ing, managing and accounting are hand appeal in international hamstrung by bureaucracy and mark

er report recommended that trainor courses be set up for textile pricers at all levels, but especially the managerial level. Two new ajonal universities, the University tof Minho and the University of Bra Interior are offering courses inbe science and technology of

the Portuguese product and by di- lacklet modern finishing technique such as drip-dry and per-

### Shipping: Industry Hurt by World Reession

By Peter Collis

LISBON - Redimensionami is the government's catchword at the moment for the shipping industry. It translates broadly as restrucfulfill campaign promises it carried into office three months ago.

The job is not easy. The world shipping recession has left deep traces on the Tagus estuary. Many of the Portuguese boats anchore on the river south of Lisbon are old

In the Lisbon docks, there is an air of dilapidation and many berths are empty, attesting to the way traf-Across the river, the threat of mass were main supporters of the gov- had to con

layoffs, or even closure, hangs over the Lisnave repair yards following troubled years of falling orders and

The industry was nurtured on turing, and that is what the govern-ment is going to have to do if it is to before. But although it is true that trade with African colonies provided the impetus to develop the industry, it was also partly responsible for its present weaknesses.

During the last 50 years of Portual's colonial era, lucrative routes between Lisbon and Angola, Mo-zambique, Guinea and the Cape Verde islands were shared on a quota basis among a handful of shipping companies owned mostly by bankers and industrialists who

twen the colonies and third comtries the Lisbon companies were in a privileged position since they were considered to have both Afri-

can and Portuguese national status undei Portuguese law. In the early 1970s a series of merges left the general cargo trade virtually in the hands of two major companies — Companhia Portuguesa le Transportes Maritimos and Companhia Nacional de Nave-

When he colonies gained their independence, the African trade shrank to a trickle. In 1975 the companie, newly nationalized,

ficult infrustional markets with ill-adapt, obsolete fleets and inefficient impany structures.

At theme time, the country was beingemed upside down by a political al social revolution that in months agged its industry out of the 19thentury into an era of unions, stres, wage claims and labor laws at guaranteed work-

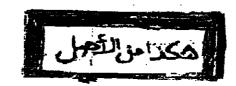
ers jobs.

Nearly a latter of the Portuguese mercha fleet is laid up in the Tagus estary. But despite the accounts with a trading partners the ships cannobe used. Outdated high-fuel consuption engines, outmoded designs and surplus crews have madehem too costly to



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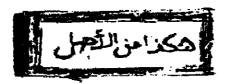
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#### **PORTUGAL**

#### Azores Pact: The Talks Go On

LISBON - Out in the Atlantic, about 3,500 \$112-million concession for the last five-year peririlometers (2,200 miles) east of Washington, lies an island for which the United States is prepared to pay millions of dollars

The Portuguese Azores, dubbed the aerial crossroads of the Atlantic, is a strategically situated archipelago that has been home for 36 years to the U.S. Air Force's 1605th military airlift support wing of the Military Airlift Command.

Portugal and the United States are debating the conditions for renewed usage of Lajes Airfield and other facilities on Terceira Island in terms of Portugal's membership of the North Atlantic Trea-

The Lajes military base, under a Portuguese air force commander, now is staffed by about 2,000 U.S. military personnel and dependents and provides logistical support for transports, a stopover for lighter aircraft and a base for anti-submarine aircraft, as well as a submarine monitoring station, an oil and ammunition depot and satellite telecommunications facilities.

The current five-year agreement expired last The current rive-year agreement expired last February, although secret negotiations began two months earlier. According to U.S. Congressional records, Washington is offering Lisbon \$148 million in economic and military aid for renewing the base agreement. This is 33 percent more than the

But Portugal, which closely watched similar base negotiations between the United States and Greece, is holding out for considerably more, although exact figures have not been made public. The United States has said that it would like to upgrade and augment its installations at Laies and to have additional facilities on the mainland, namely access to an airfield at Beja, south of Lisbon. The airfield at Beja already is used for pilot training by the West German air force.

Although the Middle East is outside NATO's official boundaries, the pact's contingency planners regard this oil-rich area as vital to its member countries. Lisbon is sensitive to suggestions that Lajes be used in missions against Arab countries. The Portoguese economy was damaged by an Arab oil boycott following the United States' use of the Azores in 1973 to fly supplies to Israel during the

Arab-Israeli war.
These sensitivities notwithstanding, Socialistruled Portugal is aware that its role in NATO, especially since Spain's decision to join, is depen-dent on the facilities it can offer in the Azores and on the mainland. Reactions to the U.S. wish to boost its profile on Portuguese territory are tem-pered by this consideration.

- KEN POTTINGER

#### **Establishing New Relations** With Former Africa Colonies political observers said, that will bon and its former territories to

LISBON —When the presidents of Portugal and the United States met, at Ronald Reagan's invitation, in the White House in September, Portuguese-speaking Africa — spe-cifically Angola — was high on the

For some time, the United States has pursued a policy of including Portugal as a privileged partner in its dialogue with African countries that were under Lisbon's rule, and this first-ever meeting of the two beads of state helped strengthen

President António Ramalho Eanes has been a key figure in Lisbon's efforts to establish coopera-tive and mutually beneficial post-colonial relations with its five former African territories.

Portugal has shied away from the kinds of neocolonial ties that other former imperial powers, such as France and Britain, have created in Africa. But, the Lisbon government has emphasized its willingness and ability to keep open the dialogue between Portuguese-speaking Afri-ca and the West. As a result, strong ties have been recreated between Portugal and its former territories, which became independent less than a decade ago.

With its imperial loss, Portugal returned to being a small and impoverished nation. Portugal is in no position to lavish cash and gifts on its former possessions, although it has made some costly efforts recently. Lisbon sees a major need for keeping alive the historical and cultural heritage in Africa, and an intensive effort is under way to expand bilateral relations with Mozambique, Angola, São Tomé,

Cape Verde and Guinea Bissau.

Mario Soares's Socialist-led government is planning a summit meeting with Portuguese-speaking African heads of state to discuss links and to align policies in areas of mutual interest. President Samora Machel of Mozambique will

serve as visual confirmation of mu- enable thousands of interested Portual desires for improved ties be- tuguese emigrants to move to Afritween the two countries. And Lis- ca, providing needed middle-rankbon apparently would like to invite ing administrative and managerial the Angolan head of state, Jose skills, while helping relieve unem-Eduardo dos Santos, but the civil ployment pressures in Portugal. war in that oil-rich country makes The Lisbon government, observwar in that oil-rich country makes

zambique as part of an aid pro-

At that time, President Machel welcomed Portuguese business-men, investors and aid workers as "frontline fighters against hunger, poverty and underdevelopment." Lisbon also provided a \$15-million loan to pay the salaries of Portuguese aid workers in Mozambique and agreed to provide military training in anti-guerrilla tactics to Mozambique's officers and to furnish redesigned military uniforms to the armed forces. Later, however, internal pressures in Lisbon delayed the training program — the first by a North Atlantic Treaty Organization member country to a nominally Marxist regime, while a shortage of funds in Maputo set

Portuguese companies have closed a number of business deals in Mozambique and are involved in mining, road and rail construction and dam building, among other

back the plans to buy uniforms.

Despite the political and social tension caused by unceasing armed conflict in Angola, Portugal has obtained a number of lucrative business contracts, including part of the vast offshore oil exploration on the Atlantic coastline

The dream of some Portuguese

the chances of such a visit negligi- ers said, believes that any openings offered by the former colonies ble in the near future, observors The Machel state visit is an im-creet Western efforts to substitute portant stage in the evolution of for Soviet influences in these councooperation and development be-tween Lisbon and Maputo. In July 1982, Portugal opened a line of credit worth \$13 million to Moneocolonialism

However, both these countries are bitter about the activities of Lisbon-based spokesmen for antigovernment groups. Both the anti-Marxist Mozambican National Resistance, recently renamed RENAMO, and the pro-Western Angolan group UNITA, or União Vacional para la Independência Total de Angola, distribute releases, brief newsmen and government officials and even give news conferences in Lisbon. Maputo and Luanda attack Lisbon for not stopping these activities.

The Portuguese government has said that all shades of opinion have to be respected in a democracy and that no action can be taken against these groups, if they do not contra-vene the law. On balance, however, Lisbon believes its African policy is on course and will remain so with careful attention.

If Portugal is making progress in Africa, it remains burdened by the question of decolonization for the Southeast Asian territory of East Timor, site of a guerrilla war since it was illegally occupied by Indonesia in 1975. Timor remains an intractable and embarrassing problem for Portugal. The dispute has been taken to the United Nations, and there is no indication of its

— KEN POTTINGER

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#### Major Change in Investment Law Brings Increase in Foreign Banks

traditional in the state of the constant deduce LISBON - Foreign banks in Portugal expect to benefit from a the way for private investment in nationalized sectors of the economationalized sectors of the economatic sectors of the economatic

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Just before the summer recess,

the Socialist-Social Democrat coalitic agreed to implement a controversial law allowing foreign and
troversial law allowing fo or sale t in tries. The law had been vetoed four problems. he shall be th study: Posturgues Constitutional revision

the prospect of a more liberal economy, pending entry into the European Community and closer ties with Portugal's former colonies cession. Austen well as the Portuguese territory of Macao, has attracted 22 foreign bank representative offices to the country. The pioneer was the Banwhich tree charges one Nationale de Paris, which arrived in 1974, but the main rush े अध्याद ते अ इंग्रें started in 1978 with Citibank, which was followed by Chase Manthe manageral kein hattan, Manufacturers'- Hanover, Bankers Trust, Barclay's and Bankers

of Tokyo.

While waiting for the law to change, the representative offices long-term loans, short-term import the local of approxic financing and correspondent bank infattore to the content of the content tough," said Pedro Homem, manager of Citibank. "We face compefices pouring into Portugal and

PCA CT CANADA THE PROPERTY From others abroad." The foreign banks are all after AND CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY. the same lucrative business of arranging loans for the big public companies, such as TAP-Air Portugal, EDP-National Electricity orld Recssion Company and Petrogal, the state-owned oil company. Most of the offices have tried to take part in some of the public loans in an effort to please government authorities the chief of the same states are

"We believe the government will

4: Lead wet.

The said Brief

OR MANY THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF the hand and the state of the state of

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Man Man

Africa

give priority to these offices that have helped the country," a foreign Lisbon, however, the government bank executive said. "Banking is a must prepare a banking law setting for the private sector," Victor Constancio, vice governor of the Bank

Although all bank lending is strictly controlled by the central bank, private banks can refuse time allow a handful of pioneers to open deposits in excess of certain amounts, keep larger spreads between deposit rates and loan rates

to maintain profitability and keep more demand deposits without interest rates. Banks opening now can introduce highly mechanized efficient services, maintaining productivity and providing companies with better services than providing to the latest services than the latest services that the latest services that the latest services than the latest services that the latest services the latest services that the latest services the latest services the latest services that the latest services that the latest services the latest servi banks. They will also supply the country with more capital from abroad and increase retail banking by lending in escudos as well as in dollars.

for Lloyds List.

Herald Tribune.

bune's economic correspondent.

colonies.

very profitable business, and new out the regulations. Central bank private banks will be stimulating officials are thinking of establishmum capital investment of \$10 million for new banks - a figure considered outrageously high by foreign bankers. Once the law is enacted, the government will

> Lisbon signed an agreement with the EC in 1981 allowing Portugal a seven-year transition period after becoming a member of the community. During this time, the government can authorize operations on a case-by-case basis. Thereafter, full free movement in the sector be comes obligatory.

CONTRIBUTORS

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British Broadcasting Corp. and Newsweek magazine, and is a frequent contributor to the International

The nationalized banks are busy taking stock of themselves as the prospect of serious competition

#### A Crash Effort to Reduce Imports and Raise Exports

By Martha de la Cal it easier for companies to increase exports in a concerted effort to curb its \$3.2-billion trade deficit by

government is to increase exports," iance of payments deficit from \$3.2 billion to \$2 billion by the end of this year."

Portugal cannot substantially decrease its imports because they are mostly essential oil and food. Therefore, efforts must be concengovernment and the preceding one wine exports. have taken steps to do so. The escu-June to make prices of Portuguese years. exports more competitive. Companies producing for export are of-fered a range of financial incen-casting and rolling stock. Other

to Europe as a market and as a components and electrical con-source of investment. Mr. Barreto densers to send to Europe, the hopes to expand its horizons. He is United States and the Far East.

looking to the United States, Ja-LISBON - Portugal is making pan, the Middle East and the Portuguese-speaking countries of Afri-

Some of the traditional industries are rejuvenating. The textile One of the main targets of this industry — which accounts for 23 percent of all exports --- is successsaid the minister of commerce and fully exporting stylish ready-made tourism, Alvaro Barreto. "We must clothes, T-shirts and sweat shirts. Shoe exports increased from 400,000 pairs in 1972 to more than 16 million in 1982.

Portugal produces half the world's cork which represents 6 percent of Portuguese exports in spite of a world slump. Port wines trated on increasing exports. This account for a major part of the

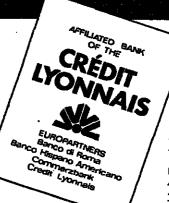
Production of industrial ceramdo was devalued by 12 percent in ics has more than doubled in three

Portuguese foundries are suctives, such as lower tax rates, higher factories are turning out hand tools depreciation allowances and credit. and steel products. New companies Portugal traditionally has looked are moving in to make electronic

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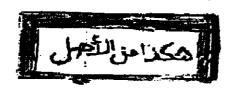
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#### **EUROBONDS**

By CARL GEWIRTZ

#### Market Expected to Keep Churning Until Rates Appear Ready to Decline

PARIS —A rousing \$800 million of Eurobonds were launched on the first day of trading last week, but by week's end the market had lost its

End-of-quarter pressure on short-term interest rates pushed the cost of overnight money to 10 percent by midweek and by the time that began to abate the anxiety about the latest money-supply figures sent the market into its weekly trance. Late Friday, the Federal Reserve reported a \$2.3billion increase in the M-1 measure — higher than most analysts were

For Week Ended Sept. 28 Int'l Inst, is term U.S.S...... Ind. long term, U.S.S......

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**Market** Turnover

EUA long term ...

Overall, bankers report, financial markets lack conviction about the direction of interest rates and until Eurobond Yields

there is evidence that a decline is under way the bond market will

The most telling sign of investor uncertainty about the direction of interest rates is the volume of loating rate notes, which are generally regarded as providing maximum protection against interest rate fluctuations. The volume of floating rate notes this month, at \$1.66 billion, is greater than the \$1.57 billion of fixed-rate, nonequity linked dollar bonds.

This week will see the Banco di Napoli issue 5100 million of 12year floating rate notes with inter- Cedel 8.042.0 6.650.20 1.392.20 est set at a quarter-point over the Eurocleor 12.230.00 11.461.70 769.20 six-month London interbank rate and guaranteed not to be set lower than 54 percent. Banco di Roma is ilso planning to issue a floater.

nmark dominated the market for floating note notes last week with its \$500-million of seven-year notes retractable at investors' option to five years. Interest was at 3/16 of a point over the six-month Libor rate - the equivalent of a quarter-point over the mean of the bid-offered rate. Commissions totaled 1 percent, of which 0.3 percent went to managers

and 0.7 percent to selling group participants.

Offered at par, the Danish notes ended the week quoted at a discount

of 99.15. Banco Hispano Americano offered \$100 million of 12-year floaters that can be redeemed at par in 1991 or 1993. Hispano Americano paid a mission of 2 percent and the notes, offered at par, were quoted at a discount of 1.6 points.

#### SNCF Floater Sells Out

The first nonbank floater denominated in sterling was offered last week for SNCF, the French state railway, and was sold out within an hour of the announcement after being increased by £25 million to £75 million. The 10-year notes, which can be redeemed at par in 1990, ended the week

In the straight dollar debt market, Britoil made its debut offering seven-year notes at par bearing a coupon of 11% percent. The issue, announced for \$100 million, was increased to \$125 million and ended the week quoted at a slight discount to yield 11.90 percent.

Critics said Britoil could have sold its paper with a lower coupon, but lead manager Goldman Sachs, conceeding the point, said the object of the exercise was not to squeeze for the tightest possible terms but to assure a

By contrast, Scars offered \$150 million of 10-year bonds at par bearing a coupon of 11% percent. By week's end, only 85 percent of the issue had been sold and it was quoted at a discount of 1½ points for a yield of 11.85 percent. Sears is estimated to have saved a quarter-point on the coupon (Continued on Page 15, Col. 1)

#### Despite Shocks, Airlines Seen Making Gains

By Agis Salpukas New York Times Service

NEW YORK - Even for the U.S. airline industry, where upheaval has become endem-ic, the events of the past 10 days unraveled with startling force.

First, Continental Air Lines filed on Sept. 24 for protection from its creditors under Chapter 11 of the U.S. bankruptcy code and laid off most of its 12,000 workers. Then it slashed its route structure and hired back a third of its employees last Tuesday, at about half their former salaries, to run a much

Later that morning, Eastern Airlines moved. It showed its 37,500 employees a taped message from Frank Borman, its chairman, warning that unless they accepted wage and benefit concessions, Eastern may have to file for bankruptcy like Continental or shut down as Braniff Airways did in May 1982, when it, too, filed under Chapter 11.

If that were not enough to rock the industry, the following day the board of Trans World Corp, said it might spin off the compa-ny's only money-losing subsidiary, Trans World Airlines, a step that could make it more difficult for that airline to survive.

On the surface, the announcements seemed to reveal an industry in chaos, threatened by major structural changes and faced with fare wars that could further weaken already vuinerable carriers.

But this impression is misleading. Many industry analysts and executives insisted that, despite the problems faced by the three carriers, the industry was not as vulnerable as it appeared. Instead, most predicted a Darwinian conclusion to the turmoil, with a few strong carriers like United, American, Delta and Northwest growing stronger as they pick up the routes — and traffic — dropped by their weaker competitors.



Frank Borman

The executives predicted that labor would now have to recognize the new competitive pressures brought by deregulation and the recession, pressures exacerbated by the shrinking of Continental.

"Labor is beginning to see, as man did, that it will have to adapt, bend, change, and innovate," said Julius Maldutis, airline analyst for Salomon Brothers. And if Continental's chairman. Frank Lorenzo, "succeeds in what he is doing, then the rest of the industry and management would have a very important vehicle for solving some prob-

The shakeout has also been a relief to Wall Street. "I think its effect is positive," said Anthony Low-Beer, an airline analyst for Rooney Pace, of the Continental action. "It the head of labor."

This is not to say, however, that the outlook is entirely rosy for the industry. Since deregulation, analysts estimated that airlines have lost \$4.9 billion and have cut tens of thousands of workers.

And some analysts believe further cutbacks are inevitable. They say there are still too many airline seats and too many major airlines with labor costs that are too high for them to compete with such low-cost re carriers as Southwest Airlines and such new carriers as People Express, which were creat-ed after deregulation in October 1978.

An executive at a competing airline who asked not to be identified had some doubts

about the Continental action, however, saying that the move may tempt weaker carriers to adopt a similar strategy of cutting back through filing under Chapter 11 even though major risks and questions abound.
"A substantial question," he said, "is

whether or not the court will prevent this kind of contract abrogation in hight of tremendous union pressure and the litigation that could

Another question revolves around jobs and politics. If, the airline executive said, enough major airlines think the Chapter 11 strategy is a pretty good idea and all of sudden you have 100,000 airline people out of their jobs, I can imagine some activity from the hallowed halls in Washington."

A major risk to the industry is how the public will react to flying on a carrier that is under the protection of bankruptcy laws, or is about to be.

Nevertheless, Mr. Borman did not hesitate to use the specter of Continental in dealing with Eastern's situation. In his message to employees, he made a point of saying that he was taping his message 26 hours after Conti-

(Continued on Page 17, Col. 6)

# **Swedish Business** Set to Fight Plan For Labor Funds

By Axel Krause uional Herald Tribune

STOCKHOLM — On Tuesday afternoon, about 30,000 Swedish businessmen, bankers and industrialists are expected to march on parliament here in a first major effort to defeat a controversial government plan to establish powerful, union-controlled investment funds.

The plan, if it takes effect as planned next year, would lead to labor groups purchasing impor-tant, and possibly controlling, in-terest in Sweden's leading companies, banks and insurance

"People like myself don't usually demonstrate in the streets, but this plan is nothing less than a form of socialization and it is unacceptable," said Hans Werthen, chairman of Electrolux, the large appli-

Mr. Werthen said he plans to join hundreds of other top executives in leading the march and that he will be accompanied by his wife. "We need to show how determined we are," he said at company head-

quarters near Stockholm. Although the demonstration is expected to draw wide public and media attention, it will not inter-

the closely watched rate for bank

loans in the federal funds market

would have no discernable effect

on the economy, Mr. Paulus said, it

Inflation should not be a prob-lem in 1984, Mr. Paulus said, but

could be rising at a rate of 6 percent

to 8 percent by the second half of

Mickey D. Levy, chief economist at the Fidelity Bank, had a differ-

ent view on the appropriateness of

op again."



rupt the traditional opening-day ceremonies of the legislature in which Sweden's king and queen will participate, government offi-

Nor is it expected to prevent Prime Minister Olof Palme from pressing for support for the fund plan, along with other economic measures, when he addresses the 349-member body on Tuesday.

There may be new political confrontration in Sweden, but we plan moving ahead with the wage-earner fund plan, which as Palme has repeatedly said, is part of our strategy to pull the country out of the economic crisis," one of his most influential advisers said.

would "send a signal, especially to Implementing the plan is a cru-foreign observers, that U.S. interest cial factor in winning labor agreerates are not likely to go charging ment to keep wage demands mod-

crate next year, he said. Government officials said detailed legislation probably would be presented to parliament for voting early next month. And most political observers and business leaders interviewed last week were unanimous in predicting that the plan will be approved because Mr. Paime's Social Democratic Party and the supporting Communist Party control a comfortable major-

(Continued on Page 15, Col. 5)

# Experts Debate Depth of U.S. Recovery, Fed's Next Moves

By Michael Quint New York Times Service

NEW YORK --- While traders scratch their heads in puzzlement over the extent of recent adjustments in Federal Reserve policy, some investors and econon with a longer outlook are debating whether a change in Fed policy is

appropriate. Some of the confusion may be lifted after Tuesday's meeting of the Federal Open Market Committee, the policy-making arm of the Federal Reserve System. Analysts also said the muances of the Fed's stance may be clearer a few business days after the end of the calendar quarter, a time when unusual ving patterns distort overst rates upwards.

The variety of interpretations of

the differences of opinion about growth in the U.S. economy and the money supply, the two key vari-ables that guide Fed officials when

#### U.S. CREDIT MARKETS

they decide whether to encourage higher or lower interest rates.

Some economists view the economic expansion as strongly enough based to continue for the foresceable future. Others see a weakening economy, with real growth declining sharply from the 9.7-percent annual rate in the second quarter and falling short of the estimated 7-percent rate for the third quarter.

The government announced Fri-

Fed policy is partly a reflection of day a 0.1-percent decline in the bring that rate down more before index of leading economic indica- an easier policy is warranted. tors and a 5.1-percent decline in new home sales for August. It was the second consecutive monthly de-down slightly in view of the likely cline in new home sales, which future developments in the economany analysts linked to the in-my," said John Paulus, chief econocrease in long-term interest rates mist at Morgan Stanley & Co. Alsince May.

Similarly, some analysts see that growth in the money supply has slowed sharply to a 3.8-percent rate for Week Ended Sept. 30 in the past three months — the Fed announced Friday that M-1, the narrowest measure of the U.S. money supply, rose \$2.3 billion during the week ended Sept. 21 and conclude that an easier Fed policy is warranted. Others look at the rapid 12.2-percent growth in the money supply over the past 12 months, and say the Fed must FHLB overse.

"It is probably appropriate for

Possb	ook Savings	5.50 %
6-Morr	th Savings Certificates	s 9.36 %
	xempt Bonds Suyer 20-Bond Index	9.46 %
	Markel Funds we's 7-Day Average	8.66 %
	Anney Market Accounts tate Monitor Index	8.62 %
Home	Mortgoge	

an easier policy.

"It would be a major mistake if the Fed has eased," and were to ity in the legislature. bring the funds rate down to 9 But most business leaders and percent or 8% percent, Mr. Levy

# IMF Speeds Effort to Secure New Loans for Brazil

By Carl Gewirtz

PARIS — The international arm-twisting campaign to convince reluctant bankers to lend Brazil an additional \$6.5 billion will accelerate this week with the 60 banks coordinating the rescheduling of Brazil's bank debt summoned to a meeting at the International Monetary Fund on Thursday.

Last Monday, the IMF managing director, Jacques de Larosière, met with the chairmen of the 14 banks serving as advisers to the reschednling and after a daylong discussion persuaded them to endorse the need for a new loan of this size. The coordinating commitsee this week is to hear the same Secrure from Mr. de Larosière and will be expected to then fan out and vally grass-roots support. It in recognition of how difficult it

will be to get all of Brazil's 600-plus bank lenders to participate in the new loan, representatives of the MF and the Brazilian government. hie to travel to Toronto, Honolula givere the American Bankers Aspeciation will be meeting), Tokyo, The Middle East (site still undeter-ment) and then Zurich and London to try, before as wide an audicace as possible, to dispel the Cynicism skepticism and reluchance of Brazil's creditors.

"The bank loan is to be part of an

suspended \$4.9-billion loan to Brazil unless the package is put together. In addition to the banks, the industrialized countries are to pro-

#### SYNDICATED LOANS

vide \$2.5 billion in new export credits and another \$2 billion by rescheduling 90 percent of the in-terest due them in 1984.

Under the current official scenario, Brazil would end 1984 with some \$5.6 billion in liquid reserves, of which \$1.2 billion would result from the production and sale of gold. Currently Brazil has no reserves — a negative balance, in fact, with arrears totaling some \$2.5 billion.

The \$6.5 billion in new money would be the largest syndicated bank loan ever assembled and promises to be the most difficult. The chairmen of the advisory-committee banks may agree to the task, but getting the banks in their re-gion to back them up is another

"It's a Herculean task and getting worse," sighed a banker coor-dinating the rescheduling of Brazil's commercial debt. Before last week's meeting,

That demand, at present, looks un-realistic and only time will tell veloped by the IMF. whether European institutions with relatively small exposure to Brazil (which by now may have been substantially written down in value)

can be cajoled into participating. A senior official of one major European lender says, "I can't see banks accepting to provide a new loan without the support of their home governments."

as a question of conditions, but of willingness of creditors to participate at the least," he says, "the banks will want a de facto umbrella," that is, a formal recover for a question of conditions, but of willingness of creditors to participate."

Mexico's request for \$4 billion in new money, which saves in the participate. home authorities to make the loan. Then, if the loan turns bad, "we can say we were ordered to make the loan."

Meanwhile, other bankers are questioning whether they might not just meet their share of the new loan (roughly 10 percent of their existing exposure to Brazil) by postponing the interest due them in 1984. This raises problems of its own: nonperforming loans generally have to be marked down in valne, loan-loss reserves would have to

\$11-billion package to tide Brazil bankers in Europe were saying they over through the end of next year. would not provide new money until The IMF says it will not restore its less such a loan carried the guaranceight years, and a one-year deferral tee of their home governments. on interest payments would not fit

> Bankers who attended last week's meeting with Mr. de Larosière and a subsequent meeting with Brazilian officials in New York Friday say there has been an effort to fix the maturity and interest-margin terms the new loan would carry.

As one banker explained, "It's not a question of conditions, but of

without much fuss since its debt crunch is now viewed as under con-

trol and improving.
It is widely assumed that Mexico will seek, and receive, easier conditions on its new borrowing than the 24 points over the London interbank offered rate it paid on last year's \$5-billion loan.

Bankers who met with the Mexicans in New York on Thursday said there has been no detailed discussion on terms and that Mexico would wait until the Brazilian loan

# **I'S GREAT FOR PLEASURE** CAN BE BAD FOR BUSINESS.



N.Y. Banks Draw Battle Lines for CD Struggle

By Sara Rimer New York Times Service NEW YORK - The battle lines

pare been drawn. At First Avenue and 69th Street, Manhattan's Upper East Side, a Citibank branch welcomed cus-lemens on Saturday with doughdats and coffee and, in the window, allashing red sign said: "The Rate

Is Here!!!"

Around the corner, a branch of the Chase Manhattan Bank — with filcon-festooned walls - gave with chocolate-chip cookies and cof-fee. Perhaps most enticing, there were signs promising \$10 in cash— with certain strings attached.

At the Citibank and Chase branches and at other bank branches in the New York City effec, bank vice presidents mingled congenially with the costomers and promised to keep the banks open past the scheduled 2 P.M. closing if

It was the first day of the longawaited deregulation of bank certilicates, and the top three competi-tors were Citibank, Chase and of which advertised the highest rate we're in it for the long hand." — 11 percent. Those three banks Many banks were not involved (a) Commercial franc (b) Amount also offered CDs at a minimum of Saturday. Chemical Bank, accord-

\$500, thus appealing to small savers as well as larger ones. A CD is a bank account estab-

lished for a certain length of time. "No gifts, no pans, no pots, no toasters," said Matthew Kissner, a Citibank vice president, who was working at the East Side branches. "Just rates." "This is a special day," said Dr.

Lars Cederqvist, who visited his Citibank branch Saturday. "We don't get coffee and doughnuts and smiles every day." Many bank customers in the Amster

urday openings to inquire about or open a certificate of deposit. At a Citibank branch at 72d Zurich trying to make the most of her Bestv. modest savings. "I'll be retiring in a last less years," she said.

modest savings. "TII be retiring in a few years," site said.

Therese Molloy, a Chase vice and the solution is fierce," she competition is fierce, she compe Manufacturers Hanover Trust, all said. This is deregulation, and

Street and Amsterdam Avenue on 1 Ecu the Upper West Side, Ruth Harri- 1508 son, a secretary who was checking the rates Saturday, said she was

Many banks were not involved (a) Commercial franc (b) Amounts needed to buy one pound (\*) Units of 106 (x) Units of 1,000

the enticing," the spokesman, who San Francisco did not plan to an-asked not to be named, said. nounce its rates until Monday, "Chase and Citi are going head to while the Citizens & Southern Bank

Outside New York, the banking until Tuesday.

ing to a spokesman, had normal situation was apparently much branch hours. "We didn't do any of more subdued. Bank of America in of Atlanta was planning to wait

#### **CURRENCY RATES**

metropolitan area, like Dr. Cederq-vist, took advantage of special Sat-urday openings to inquire about or 5.85% 8.5748 2.2615 4.8498 1.370.27 2.2520 45.87% 1.2223 8.1442 1.2644 8.704576 2.70971 8.4442 1.489.42 1.1177 54.5409 2.2536 18.8453 **Dollar Values** 

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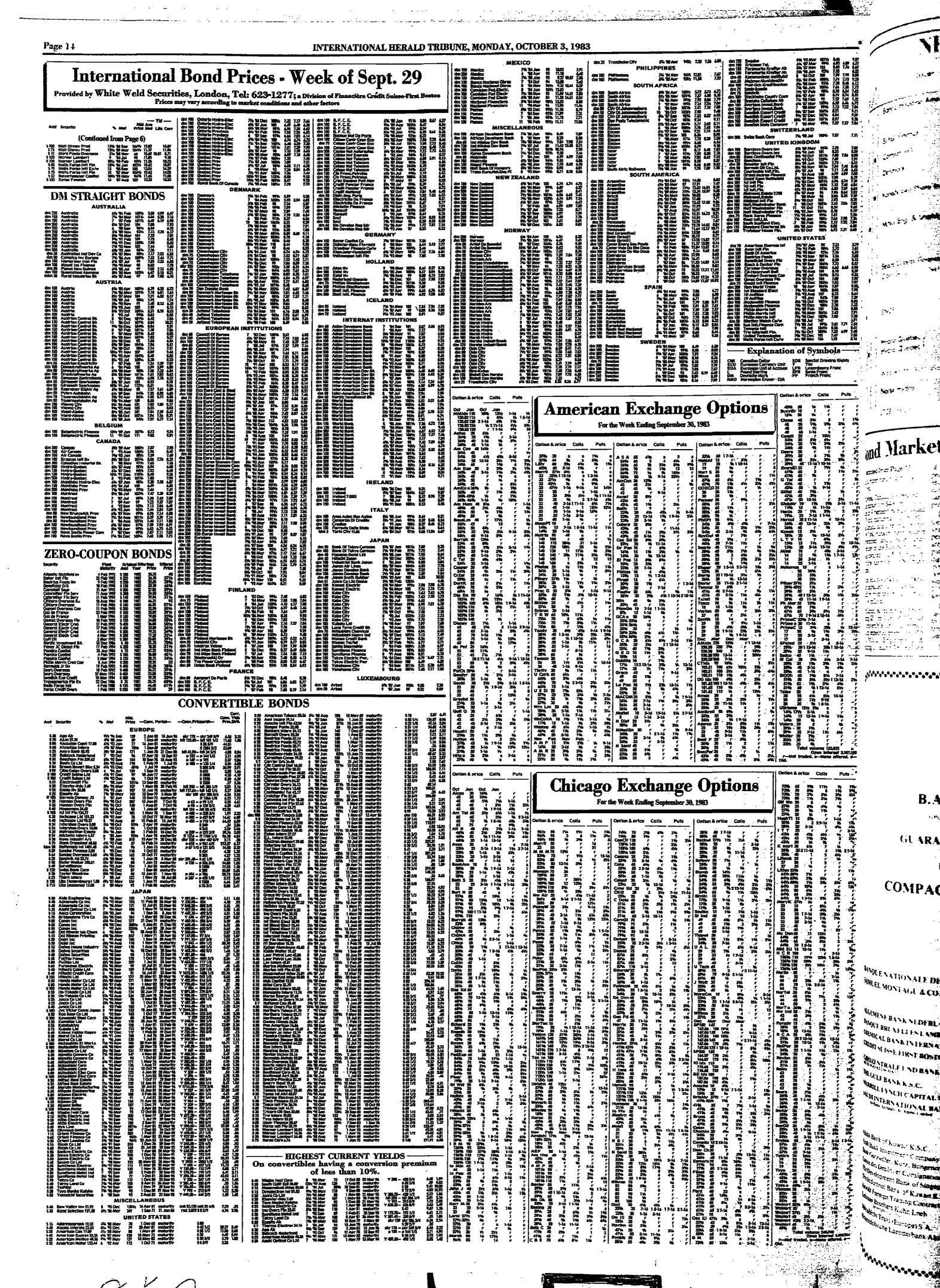
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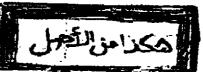
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#### NEW FIIDADAND ICCIDE

		issuer	Amount (millions)	Maturity	Coupon %	Price	Yield At Offer	Terms
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							1156	CG.76 Sprojetje
•	Ciba-Geigy	Int'l (Neth.)	£ 25	1993	64	100	634	First callable in 1989 of 101. Each £1,000 note issued with two warrants, each exercisable into one Cibo Geigy's bearer participation certificate at a 11% premium.
	SNCF		£75	1993	1/4	100	_	Over 3-month Sterling Libor, Minimum coupon 5½%. First collable in 1988 at 100 and redeemable in 1990 at 100 Increased from £50 million.
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	Woolworth	(Australia)	Aud 30	1988	14%	100	141/4	Noncallable. Increased from Aus.\$25 million.
						794	12)6	Post collecté us 1988 et 3019. Selong Rand, la start le 1986 de produce a 6-a spensige Ma.
•	LTCB Japan		ecu 40	1990	111/4	open	_	First collable in 1988 at 101. Price to be set Oct. 6.

# Swedish Business Planning to Fight Labor Funds

(Continued from Page 13) bankers have warned that they will continue fighting the plan even if it is approved. One leading banker said one action might be for comé-mainth Liber, Michiniem coopen Callable at pap las any interest intribute and redestrictile at par L'and 1998, panies to buy each others' stock to consolidate their control over the country's business.

At least one small but highly successful company, Datatronic, is shifting its manufacturing and financing operations to the United States next year and some other Swedish companies, along with large foreign multinationals, are reportedly considering shifting new

investments elsewhere. "We consider the plan so danger-ous that we will continue fighting until the 1985 legislative elections," said Gunmar Randholm, a businessman who heads the so-called 4th of October Committee that is

organizing the demonstration.

"Assuming the funds are set up, and we get back to power in three years, the funds will be disman-

tled." he added. While Mr. Palme has never been highly enthusiastic about the plan and has previously sought to avoid direct confrontration over the issue with the business community, he pledged his party's support during last autumn's parliamentary elec-

"Palme was trapped by the unions and now he has to deliver,"

Refuser 101 in 1990. Report & Reportable and a DO poste of the choice bonders a party official explained. In its present draft form, the gov ernment plan would establish funds in five regions of Sweden, including Stockholm, and appoint liable. Increased from Aus.\$25 their nine-member boards. At least Noble to 1988 of 301%. Selling short in 1986 to produce a 6-yr five members of each board would epresent workers.

Operationally, the funds would resemble union pension funds. But the financing would be generated by a new tax on net corporate profits, based on a complicated formula of adjustments for inflation and other factors.

Disbursements to the fund would be deductable by the companies for income tax purposes. For many of Sweden's top companies, the additional tax on their reported profits would average about 6 percent. The funds' proceeds would be channeled into Sweden's pension insurance fund.

The president of one of Sweden's largest and most profitable private banks said his company's tax bill would rise by 100 million kronor (\$12.8 million) next year, assuming the plan takes effect in 1984.

Each of the funds would receive a maximum of 400 million kronor annually, running through 1990. That would give the funds a total of 14 billion kronor with which to accomplish the programs goal.

Per-Olof Edin, a political ap-pointee in the finance ministry and the plan's main architect, described that goal as "investing in Swedish companies to improve the supply of venture capital for the benefit of

federation strategists emphasize tion's industrial establishment that the plan would limit fund ownership to 49 percent of any single their investments? How do they company or bank and that the buying strategy has not yet been deter-

cconomist

She noted that share prices on the Stockholm Stock Exchange are booming. But she also conceded that the funds' financial resources would be "considerable" and that
within the next seven years they
could wind up owning 5 percent to
10 percent of Sweden's leading
would be "considerable" and that
"Ownership of industry is highly
concentrated here and it wouldn't
take that much to obtain control,

"How do these companies plan think? We want more open discussions about their goals," she said, adding that this would include dis-"We aren't going to be buying up control of companies — bang, like that," said Anna Hedborg the Trade Union Confederation's chief more about what is going on and

have a say." Leading Swedish business leaders and bankers interviewed last week were skeptical of the unions'

Swedish production and employ-ment." companies. She said such a devel-opment would be "moving towards" said Mr. Werthen, who is also democratic ownership" of the ua-chairman of L.M. Ericsson, Sweden's large telecommunications

сотралу Another important unanswered question is whether the opposition parties in parliament will use the fund issue to block Mr. Palme's economic austerity program, which is also due to be voted on within the next few weeks.

The austerity package includes proposals to reduce Sweden's corporate and marginal income tax rates, the virtual elimination of indexation and substantial cuts in government spending moves that have been endorsed by the center and conservative parties, which together control 163 seats in parlia-

ptions

# **Bond Market Awaits Sign on Rates**

(Continued from Page 13)

. This week, Canada is expected to tan the market for \$400 million to replace its 9 percent bonds issued in 1978 and maturing this month. While Canada could refinance this in New York, bankers here believe h the government could raise funds at lower cost in the Eurobond marissue of five-year notes for Nomura

In the equity-linked market, Comsat increased its offering to \$110 million from the initially indicated \$100 million.

From Japan, Konishiroku Photo is offering \$50 million of 15-year bonds convertible into common stock at an expected premium of 5 percent. Mitsui Engineering & Geep-discount bonds.
Shipbuilding is selling \$50 million . The European currency unit

of five-year notes bearing an ex- market, which has seen some 200 selling its paper here rather than in pected coupon of 74 percent. In million ECUs floated this month, is showing signs of indisaction has exchange for this low coupon, the showing signs of indigestion but company is offering holders warrants to buy shares at an expected abating. Long Term Credit Bank of premium of 2½ percent.

In the sterling market, Ciba-Geigy is offering £25 million of 10-year bonds bearing a coupon of 6% percent. Offsetting the low coupon are warrants to buy two bearer-this month, as is Italy— be looking for around 4 ket Also awaited is a \$100-million participation certificates (nonvoting shares) at a price of 11/2 percent over the current share price. The bonds stripped of the warrants were quoted at 724 for a yield of 11% percent and the warrants alone were quoted at 28.

> Lead manager S.G. Warburg said Swiss investors were attracted to the warrants while U.K. institutions were attracted to the stripped deep-discount bonds.

#### British Unions Set Strike at Vauxhall

COVENTRY, England — Unions representing 14,500 Vaux-hall Motors workers have rejected a revised pay offer and called a strike beginning Monday against the General Motors Corp. subsidiary, which has factories at Luton and Dustable, near London, and at Ellesmere Port, near Liverpool.

this month, as is Italy — which will be looking for around 400 million Cliff Keech, leader of the inter-ECUs, but only 50 million of this is union negotiating team, said Satur-day, "We are farther apart than we were last week." Union leaders expected to be offered internationally. The bulk of the issue will be have cited Vanxhall's record sales Prices in the Deutsche mark secin the British car market this year. tor were firm but no new issues but the company has said profit has were offered as the calendar for the not kept pace with sales. month has been completed with the

A company spokesman, Eddie Quinn, said Vauxhall had dropped exception of a private placement for the World Bank. This month's its demand for a 14-month contract calendar is to be announced on and would revert to the 12-month pact that is normal in the industry.

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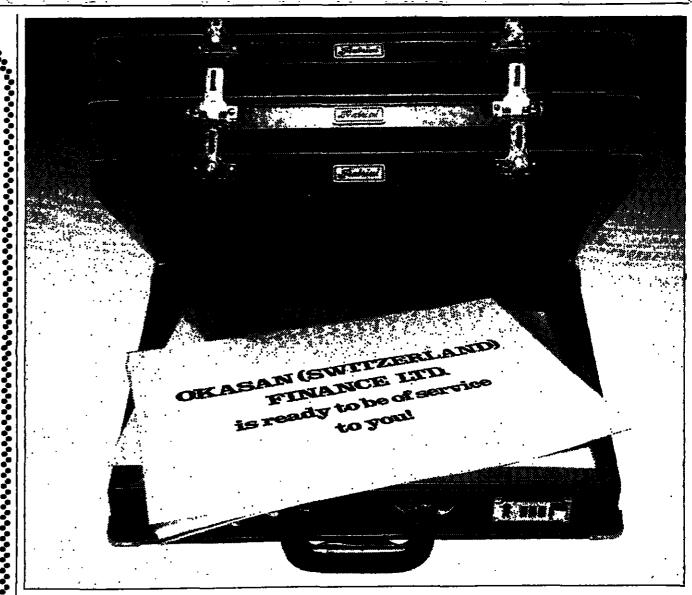
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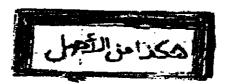
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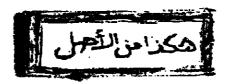
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Over-the-Counter (Continued from Page 16) NOT THE PARTY OF T | 130 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 Gold Options (prices in \$/02.) Prices Nov. Feb. May Valents White Weld S.A. 1. Quai de Mont-Blanc 1211 Geneva 1. Switzerland Tel. 310251 - Telex 28305 **AMREM '84"** 

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Continental Air Continues to Fly

WASHINGTON - Executives of Continental Airlines denied Sunday that they were trying to break the the airline's unions when they filed for bankruptcy protection last

And Continental's operations seemed little affected by the second day of a strike against the airline by members of the Air Line Pilots Association (ALPA) and by flight attendants. Airline officials said virtually all scheduled flights were operating, at high passen-

"The workers want to come successful," Philip J. Bakes Jr., the airline's executive vice president, said in an appearance on

Mr. Bakes said that Continental, in filing for bankruptcy protection, and slashing its operations and staff, was trying to keep itself alive, not break its

#### U.S. Phone Firms Seek \$20 Billion In Access Charges

WASHINGTON - American and others slim down, the stronger Telephone & Telegraph Co. and airlines will be able to move into independent telephone companies the vacuum with extra flights. For have filed for \$20 billion in new example, John R. Zeeman, a Unitlong-distance access charges under ed vice president, said last week a recent Federal Communications that his carrier was already consid-Commission ruling that permits a ering an expansion of its hub in \$2-a-month increase in residential Denver, where Continental has cut consumers' monthly bills for the its flights.

the already confused prospects fac-the first six months of 1983. But ing the U.S. telecommunications with better earnings expected in the industry when the breakup of the Bell System takes place in January.

filings, local telephone rates would increase while long-distance rates, the bulk of which are paid by busi-

nesses, would drop.

The extent to which the tariffs would ultimately affect long-distance rates, however, remains un-

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### U.S. Airlines Expected to Make Gains

(Continued from Page 13)
nental had filed and that Eastern employees would, in his words, "be Chance to break even for the year.

Last year it lost \$733 million.

To guard against an erosion to So where does the industry stand

tion as union busting but they did not set up picket lines or interfere with members returned to work. And, so far, they have not filed

And, so lar, mey have not into suits in bankrupty court to challenge Continental's filing.

The problem they face is that many union members related by Continental want to make the new airline work and would oppose court challenges and other steps that could jeopardize the modified carrier's survival.

Most analysts believe that Continental's action will help strengthen airlines that have been growing stronger in the past five years under

Such large domestic carriers as United, American, Delta and Northwest have been able to bolster their profits, expand their route structure and build up their position as large general service carriers that dominate service beyear's second quarter, for example, United earned \$109.7 million, American \$39.6 million, Northwest \$14.4 million, and even struggling

Pan American World Airways \$10.4 million. As such carriers as Continental

service starting in January.

The large carriers are also seeking to put limits on the periodic the Senate Commerce Committee fare wars that have plagued the was voting 15-2 for a bill that industry in recent years and wiped would delay some of the charges out some of this year's traffic gains. for at least two years. Because of heavy discounting, do-The two actions further clouded mestic airlines lost \$546 million in

employees would, in his words, "be voting on your jobs."

The tactic, however, puts union leaders in a quandary. Leaders of the pilot and flight attendants unions attacked Continental's action as union but they did not specifically as a profit of the pilot are union but they did not specifically as a profit of the pilot are union but they did not specifically as a profit of the pilot are union but they did not specifically as a profit of the pilot are union but they did not specifically as a profit of the pilot are union but they did not specifically as a profit of the pilot are union but they did not specifically as a profit of the pilot are union but they did not specifically as a profit of the pilot are union but they did not specifically as a profit of the pilot are union but they did not specifically as a profit of the pilot are union attacked. The pilot are union to profit ability caused by discount now? Many analysts expect middle-sized airlines to shrink and regional and new airlines to undergo steady but not spectacular expansion. fares to distance.

most markets have risen and oper-ating revenues of many airlines 15 to 20 specialized low-cost small-

fares substantially last week, such major carriers as United and American, in keeping with efforts to

Over the long term, Mr. Maldu-Most major carriers — although its of Salomon sees "a very strong and the smaller, low-cost airlines and profitable airline industry." But, he added, "we may end up ed the American plan. Fares in with four or five full-service carri-

have improved even though the cr companies."

Surge in traffic has moderated.

Even though Continental cut include United, American, Delta

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five days before the date fixed for the meeting, at the offices of the banks having participated in the placing of these bonds and from whom proxies or admission cards can be requested. These meetings shall be validly held if the holders of twenty live per cent of the outstandings

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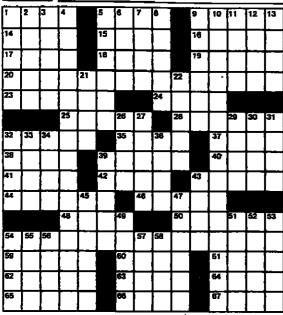
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20 Rarely 23 Goad 24 Bantu language 25 Ancient 28 Temper or toughen 32 Like licorice 35 Emulate Anne Мигтау

**38** Gape 39 Composer Erik: 1866-1925 40 Blue or White river 41 Let it stand 42 Colored 43 Perfume power

48 Merit 50 Aspirations 54 Madagascar, to a native 59 Navigator's map 60 Expose 61 Flat plinth **62** Sew loosely — Rahhii 64 Holy Roman

46 Arrive at

ingredient
28 Revise
30 — breve
31 Ogle's cousin
32 Saclike 65 Bulfinch specialty 66 Oppressive auxiliary verb 34 Pitcher domination 67 Tammany foe DOWN 1 Massenet opera
2 Humming

sound 3 "Odyssey" siren 4 Became 5 Cursed 6 Brainchild 7 Attire 8 Silvery food fish 9 Scattered

**56** Survive 57 Card game played at Reno 58 Difficult

21 In a bad way

Rebekah

27 Gunpowder

structure

33 Biblical

36 Brood of

find

47 Stick

artery 52 Sheds

53 Beak

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39 Archeologist's

43 Land measure

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54 Long-range

weapon
55 Two-wheeled

carriage

45 Loire port

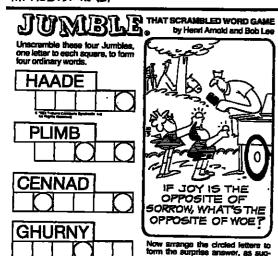
26 A son of

New York Times, edited by Eugene Maleska.

10 Lunar illusion 11 Jason's ship



"You better buy me some new boots...These aren't my AGE anymore."



Print answer here:

Friday's Jumbles: MAKER NAVAL PALATE UPWARD Answer: Could it have been a drama about a famous fleet?—"ARMADA"

#### WEATHER

MONDAY'S FORECAST — CHANNEL: Moderate, FRANKFURT: Cloudy, Temp. 17—13 (43—55). LONDON: Overcost. Temp. 16—13 (61—55). MADRID: Foir. Temp. 37—11 (81—52). NEW YORK: Cloudy. Temp. 28—15 (76—60). PARIS: Portly cloudy. Temp. 23—13 (72—55). ROME: Poir. Temp. 27—15 (81—57). TEL. AVIV: Foir. Temp. 22—17 (83—66). ZURICH: Foogy. Temp. 21—10 (70—50). BANGKOK: Thurdersforms. Temp. 31—25 (97—77). HONG KONG: Cloudy. Temp. 30—26 (86—77). MARHILA: Roin. Temp. 30—25 (86—77). SEOUL: Foogy. Temp. 23—17 (73—63). SINGAPORE: Foir. Temp. 32—25 (90—77). TOKYO: Foogy. Temp. 25—19 (77—66).





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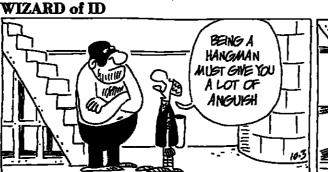
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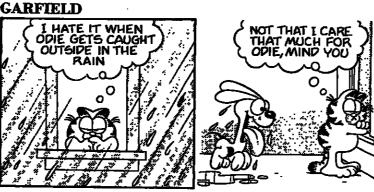








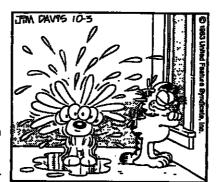


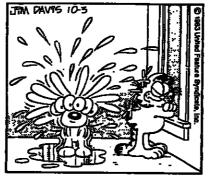


HOT-AIR FAIR — Hundreds of balloons ascended Saturday

from Albuquerque, New Mexico, at the opening of the weeklong International Hot-Air Balloon Festival. Balloonists

from around the world will take part in various competitions.





### **BOOKS**

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Reviewed by Michiko Kakutani

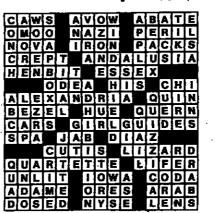
HOUGH overshadowed these days by the reputation of her sister, Virginia Woolf, Vanessa Bell was a central figure in the literary world of Bloomsbury and an accomplished, if minor, painter, who played a significant role in English Post-Impressionist circles between the wars. The outpouring of books on Bloomsbury has continued unabated in recent years; and on first picking up this volume, the reader might well wonder what else can possibly be written about this famous group of friends. Yet if much of the background material in Frances Spalding's new biography seems familiar, Vanessa Bell nonetheless emerges as a fascinating woman and artist.

Seemingly adept at balancing the demands of her vocation with those of being a mother and the matriarchal head of a bustling bohemian household, Nessa, as she was called by friends, radiated an air of formidable strength and control. Her sister referred to her as "the Saint," and likened her to "a bowl of golden water which brims but never overflows"; the critic Roger Fry called her "an almost perfect being"; another friend compared her to a cathedral — regal and inviolable and pure, and Leonard Woolf observed that "she was blended of three goddesses with slightly more of Athene and Artemis in her and her face than of Aphrodite.

Vanessa, however, was practiced at creating the illusion of beauty and organization. Just as she relied on safety pins to hold her clothes together—she managed, just the same, always to look distinguished—so did she construct a carapace of serenity around her loneliness and fears. Indeed Vanessa's life, like that of most Bloomsbury members, was an extraordinarily untidy and complicated affair -so complicated, in fact, that one marvels that they all had so much emotional energy left over to devote to their art.

Though friendship came easily to Vaness and her circle, love tended to be limited and imperfect — everyone, it seems, was forever falling in love with someone who was in love with someone else. Vanessa, for instance, married the writer Clive Bell, who promptly fell for her sister, Virginia, who, of course, married

Solution to Friday's Puzzle



Leonard Woolf. In time, the Bells' marris amiably collapsed, but the configuration it took its place was even messier. Clive's frier Roger Fry, you see, loved Vanessa, who love Duncan Grant, who loved David (Bunny) G; nett, who loved — and eventually married Duncan's and Vanessa's illegitimate daught

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While Vanessa spent the better part of I life living with the painter Duncan Grant, remained essentially homosexual by inclir tion, and in order to retain his devotion, writ Spalding, "she both tolerated his sexual adve tures and defused the threat presented by more permanent boyfriends by absorbithem into their social life." Clearly a mean of solace was provided by her work - i paintbrush, Vanessa once remarked, is "Y one dependable thing in a world of strife, ruchaos" — and by her children, whom slavished with suffocating maternal affection Still, the constant fear that Duncan might-c day fail to return after an affair, combined w the fear that her painting was overinfluenc.

by his, caused Vanessa considerable distres. Spalding refers to these anxieties, but s doesn't always succeed in delineating the co. plicated machinery of Vanessa's inner ha Aloof, reticent and shy, the artist does not lesherself willingly to the biographer's probipen—a frustration that Spaking acknowledges edges. Vanessa's letters, she writes, "revea great many details concerning her daily it but when it comes to what she was feeling suffering as a result of those dear to her, it is if she disappears into another room and firm closes the door."

By way of compensating for this proble: Spalding has chosen to write a thick, fa packed book. Like a painter of the Pointill school she seems to hope that the sheer act mulation of detail will somehow reveal lan patterns and designs, but at times, the facti density of this biography simply overwhelt Do we really care that a friend's brother's w was killed when her bicycle collided with bus? Or that Virginia once forgot her sport ت نده خر bag when leaving for a holiday in Spain?

alding achieves better results when pulls back her focus a bit. Having written earlier book on Roger Fry, she is at ease in be. Bloomsbury and the world of early 20th-oc. tury art, and she sketches in the intellectichmate of the day with brio and assurance. addition to providing the reader with an app, ciation of Vanessa Bell's development as: painter, she also reveals the crucial roles the Roger Fry and Duncan Grant played in she ing her imagination and esthetic judgments: doing so, Spalding demonstrates once agr just how intertwined personal and artistic of cerns were in that little world of Bloomsbur: - "

Michiko Kakutani is on the staff of The N. York Times.

#### Callas TV Program Planned

CHICAGO — Opera houses in four con.... tries will be linked by satellite Dec. 11 in international television program marking the footh anniversary of the birth of Maria Calles. The two-hour program will present live perfomances from La Scala in Milan, the Par?" Opera, the Royal Opera House in London ar the Lyric Opera of Chicago, as well as fileclips of the late soprano in performance.

#### **BRIDGE**

By Alan Truscott

lowed. South overcalled the and put up the ace. one-diamond opening with one spade.

West's double was negative, West's double was negative, suggesting some length in hearts, and the two no-trump by North had a specialized meaning. It showed at least four-card spade support with invitational values or better.

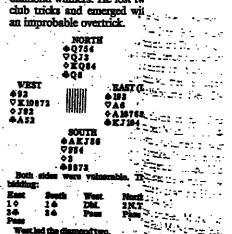
Against three spades, West led the diamond deue. South immediately saw that he was in a honeless counter to return a heart he played the diamond ten, a suit preference signal. defense can take five top winners and a heart ruff.

his partner had led a singleton

East should now have paused to play the heart ace, to see what kind of reaction he

a hopeless contract. With normal play and defense, indeed, South, though not to West. A East he must fail by two tricks. The defense can take five top winwon in the dummy. Now South

But instead of making the. drew trumps in two round A fine play by South on the diagramed deal gave an amount of the diagramed deal gave his trap by playing dummy's diamond winners. He lost two an opponent a chance to err, four. East now assumed that club tricks and emerged wit



# Blue Jays' Alexander Beats Twins for 7th Straight United Press International TORONTO—Doyle Alexander pitched a nine-hit complete game as Toronto defeated Minnesota, 4. 3, here Saturday. Alexander (7-8) as Toronto defeated Minnesota, 4. In Houston, Frank Pastore scattred of the Mets past Montreal, 5-4. Reds 6, Astros 4 In Houston, Frank Pastore scattred II hits as Cincinnati downed the Astros, 6-4. Phillies, 5-7, over Pittsburgh. Giants 4, Dodgers 1 In Los Angeles, rookie left-bander Mark Davis pitched a four-bander Mark Davis pitched a four-bander

runs in the fourth inning. After singles by Willie Upshaw and Jorge Orta, Ernie Whitt hit a pitch from Jay Pettibone (0-4) for his 17th

#### SATURDAY BASEBALL

home run of the year and Jesse Barfield followed with his 26th. Brewers 10, Tigers 1 In Detroit, Roy Howell drove in five runs to pace Milwaukee's 10-1

victory over the Tigers.
Indians 3, Red Sox 1 In Boston, Carmen Castillo scored on a wild pitch in the ninth as Cleveland beat the Red Sox, 3-1. Royals 4, A's 1 Royals 7, A's 3 In Oakland, California, Dan

Quisenberry recorded saves in both games, running his single-season major-league record to 45, as Kansas City beat the A's, 4-1 and 7-3. White Sox 9, Mariners 3 In Seattle, Tom Paciorek and

Ron Kittle totaled six RBIs in Chicago's 9-3 defeat of the Mariners. In Baltimore, Omar Moreno scored the winning run on a throwing error by catcher John Stefero in the 12th as New York edged the

Orioles, 5-4. Angels 6, Rangers 5
In Arlington, Texas, Jerry Nar-ron's home run led California past

the Rangers, 6-5. Cardinals 3, Cubs 2
In the National League, in St.
Louis, George Hendrick's eighthinning homer lifted the Cardinals

to a 3-2 victory over Chicago. Mets 5, Expos 4 In New York, George Foster's

#### Friday's and Saturday's Baseball Line Scores

FRIDAY'S RESULTS AMERICAN LEAGUE First Gome 903 838 686—6 9 1 909 181 838—4 8 1

Frazier (8) and Wynegar; Da-Montefusco, Frazier (8) and Wynagar; Devis, Slewart (5), Swogperty (7) and Demesey. W.—Montefusco, 5-0. L.—Dovts. 13-7. Second Genra New York 911 910 680—2 3 1 Baltimore 10 110 680—3 5 1 Howell, D. Murray (5) and Espino; Palmer, T. Marrinez (8) and Noton, Dempsey (8), W.—Palmer, 5-4. L.—Howell, 1-5. H.R.—Baltimore, Ricken (27). Milanesota 600 600 600—6 3 2

Richar (27).

Minnesofe 90 906 906 90 9 3 1

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Viola, O'Connor (6) and Engle; Sfieb and Mortinez. W-Sieth 17-12. L-Viola, 7-15.

HR3-Toronto, Johnson (22), Bell (2). 300 000 022-4 7 0 200 000 008-2 6 2 Gibson, Lodd (7) and Schreder; Beren-suer, Martin (9) and Parrish, W-Gibson, 3-4. L-Berentuer, 7-5. HRS-Alliemskee, Cooper (29), Simmons (13), Yount (17), Schroeder (3).

Capus assure, 7-5-116-7-Milwankae, Cobser (29), Simmons (13), Yount (17), Schroeder (2). Cleveland 98 809 69-9 6 1 Boston 98 802 -99 1 2 1 Heaton, Etchelberger (2) and Ession; Eckersley, Johnson (8) and Altenson, W.—Scloersley, 9-12, L.—Heaton, 11-7.
Cultierate 18 600 680 6-3 8 6 Taxas 19 100 100 11-4 15 1 John, Corbett (9) and Boone, Norron (8); Tanano, Wright (6), Henke (6) and Johnson, Sundbers (8), Scott (18), W.—Henke, 1-6, L.—Corbett, 1-1, HR—California, Downlag (18), Chicage 216 818 861—9 16 8 Seatite 1-1, HR—California, Downlag (18), Scott (18), W.—Henke, 1-6, L.—Stoddord (5), Thomas (8), Vende Berg (9) and Sweet, J. Nelson (8), W.—Vande Berg (9) and Sweet, J. Nelson (8), W.—Vande Berg (9) and Sweet, J. Nelson (8), W.—Vande Berg (9) and Sweet, J. Nelson (8), W.—Henkes (22), Fisk (26), Saines (20), Rodrisusz (1), Seoffie, Rosnicks (4), Phelps (7), D. Henderson (17).

NATIONAL LEAGUE Pittsburgh 966 601 806—1 7 8
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McWilliams, Sormiento (4), Guarte (7) and
Peria; Denny, Hernandez (7), Reed (7), Holland (9) and Virgil. W—Denny, 19-6. L—
McWilliams, 15-8. 100 010 000—2 7 8 100 204 82x—9 9 1 , Brussler (7) and L

Potterson, Trout (6), Brusster (7) and J. Davis, M. Diaz (7); Allen and Porter, W... Allen, 12-13. L.—Potterson, 1-2.

Son Francisco 806 609 216—3 18 1
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Gerrella, McGoffison (7) and Brenity; Volenzuela, Hershber (8) and Fimple, Rayes
(8). W—Volenzuela, 15-10. I.—Gerrella, 2-2.
HRs—Son Francisco, Evons (30). Los Angeles, Anderson (1).

SATURDAY'S RESULTS AMERICAN LEAGUE

Kansas City 800 622 616—4 16 8
Oakland 801 600 600—1 5 2
Solittorff, Quisenberry (7) and Staughtly
McCotty, Bearth (8), Afterton (9) and Heath,
W—Splittorff, 13-8. L—McCotty, 6-9. HRs—
Kansas City, Scott (23), Alkens (23).

Second Gerne 902 905 951—7 15 0 901 901 915—3 11 1 Onkland 901 601 915 93 11 1

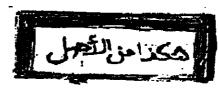
Jackson, Hood (6), Armstrong (6), Quisenburry (9) and Wolfent; Helmüller, Jones (3), Underwood (9), Beard (9), Young (9), Aftertoo (9) and Kearney, W.—Arstrong, 10-7. L.—

Beats Toronto L

Tobik (8) and Sumbary, Johnson (9). We to the control of the contr

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chaos and by he ambientary, forcing Iowa quarterback havished with sufficient lines in a motificiary, forcing Iowa quarterback havished with sufficient lines. College Football the Still, the constant lear that have a sufficient and take losses of 55 yards by his caused vanes constant seven sacks. Long also had two Spatisms refers to the many seven sacks. Long also had two spatisms refers to the many seven sacks. Long also had two down a law succeed and the first succeed with the first succeed with the sacks controlled to the second down and six succeed four field goals to help life the sufficient and six succeed four field goals to help life edges vanes as letter and six succeed to 2-6 and overall but when it comes to what the six of the limits conferred to 3-1 lowe fell to 1-1 in the safferness as a result of these trained report to 3-1 on the season of six descriptors into mother annualities to race to a 27-0 halftime and season of the seas

By any of compensating let. Nebraska 63, Syracuse 7
Franker beck, Like a pamer depack Turner Gill ran for three TDs I maintain of detail will south to pace the Combuskers 63-7 I density of this biograph subjection of 9, 1 and 5 yards. Rozier, Do are that a including source of the biograph subjection of 9, 1 and 5 yards. Rozier, the biograph subjection sourced his 10th and 11th TDs was killed when her biographs are the year in the first half, rushed batter of the birds and the year in the first half, rushed yards.

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Canada of the case with the mix.

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Princeton 27, Brown 16, Rhode Island 12, Massachuse Rochester 14, Williams 7 Tolgram 12, Twiss 42, Westevan 16 W. Virsinia 24, Pittsburgh 21

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(Mami, Flo. 56, Duke 17.

N. Corolina 38, Georgic Tech 21

Lieigison R. Corolina 38, 38, Weite Forest 15

Mississippi 27, Mississippi 7

Jengessee 45, Citodel 6

Vanderbill 30, Tulene 17

Virginio Tech 31, Locisville 0

William & Mary 26, Yale 14

M. 19 Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches

SYDNEY — John Fitzgerald

sping silve in the silve in the first page semifinal beat Noah, 13-11, 4

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The Property of the Property of the 1985

Parts M

swept Australia into the Davis Cup an final Sunday with a tenacious upset

of French champion Yannick

Noah. Australia will meet Sweden

in the final in Melbourne, Dec. 26-

56, 6-3, 6-4, with a sustained power

Lugame. Noah is ranked fourth in the

world while Fitzgerald is listed 33d.

Pat Cash completed the winners' 4-ad iont of France by downing Henri

in Saturday's doubles, Mark Ed-

mondson and Paul McNamee had

given Australia a 2-1 edge with an

Leconte, 11-9, 6-4, 6-3.

1-9, 6-4, 6-3 victory over Noah

/nder-par 194.

irdies -- one on a put of 50 feet.

hird round for a 207 total.

Penn 35. Columbia 10 Penn 35. Columbia 10 Penn 35. 36. Rulpars 25

touchdown strikes to Joey Jones, Greg Richardson and Joe Smith Lewis was 12-of-19 for 156 yards.

scored one touchdown and passed for two others to lead unbeaten North Carolina to a 38-21 decision over Georgia Tech. Georgia Tech
forged into a surprising 21-7 lead
midway through the second quarter
on the second touchdown pass of
to a 23-3 Atlantic Coast Confer-Dewberry. But Stankavage, who had scored on a 7-yard run in the first quarter, completed TD passes and sterling Hinds added two TDs and Sterling Hinds added two TDs and Sterling Hinds added two TDs and Sterling Hinds added

W. Virginia 24, Pittsburgh 21 In Morgantown, West Virginia, quarterback Jeff Hostetler's 6-yard touchdown run with 6:27 left in the game powered West Virginia's 24-21 defeat of Pittsburgh. Raising their season record to 5-0, the on four touchdowns and a field Mountaineers also scored on a 19- goal, including scoring passes of 80 yard Hostetler touchdown pass to Wayne Brown, a 1-yard run by tailback King Harvey and a 49-yard 33. field goal by Paul Woodside.

Oklahoma 29, Kansas St. 10

In Manhattan, Kansas, Marcus Dupree returned from the injured list to rush for 151 yards and three touchdowns in leading Oklahoma past Kansas State, 29-10. Dupree, recovering from a bruised knee registered TD runs of 48, 4 and 5

Bowlins Green 24, E. Alichleo Cent. Alichleon 13, Kent St. 7 Cincinnoti 45, Cornell 20 Illinois 31, towa 0 Illinois 54, 57, Indiana 51, 28 Alichleon 51, 29, Purdue 29 Alichleon 51, 29, Purdue 29

Machinette 53, 24, Purouse 7 New Mexico St. 24, Iowa St. 17 N, Itlinois 27, Boti St. 14 N, Iowa 22, W. Illinois 26 Ohio St. 69, Minnesofe 18 Wichilo St. 43, Droke 8

Arkansos 38, TCU 21 Baylor 42, Houston 21 Oklohomo 29, Kansas St. 10

SMU 34, Taxos-Arington 0
Texas 42, Rice 6
Texas Tech 3, Taxos A&A 0
FAR WEST
Arizone 33, Colifornia 33
Arizone 51, 29, Stanford 11

Artzona St. 5, Stammar 11
Brightom Young 37, UCLA 35
Celerade St. 31, Utah 28
Hawaii 27, San Diega St. 27
Montana 21, N. Artzona 17
N. Texas St. 18, New Mesdas 1
Notre Danie 27, Colorado 3

Son Jose St. 44. Oregon 34 S. Carolina 38. Southern Cal 14

Friday, Jerryd had downed Clerc, 7-6, 6-2, 6-2, for a 2-0 edge.

It will be Australia's 40th ap-

pearance in the cup final, including

24 victories. Sweden has played in

only the 1975 final when, behind

Björn Borg, it defeated Czechoslo-

In Dublin on Sunday, John McEnroe defeated Matt Doyle, 9-

7, 6-3, 6-3, making the United

States a 3-1 winner over Ireland.

On Saturday, McEnroe teamed

with Peter Fleming for a 6-2, 6-3, 6-

4 doubles victory over Doyle and

Sean Sorensen and a 2-1 lead.

Dovle had upset Eliot Teltscher. 6-

3. 6-4. 6-4. late Friday to even the

McEnroe set two U.S. Davis Cup

relegation competition, 1-1.

Sweden moved into the final for records: His 40 victories are two

the first time since 1975 on Satur- more than Vic Seixas accumulated

**SPORTS BRIEFS** 

Tulsa Beats Toronto for NASL Title

edvantage of an official pardon, scored one goal and helped set up smother as the Tulsa Roughnecks beat the Toronto Biizzard, 2-0, in the

Sorth American Soccer League's championship game here Saturday.

Futcher, whose suspension from the league's showcase game was lifted

riday by NSAL President Howard Samuels, netted the clinching goal and set the stage for the game-winner by drawing a foul just outside the

is advantage to 2-0 at 61:37 when Futcher scored on a tap-in of a ball

Tulsa's semifinal triumph over Montreal. By league rules, that meant a "Tulsa's semifinal triumph over Montreal. By league rules, that meant a "Tulsa's semifinal triumph over Montreal. By league rules, that meant a "Tulsa's game suspension, but Samuels late Friday overruled his own officials of the sport."

Colbert Leads by 2 in Texas Open

Joronto penalty area.

After the foul against Futcher, Njego Pesa scored on an indirect free like from 19 yards out at 55:36. Before a crowd of 53,326, Tulsa stretched

Futcher, Tulsa's leading scorer with 15 goals during the regular season

and five in the playoffs, had been given a third yellow card for rough play

SAN ANTONIO, Texas (UPI) - Im Colbert's long, accurate drives

Pfeil surged out of eighth place with a 7-under 63 that included seven

Defending champion Jay Haas shot a 67 to join the third-place tie at

ST.-NOM-LA-BRETECHE, France (AP) - Severiano Ballesteros,

imerican schedule with the Doral Open in mid-February," said the 26-

free Saturday's third round of the 54th Texas Open golf tournament. and Robert Machan, 6-4, 6-3, 10colbert, who led by a stroke after after Friday's second round, is at 1612, 6-3.

Do with David Edwards (a 68), Dong Tewell (65), Tony Sills (69) and Japan in Eastern Zone play. Seorge Cadle (70), Craig Stadler, the first-round leader, had a 70 on the In Freiburg, West Germany

Ballesteros to Join 1984 PGA Tour chael Westphal defeated Roland

the on Sunday won a professional golf tournament here, said he has Saturday, when Damir Keretic downed Stadler, 6-0, 6-3, 5-7, 1-6,

Ballesteros, winner of the 1979 British Open and the 1980 and '83 Wolfgang Popp defeated the broth-

fasters tournaments, will be committed to a minimum of 15 U.S. ers team of Markus and Heinz

Surnaments, which will mean a cutback in his European appearances. Günthardt, 6-2, 2-6, 6-1, 6-2.

as and José Luis Clerc, 6-3, 6-3, 6-3, 6-4, for an unbeatable 3-0 lead. Late 1963 and 1978.

Oklahoma St. 9, Tulsa 8

Auburn 27, Florida St. 24 In Auburn, Alabama, halfback Lionel James caught a 15-yard No. Carolina 38, Georgia Tech 21 touchdown pass with less than two In Atlanta, Scott Stankavage minutes left as Auburn edged Florida State, 27-24.

Maryland 23, Virginia 3 In College Park, Maryland, Rich

ington subdued Navy, 27-10.
Arizona 33, California 33

In Berkeley, California, the University of California rallied from a 26-3 deficit late in the third quarter and 61 yards by Gale Gilbert, to tie previously undefeated Arizona, 33-Florida 31, LSU 17

In Baton Rouge, Louisiana, tail back Neal Anderson rushed for 149 yards and two touchdowns and the Florida defense shut down Louisiana State's running attack for a 31-



Navy middle guard George Herlong (52) went after a fumble deep in Washington territory early in Saturday's game, but center Dan Ernissee kept Herlong tied up long enough for his quarterback, Steve Pelleur, to recover. Washington won.

# Redskins Rally to Beat Raiders

mann's third touchdown pass of Angeles Raiders. the game and second to Joe Washington, a 6-yarder with 33 seconds ing, rallied the Washington Redskins to a 37-35 National Foot-



Joe Theismann A six-yarder with 0:33 to go.

the same bracket for 1984.

In relegation rounds similar to

that between the United States and

Ireland, Britain defeated Chile,

Czechoslovakia eliminated the Soviet UnionDenmark downed Indo-

nesia and Denmark downed Indo-

In Eastbourne, England, John

Lloyd and Buster Mottram, play-

ing as a cup doubles team for the

first time in seven years, scored a 6-

4, 6-2, 6-1 victory over Chileans

Belus Prajoux and Jaime Fillol, giv-

and Bastiansen had downed

feated Carlos Kirmayr, 8-6, 6-2,

and Raul Viver stopped Marcos

Hocevar, 6-3, 6-4, as Ecuador

swept its five American Zone matches against Brazil. Earlier, Andres Gomez had defeated Kir-

mayr, 6-3, 6-2, 6-0, and Icaza had

and Cassio Motta in doubles, 6-3,

lead over Hungary in European

Zone B play when Slobodan Zivo-

imovic and Marco Ostoja teamed

In Tokyo, Vijay and Anand Am-nitraj defeated Jun Kamiwazumi

and Toru Yonezawa, 6-1, 6-8, 6-4,

6-2, to give India a 3-0 lead over

In Freiburg, West Germany took

a 3-1 European Zone A lead over

Switzerland on Sunday when Mi-

Stadler, 7-5, 6-2, 8-10, 6-2. The

hosts had moved ahead, 2-1, on

6-2, in a match held over from

Friday, and Andreas Maurer and

Wibowo, 13-11, 4-6, 6-1, 6-4.

ing Britain a 3-0 advantage.

4-6, 6-4, 6-4,

Germany.

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches ball League victory here Sunday 7:10 left to cap a rally that lifted WASHINGTON — Joe Theis- over the previously unbeaten Los Baltimore to a 34-31 victory over

> to play, first passing 11 yards to Charlie Brown with 6:15 to go and putting the 'Skins in position for Mark Moseley's 34-yard field goal

#### NFL ROUNDUP

being passes of 26 and 28 yards to Brown, before finding Washington in the middle of the end zone.

Theismann completed 23 of 39

Dickey passed for three touchdowns and the Packers set an NFL

ing game that overshadowed a re-record for points scored in one half quarterback Jim Plunkett.

of 35 and 22 yards to Calvin Mu-Christensen. The Raiders' other coach. Dickey completed 10 of 15 touchdown came on Greg Pruitt's passes for 267 yards. He has team-record 97-yard punt return. thrown 12 touchdowns passes this team-record 97-yard punt return.

The Raiders, who had committed only seven turnovers in their stead of many seven turnovers in their first four games, had six Sunday— in Cleveland, rookie Curt was a furnished for two touchdowns and a furnishe for the contract of the c

> The Redskins got 10 points on Elsewhere, three other nations held onto berths in the World Group, while four countries won yard field goal. zonal competitions to move into

back to drive 47 yards for a touch- clinch the victory with 1:50 remaindown, Ron Springs scoring on a ing-five-yard run. Dallas (5-0) went in front, 27-24, on Fellows' interception; he stepped in front of a pass intended for Sam McCullum and raced untouched down the sidelines. The Cowboys made it 34-24 with an 84-yard drive capped by a 31-14 victory over Denver. 12-yard pass from Danny White to

In Prague, Pavel Slozil and Libor Pimek defeated Alexander Zverey Drew Pearson. Steelers 17, Oilers 10 and Andrei Olchovski of the Soviet Union, 6-0, 6-4, 6-2, to complete In Pittsburgh, Cliff Stoudt hit the Czechoslovaks' opening-Walter Abercrombie with a 51yard touchdown pass and Gary Anderson kicked an 18-yard field matches sweep. Earlier, Tomas Smid had beaten Zverev, 4-6, 8-6, goal to rally the Steelers from a 10-7 fourth-quarter deficit to a 17-10

In Copenhagen, Peter Bastian-sen and Michael Mortensen defeatvictory over winless Houston. ed Justedjo Tarik and Tentus Wibowo, 7-5, 6-2, 6-3, to put Den-mark over the top against Indone-sia and stay in the 16-nation World Stoudt's pass to Abercrombie mined a fine defensive effort by Houston. On a 2d-and-10 from Pittsburgh's 49, the Oilers forced Group. Earlier, in singles, Morten-sen had beteam Tarik, 11-9, 6-3, 6-4, Stoudt out of the pocket, but he broke free of three defenders along the sideline and flipped to Abercrombie. The second-year man caught the ball around the Houston The four zonal winners were Ecuador, Yugoslavia, India and West 30 and raced down the sidelines to put Pittsburgh ahead 14-10, with 4:08 gone in the final quarter. In Guayaquil, Ricardo Icaza de-

Colts 34, Bengals 31 In Cincinnati, Curtis Dickey ran three yards for a touchdown with Four TDs but two points short.

the Bengals. Nesby Glasgow pre-Theismann brought the 4-1 Red-skins from a 35-20 deficit with 7:31 sumble by Chris Collinsworth with

1:27 to play.

Dickey's game-winning score was set up when Leo Wisniewski recovered a Larry Kinnebrew fumwith 4:28 left. ble midway through the final quar-After Washington's defense held, Theismann drove his team 69 who had trailed, 31-21, late in the yards in five plays, the big ones third quarter, scored the game's final 13 points when, in addition to Dickey's touchdown, Raul Allegre kicked field goals of 53 and 29

markable performance by Raider as they routed Tampa Bay, 55-14. Green Bay scored 49 points in Plunkett passed for four touch- the first half, breaking the record of downs - a record-tying 99-yard 45 set by the Packers Nov. 12, 1967, play to Cliff Branch, completions against Cleveland. The 52 points was the most scored by Green Bay hammad and a 2-yarder to Todd in Bart Starr's nine years as head

Seahawks 24, Browns 9 turnovers by quarterback Brian Sipe to snap the Browns' threethem: John Riggins went in from 2 game winning streak, 24-9. The 3-2 yards out and Moseley kicked a 28-Seahawks began their two secondhalf touchdown drives at the Cleve-Cowboys 37, Vikings 24 land 11- and 15-yard lines, after an interception by Shelton Robinson Fellows returned an interception early in the third quarter and a 58 yards for a touchdown as unfumble recovery by Jeff Bryant beaten Dallas came from behind to midway through the fourth. Defen-beat Minnesota, 37-24. Down 24. sive end Jacob Green then returned 13 at the half, the Cowboys came an intercepted pass 73 yards to

> Bears 31, Broncos 14 In Chicago, Willie Gault caught two touchdown passes, including a 72-yard clinching strike from backup quarterback Vince Evans in the fourth quarter to lead the Bears to a



Jim Plunkett

### Dodgers, With Padres' Help, Clinch Flag in National West

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches LOS ANGELES - Ken Landreaux singled home two runs and rookie Dave Anderson hit his first major-league home run here Friday night as the Los Angeles Dodgers, who had clinched the National League West title an hour earlier

#### FRIDAY BASEBALL

when Atlanta lost to San Diego, downed the San Francisco Giants, Los Angeles will open the Na-

tional League championship series at home Tuesday night against the Philadelphia Phillies The Dodgers learned of the Braves' defeat in the top of the

sixth inning. Fernando Valenzuela (15-10) had shut out the Giants on three hits to that point. After the news from San Diego, most of the news from San Diego, most of the Dodger starters were removed from As Met Leader the lineup and Valenzuela gave way to a reliever after giving up a pair of runs in the seventh.

Landreaux's bases-loaded single in the third put Los Angeles ahead for keeps. Scott Garrelts had walked Greg Brock and Dusty Baker with one away before Pedro Guerrero reached first on an infield hit to set up Landreaux's two-run single. Dusty Baker had a run-scoring single in the fifth, and Anderson provided the deciding run when he led off the sixth with a towering homer to left. The Giants' two runs off Valen-

zuela in the seventh came when Joel Youngblood doubled home Chili Davis, who had reached base on an error. Tom O'Malley's single then brought Youngblood home. Darrell Evans made it a one-run game when he led off the eighth with a homer off Orel Hersheiser. Padres 3, Braves 2

In San Diego, bases-empty bomers by Kevin McReynolds and Juan Bonilla in the second and the pitching of Eric Show and Gary Lucas led the Padres to the 3-2 victory that eliminated Atlanta em Division. Show (15-12) gave up against Montreal with a 50-64 rea two-rum, first-inning homer to cord under Howard.

Dale Murphy but settled down to in four runs to lead the Cardinals' hold the Braves scoreless into the 9-2 rout of Chicago. Neil Allen (12ninth, when Lucas took over and completed the game.

#### Phillies 2, Pirates 1 In Philadelphia, John Denny

notched his 19th victory, sparking the Phillies' 2-1 triumph over Pittsburgh. Sixto Lezcano and Gary Marthews drove in a run apiece to support Denny, who worked six immegs to notch his sixth straight victory and raise his record to 19-6. It was Denny's 13th victory in his last 14 decisions, and he lowered his earned run average to 2.37.

Cardinals 9, Cabs 2
In St. Louis, George Hendrick delivered three doubles and drove

# Howard Fired Simmons and Robin Yount homered to pace Milwaukee's 6-2 de-

NEW YORK - Interim Manager Frank Howard was dismissed by the New York Mets Sunday, the final day of the 1983 baseball season. General Manager Frank Cashen, who fired Joe Torre as manager on the final day of the 1981 season, said Howard would be offered another position in the organization and that a new manager would be named as soon as possi-

Cashen said he had talked to the Met coaches, Bobby Valentine, Gene Dusan, Jim Frey and Bill Monbouquette, and that their futures would not be determined un-

til a new manager is named. Howard, 47, was bired on an interim basis to replace George Bamberger on June 3, when the team was 16-30.

In the first half of the season, we were hopeless," Cashen said.
"In the second half, we were hopeful. For that, we can credit Howard. But despite that, we made a decision to go in another direc- Carlton Fisk drove in two runs tion." The Mets went into Sonday's apiece in a four-run eighth and La-season-ending doubleheader Marr Hoyt won his 24th game to from title contention in the West- season-ending doubleheader

14) went the distance for the tri-

In Houston, Craig Reynolds hit his first homer of the season and starter Mike LaCoss allowed only two runs and three hits in seven innings as the Astros edged Cincin-nati, 3-2. Houston's Jose Cruz went 2-for-4.

Bine Jays 8, Twins 0 In the American League, in Toronto, Dave Stieb pitched a threehitter to record his 17th victory and Cliff Johnson's three-run homer capped a four-run fourth as the Blue Jays bombed Minnesota, 8-0.

Brewers 6, Tigers 2 In Detroit, Cecil Cooper, Ted feat of the Tigers.

#### Red Sox 10, Indians 0

In Boston, Wade Boggs went 3-for-4 and knocked in three runs and Dennis Eckersley (9-13) pitched a five-hitter over seven innings as the Red Sox overwhelmed the Indians, 10-0.

Rangers 4, Angels 3
In Arlington, Texas, Buddy Bell singled with the bases loaded and none out in the 10th inning, lifting the Rangers past California, 4-3.
Billy Sample led off the 10th off
Doug Corbett (1-1) with his fourth
hit of the game to start the winning rally. Tom Henke (1-0) pitched three innings of one-hit relief for

> Yankees 6, Orioles 4 Orioles 3, Yankees 2

In Baltimore, Cal Ripken bomered and Jim Palmer won his 268th career game as the Orioles doubleheader. In the 6-4 opener, the Yankees' John Montefusco won his fifth straight game since coming to the American League. White Sox 9, Mariners 4

In Seattle, Harold Baines and

# Final Day, Final Pause for Reflection

By Thomas Boswell Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON - The final Sunday of the regular eason is baseball's most delicious day for digestion. The pennant races are finally all locked up and it's not quite time yet to start skipping heartbeats over the

Perhaps a batting title or a home run championship

Final Day is a one set aside for statistical serendipity. Take out the leaders and those almost-final standings. Now, the verdict of autumn can be passed on the hopes of spring. In baseball, those final numbers don't hold all the truth. Only most of it.

Next, we turn to the meat of any season. After all our silly predictions, what did reality have to say? The division titles won by Chicago, Baltimore, Philadelphia and Los Angeles are of particular note because every division has a new champion in 1983. Thirteen clubs, half the sport, have made it into baseball's tidy four-team playoffs since 1980. You can't spread the glory around much better.

It has become clear that a contending team can be built in any of several ways. The White Sox, in three years, have gone from bottom to top, thanks to heavy, but not ridiculous, spending. The Orioles have stayed in contention without buying a single expensive free agent; they have built through their farm system while re-signing their home-grown talent at competitive

The Blue Jays and Tigers have reached contender status without a free agent in sight. The Cubs, Mets and Padres have spent foolishly for ritzy vets and where has it landed them? The Yanks, the early winners in this sweepstakes, are now burdened with enormous salaries that restrict their ability to make trades or restructure their team. Reschall still has small-market teams that compete

at a disadvantage; it's a problem. But the sport's unwritten economic laws have never been fair. Does anyone think the Browns and Senators had an equal chance against the Yankees?

If the modern free-agent era has caused any signifi-cant damage to the balance of competition, it defies documentation. No team will win 100 games in '83. As late as Sept. 1, there were 14 teams in permant contention. Only one team will lose more than 95 games this year, and that club - Seattle - is under the direction of folks who would have found the key to the cellar in When, if ever, have fans followed the fortunes of

slightly altered stars, fall so suddenly? A year ago, the Brewers were the Big Blue Brew

Crew - and not an old club, either. Now they're in new player. fifth place. Blew out a couple of key arms to grab a

permant; made a panicky trade to dump Gorman Thomas; lost a little motivation, Back to the drawing Last October, the St. Louis Cardinals looked like a

trend. Speed and defense in a big, artificial-turf park. So much bullpen that nobody cared who started. Home runs, who needed home runs? Those who whispered "fluke" were party poopers.

Now, with the Cardinals several games under .500.

you can holler "finke" and who can disagree? Over the you don't stay at the top for long without them. For a team that has just won a flag, there is one of

baseball's great temptations: to look at your own weaknesses and, through a champagne haze, see chemistry.

Everyone told the 1982 Angels that they were old. The California brass called it veteran "seasoning" and made no major changes. Say hello to 92 defeats. The Brewers didn't want to be told that their offen-

sive production from right field and designated hitter

was pathetic compared with the competition's. This year, the Milwaukee pitching was the same as always—mediocre. But when several stars couldn't duplicate their stats of '82, the offense flopped. The Atlanta Braves were told ad nauseam that the

root of their near-flop in '82 was a fundamentally inadequate pitching rotation. What happens when Phil Niekro, 44, goes 11-10, not 17-4? Answer: The team collapses totally and loses the division race going away, despite holding a 61/2-game lead with six weeks

This year's new winners will have the same chance to yawn at their flaws. The White Sox probably think they can win again with Scott Fletcher and Vance Law in the infield and a bullpen of Salome Barojas and Dennis Lamp. The Orioles may think that Todd Cruz isn't really a 200 hitter and that Tim Stoddard deserves just one more chance.

The Phillies will be loath to take a firehose to their decrepit Hall of Famers, and the Dodgers probably think that finishing 21st in runs scored was just a typographical error.

The real, valid baseball season ends on Final Day. The playoffs and World Series are some other sport a thing not quite so fair, so comely, so tied to the accustomed order of our lives.

Bring on the kineg lights. Invade the players' sanctu-aries with a thousand loonies. Fill the stands with bandwagon boosters in three-piece suits. Yell "play ball" at twilight to please the TV networks or else start so late that the umpire's breath freezes in the frosty

Give so many off days that a team's fate is tied to teams that could fly so high one year, then, under five pitchers, instead of nine or 10. Change the designated-hitter rules every year so one champion has to beach its cleanup hitter or the other must concoct a

Call it baseball, and crown a champion.

#### 'Arc' Again Won by Filly Luth Enchantee, at 14-to-1, was

beaten Hocevar, 7-5, 1-6, 6-2, 6-2; Gomez and Icaza downed Kirmayr PARIS — All Along the 37-1 awarded third place just ahead of outsider rejected by British jockey
Lester Piggott, made a well-timed late run Sunday to win the 62d Prix

awarded third place just ahead of the 5-to-! favorite, Time Charter, whose characteristic final charge came too late for inexperience before the control of the control In Zagreb, Yugoslavia took a 3-0 de l'Arc de Triomphe. Walter Swinburn, the second ched him to a 4-under-par 66 and a two-stroke lead over Mark Pfeil to defeat Hungarians Peter Szocke

> horserace to claim the \$125,000 first prize. It was the third year in a row, and the eighth time in the last 11 years, that a filly has won the Arc, traditionally Europe's major show-

choice as rider, slipped the 4-year-

old filly through near the rail in the

final 50 meters of Europe's richest

case for pedigreed bloodstock. All Along, trained in France by Patrick Biancone for owner Daniel Wildenstein, won by a length over 11-to-1 shot Sun Princess, who led for a good part of the 2,400-meter (1½ miles) course.

With Willie Carson up, Sun Prin-

cess edged Maurice Philipperon on

Luth Enchantee in a three-way

photo for second.

jockey Billy Newnes to repeat his success in the King George VI and Queen Elizabeth Stakes at Ascot earlier in the season. Fillies took Sunday's top four places after Diamond Shoal, a colt,

made most of the early running. Piggott turned down the chance to ride All Along, preferring last year's third-placed horse Awassif. His confidence went unrewarded; both Piggott and the other veteran

jockey seeking a fourth win in the Arc, Yves St-Martin, were unplaced. Worth a total of \$312,500 in prize money, the 1983 Arc was held under overcast skies at Longchamp

The going was firm despite

BASEBALL CHICAGO... BASKETBALL hational Basketball Association CLEVELAND—Reached verbal agree-ment with World B. Free, guard, on a mul-

livear contract.

DALLAS—Cut Sylvester Norths, center, Sherred Arnold, goard, Clyde Corley, guard-forward, Johany Martin, forward-conler, and ilii Sadler, forward. GOLDEN STATE—Signed Milke Bratz.

guard and Peop Mannion, guard. MILWAUKEE—Signed Kevin Grevey, guard. Announced that Ted Kitchel, forward, has failed to pass his physical. NEW JERSEY—Slaned Bill Willoughby, Bruce Kuczenski, larwards, Harace Owens. Zack Jones and Perry Mess, guards, Lee Cunninghom and Tim Carr, centers. NEW YORK—Signed Ed Sherod, guard. PHOENIX—Signed Rad Fodler, guard, to a we-year contract and Dereck Whitian

Matianul Footbatt League GREEN BAY-Cut Mourice Harvey, sale-LA. RAMS—Signed Monte Jackson, cor-

nerback. Cut Jeff Simmons, wide receiver, MIAMI—Signed Nat Moore, wide receiver, and Joe Rose, tight end, to a series of one-year NEW ORLEANS—Activated Greg Stern-

morning drizzle, and the 26 runners and riders maintained a fast pace throughout.

Torkonto—Sent Bob McGill and Dove Shand defensement and Ken Strong, center, the throughout.

Torkonto—Sent Bob McGill and Dove Shand defensement and Ken Strong, center, the throughout.

Transition PITTSBURGH—Activated Tunch likin, Ineman, Cut Mark Kirchner, ottensive tockle. SAN FRANCISCO—Signed John Chama. guard, Waived Ed Judie, linebox Clark, defensive end.

Clork, detensive end.
WASHINGTON—Activated Art Monk, wide
receiver. Released Dave Stief, wide receiver.
United Stebs Football Looses
LEAGUE—Ambured that the Chicoso
Billiz and the Arizono Wranglers have switched franchises, including the entire ros-

CHICAGO—Named Morv Levy head coach. DENVER—Signed Wade Manning, wide re-Celver. LA, EXPRESS—Signed Regule Brown,

running back, to a multiyear contract. HOCKEY
HARTFORD—Reguined the rights to Fred
Arthur, defensemen, from Philodelphia, Acquired Greg Malone, center, from Philobergh

for a third-round 1985 draft pick.

LOS ANGELES—Acquired Fred Scrrett, defensemen, from Minnesota for future con-siderations, Recolled Milio Biole, goulfeader, from New Haven of the American Hockey Laugue. Sent Gary Luskopki, paditender, to

New Haven, N.Y. RANGERS—Assigned Ron Scott and John Venblestrauck, scalles, Doug Boren, Scott Kleinenderst, Gront Ledvard, Groeme Nicolson, Chris Renaud and Steve Richmond, defensemen, Gary Burns, Com Compor, Gary DeGrio, Steve Hakola, Chris Kontos, Jim Males. Doug Boran, ione. Shave Mortioson and Bob Scurffeld, forwords, to Tuise of the Central Hockey League.
TORONTO—Sent Bob McGill and Dave

#### Major League **Standings** AMERICAN LEAGUE

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#### LANGUAGE

#### Russian Fiddlesticks

By William Safire WASHINGTON "Fiddle-sticks! I'm going." So said one Soviet fighter pilot to another as he prepared to shoot down the civilian aircraft in Russian airspace. Or so the translation provided by the

express his astonishment or irrita-

tion were yolki palki. When pressed for an explanation of the literal meaning of yolki palki a reduplication, such as okeydokey or higgledy-piggledy in English — Michael Lysenko, a press officer in the Soviet Embassy in Washington, informed me that it "refers to Christmas trees."

Christmas trees? "If someone tells you something extraordinary that you don't believe, you might say. 'Oh, yolki palki!' " reports the Soviet official. "Or if you re doing hard work and you have difficulties, you might use it. It's a mild exclamation.

Another Russian source defines the term as "twigs"; Time magazine, in exploring the etymology of the musty slang used by both U.S. and Soviet translators, offers "the sticks of a fir tree." These sticks from a fir tree, which is often used as a Christmas tree — justify a translation to fiddlesticks.

RAGEDIES often churn up outmoded or colorful expressions that expose cross-cultural metaphors. Tass translated a Soviet Army newspaper interview with one of the fighter pilots in which the pilot of the Korean Air Lines jumbo jet was described as a flier who "knew his onions."

That expression was first spotted in English in 1922 and is defined by the Oxford English Dictionary's supplement as "to be experienced or knowledgeable in the subject, etc., on hand."

Some slanguists have speculated that to know your onions is rooted in the work of Dr. Charles Talbut Onions, the last of the editors of the original Oxford English Dictionary, described by his successors as "for many years the doyen unques-tioned of English lexicography." This is probably the folk etymology of some highly literate folk, since other common foods are used in similar expressions: to know your oats and bananas, as well as the more general stuff. (Beans are used

only in the negative sense; though a smart person knows his oats, a dope doesn't know beans. This subject was treated exhaustively in a previous article, and a pile of mail came in with additional references; any reader who thinks I can give scato-U.S. government goes; in fact, the Russian words used by the pilot to express his astonishment or irrita-

> JUST as the Russians are sometimes off-key in their use of American expressions, we sometimes misappropriate Soviet jargon. One such word is adventurist. Of late. American spokesmen have taken to denouncing Soviet actions around the world as adventurist when they mean expansionary or aggressive. To a Soviet official, when a policy is expansionist, that's not bad; but when a policy is adventurist, that's stupid. I am indebted to Undersecretary of Defense Fred like for this selection from the works of Lenin, dated April 9, 1917: "The classconscious workers stand for the undivided power of the Soviets . . . power made possible not by adventurist acts, but by clarifying prole-

> To a Communist advenuerism is ill prepared and dangerously impulsive, while expansionism by Communist power is studiously prepared and necessary. (When practiced by others, it is imperial-

tarian minds.

On occasion, a slang term is chosen in English that can confuse not only the Russians but the Americans as well. When President Reagan told congressional leaders that he was placing additional marines near Lebanon, he was reported to have said that this action laid down "a marker for the Syrians."

What is a marker? To a gambler. it is an IOU; to a bookworm, a bookmark: to an academic, a person who grades papers; to a military commander, a marker is a flag. buoy, stake or ship used to indicate

the position of a unit.

Les Janka, the White House press assistant who is frequently called upon to translate from the Reaganese, offers this explanation: The word could be signal: the word could be warning; the word could be notice." Such studied ambivalence is the essence of diplomacy, except to those who are of two minds about being ambivalent.

# A Writer's Elegant Lima Retreat

By Edward Schumacher New York Times Service

TIMA - When the Peruvian povelist Mario Vargas Llosa was a struggling writer in Paris in the 1960s, he and his first wife lived for five years in a one-room walk-up just large enough to hold a bed and a table.

But the world has since discovered Latin American writers, and Vargas Llosa's publishers say that today he is the best-selling of them all. Among his books praised abroad are "Green House" and "Conversations in the Cathedral." His latest book to be translated into English, "Aunt Julia and the Scriptwriter," an autobiographical comedy about his poorer days, was published last year by Farrar, Straus & Giroux, is in its fifth printing and will be issued in paperback this Now Vargas Llosa, his second

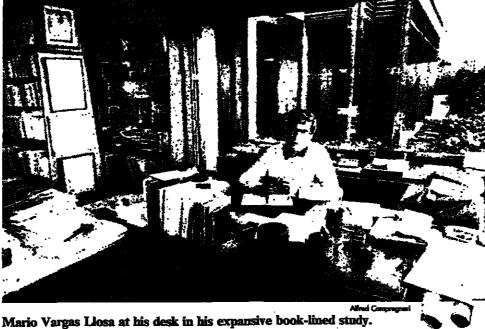
wife and their three children live in a striking villa on a cliff here overlooking the Pacific. The house is a blend of modern. Mediterranean and colonial styles dominated by what Vargas Llosa once lacked most: space and a

"This landscape stimulates me," said the 47-year-old author. as he looked out from his large study at the mist-covered ocean. "It induces me into the world of fantasy."

Vargas Llosa returned here in 1972 after 14 years in Madrid, Paris and London. They were, for him, his obligatory years in Europe; like many Latin American writers, he began his literary ca-reer abroad. Twenty years ago it was primarily in Europe that the distinctive literature of Latin America found an audience.

At the beginning of his career, the idea that he could survive on the income from his writing was inconceivable, Vargas Llosa said, adding, "Now the situation has changed radically."

On his return to Lima he and his wife, Patricia, searched for a year before finding their house in Barranco, a once-affluent barrio that was partly destroyed by an earthquake, on the city's northern edge. Near the ocean and downtown Lima, the area, with its tranquil, tree-lined streets, has re-



cently been attracting professionals and artists, who buy and re-store its colonial and Victorian-style mansions.

In 1973, Vargas Llosa, one of the first to buy in the area, purchased his house, then just a stucco box with a small adjoining lot, for a modest price. Today the lot has become a quarter-acre (0.1hectare) walled compound and the house has expanded to three times its original size. Two stories high, it contains a living room, dining room and study as well as four bedrooms, six bathrooms and maids' quarters - and a swimming pool surrounded by patios. The changes and additions were built as the money became available, according to a master plan designed by Luis Miro Quesada, a Lima architect

and close friend of the writer. It is, above all, an urban house. "I don't know a single Latin writ-er who lives isolated in the country like some North Americans," Vargas Llosa said. "I like to write in isolation, but I have to be close to the center so afterward I can go to a movie or see friends." The airy interior of the house

and much of its furniture were designed by the Peruvian interior designer Miguel Cruchaga de Belatinde, another close friend of the author. As is usual in Peru, most of the furniture was custommade. Though Peruvians generally favor Spanish colonial or older European copies, the furniture here has a more contemporary look. There are sculptures and paintings throughout the house, most of them modern and by Peruvians. Interior colors are mostly in white and earth tones, ac-

wood-paneled ceilings. "This is a very austere, sober house by Peruvian standards," Mrs. Vargas Llosa said. "Houses are supposed to show off luxuries here. But I have a mania for wanting to keep things simple."

cented by parquet floors and

The most distinctive room is the second-floor study, where Vargas Llosa writes from around 8:30 each morning (after jogging with Patricia) to 2 P.M., which is the lunch hour in Peru.

The expansive study, roughly 24 by 33 feet, has wide windows overlooking the ocean. Under-neath a skylight in a corner by the

windows is Vargas Llosa's desk. At the far end of the windows are corner sofas, chairs and a fireplace where he entertains. In between are banks of light-colored wooden shelves with his collection of 8,000 books, and the files, kept by Mrs. Vargas Llosa, who acts as her husband's secretary and financial manager.

"I had to have a good place for my books," he said. "They are filled with so much nostalgia for

The study, which has a kitchenette and bar in a closet, connects only to the master bedroom, so that Vargas Llosa can cut himself off from the rest of the house when writing.

The master bedroomhas become the family's television room at night. The king-size bed and television are platformed two steps up. By the ocean-view windows are a sofa, chairs and floor pillows.

Though the comfort makes life and work easier, Vargas Llosa said, "literature continues to be the same insecurity, the same pas-

#### MADRID POSTCARD

# Spanish Pandamonium

By Dianne Klein United Press International

tured Spain.

ADRID — Fat, furry and M fussed over unceasingly, Chu-lin the baby panda has enrap-

People pour into Madrid zoo by the thousands to watch the little one loll on the grass, climb atop his mother, Shao-Shao, or do nothing but live up to his name - Chinese for "treasure among the bamboo." Margarita Celma, the zoo's technical director, says her office has received dozens of calls from tour-

ists as far away as Japan, Australia and the United States asking whether Chu-lin will be on view during a planned visit to Spain. It was beginners' luck that Chulin was conceived on the first try by artifical insemination. Ever since his birth on Sept. 4, 1982, unrelent-

ing adoration has surrounded him. Madrid subway stops and city buses are plastered with his picture. A hit song chronicled his history. Countless companies have adopted him as their trademark. On his first birthday the 200 out-

did itself with a celebration featuring a birthday cake and pie weighing 1,100 pounds (500 kilograms) each, More than 6,000 children and hundreds of the young at heart attended, and the affair was front-

Chu-lin and a sibling, which died of respiratory failure after three days in an incubator, were fathered by the London 200's Chia-Chia by artificial insemination after Shao-Shao's own mate, Chang-Chang, exhibited the panda's characteristic mating ineptitude.

Pandas seem almost designed not to reproduce. The female's estrus lasts only five to 10 days a year, and during that time she is fertile only 12 hours.

To make matters next to impossible, the male reproductive cycle rarely coincides with the female. And zoologists say the panda, in captivity or in the wild, has no mating instinct.

Zoologists estimate that only about a thousand giant pandas remain in the world. Some fear even that number may be exaggerated. Civilization's advance is forcing the giant panda from its natural habitat in China. Its staple food,

bamboo, is in a cyclical decline that

Celma estimates that "within a

occurs once every 100 years.

very short time," the only way : 🙂 save the panda from extinction w be to breed them in captivity. Bu Shao-Shao and Chang-Chang
King Juan Carlos in 1978, have had a limited success in pende have had a limited success in panda breeding

1 m

Out of about 60 giant pandas.
Chinese 2008, only 10 biths habeen reported and three of tho

did not survive. Thus Chu-lin's healthy develo ment — his weight has jump from a mere 3.85 ounces (I grams) at birth to 88 pounds ( kilograms) today — has been puticularly encouraging to zoologic and conservationists.

The only other surviving pane born in captivity in the West Tohui, conceived naturally in 19. in Mexico City's Chapultepec zc. Its parents, Ying-Ying and Pe-F conceived another cub a year ear. er, but a few days after the bir Ying Ying accidentally killed he newborn when she rolled on it.

Spaniards are taking no chancwith Chu-lin, first seen in pub. only six months ago and still und 24-hour guard.

Celma says the Chinese advis separating the male cub from I mother at six months, counsel t. Madrid 200 ignored because "ps chically the animal could still very tied to its mother."

The doting mother is still nursi Chu-lin, who according to keeps also eats a mixture of mineral ai. vitamin enriched rice, eggs, mi ... and cereal about every five hour

Despite their adorable appea, ence, pandas can be "temperme
tal," Celma says. His keeper, Ang
Lopez, says he never gets too ne the adult animals and that the di

may soon come when he will have to keep his distance from Chu-lin (1) (1) (1) (2) (3) For now, however, Lopez enjoy playing with his roly-poly chan and like a proud father boasts Chu-lin's intelligence and geni

may soon come when he will ha

temperament. As for chances of enlarging M drid's panda family, Celma sa:
"there are good signs" that a natiral conception may be possib;

next year. The less-than-lascivious Chan-Chang will undergo hormon treatments. If that fails, Shao-Shi will be artifically inseminated ar. everyone else will cross their fit ---

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